The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 9—No. 37. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, March 17, 1849. Whole No. 439.

THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—Over P. P. Baily's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia street, Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months, Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

Drugs & Chemicals.

100 ozs	Quinine	125 "	Turkey Opium
30 "	Salacir	150 "	Yellow Barks
500 "	Pipirine	300 "	ditto Powd.
200 "	Ext. Bark	200 "	Blue Mass London
100 lb	Red Barks	500 "	Senna Ind. & Alex.
200 "	ditto Powd.	200 "	Sarsa. Hond.
300 "	Calomel Eng'	100 "	Ipicac Powd.
500 "	Aloes Soc.	200 ozs	Benzoic Acid
350 "	Rhubarb Powd.	50 "	Morphia Sulp. & Acet.
150 "	Jalap Powd.		
100 "	Quicksilver		
10 lbs	Iodin		
10 "	Jodide Potassa		

Just received and for sale very low by H. B. REED.

Gunsmithing, &c.

J. C. CAMPBELL informs the public that he has commenced business on his own account, in the shop at the west end of Columbia street, near the basin, and south of Nichol's' warehouse, where he will do all kinds of work in his line, either making or repairing. NEW RIFLES made to order in the latest improved style, and warranted equal to any in the United States. Any one wanting a good gun—one he can depend on to kill or hit the mark at any distance—is invited to call and try his work.

☞ *Locks repaired, Keys fitted, and all kinds of Jobbing done.*

Fort Wayne, Feb. 4, 1848. y31.

Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, several valuable tracts of improved and wild lands, situated in Allen county. Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorable opportunity to procure farms. THOS. HAMILTON.

FOR SALE.

THE Valuable Mill property belonging to Fairfield & Freeman 14 miles south of town. This property consists of a Flouring Mill with three run of stones, in good order—a first rate new Saw Mill, with a house attached to it to make shingles, lath, and put in other machinery. Also, a dwelling house, stables, a house for Country customers, and every convenience, and about 9 acres of land and another privilege on the East side of the River.—This stream affords a plenty of water at any season of the year, and its situation makes it the best mill property in the west.

Mr. Freeman's health is so poor he cannot attend to the business, and not being convenient for me to attend, as I live to far off, &c.—The payments will be easy, as I am not much in want of money. I should like to have a shot in the locker. Persons wishing to purchase please call on the subscriber.

ASA FAIRFIELD.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 5, 1846. 6

SHAWLS.—A splendid assortment of Wool Scotch, and Cashmere Shawls for sale by Oct 15, 1847. HILL, WILSON & Co.

GLOVES & MITTENS—every kind. E. D. BARTLETT & Co

ZEPHYR HOODS, and Comforters, at E. D. BARTLETT & Co's

COLLINS' And Simmons' AXES, for sale by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

IRON & Boorts and sizes for sale by S & S. W. EDSALL.

WINDOW GLASS of all the largest sizes—22 by 24, 18 by 22, 16 by 20, 12 by 18 14 by 20, 12 by 16, &c. H. B. REED.

PALM LEAF HATS from one to four shillings, ribbon in the bargain, also a few left of those splendid split Straw Hats, price shan't say until you call and see at the Niagara Store.

More Light.

JUST received 200 boxes Star and Mould Candles. S. & W. S. EDSALL'

CREWELS.—Every shade and color; also variety of beautiful patterns for work. MRS. DYKES.

Groceries.

50 Bags Rio Coffee.
20 bbls N. O. Sugar.
500 lbs. Loaf "
500 " Crushed "
500 " Pulv'd "
10 Half Chests Fresh Teas.
Pepper, Spices, &c. &c., for sale low Oct. 15, 1847. HILL WILSON & Co.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and all kinds of VESTINGS, a good assortment for sale cheap by S. & W. L. EDSALL.

WHITE FISH.—26 bls. of White Fish, prime articles just rec'd and for sale by HILL, WILSON & CO.

Printer's Ink.

H. B. REED has on hand and intends keeping a constant supply of James superior *NEWS INK*, to which he invites the attention of Printers. It is warrantd.

Teams Wanted!!

A. B. MILLER will give constant employment to almost any number of teams that may want to haul Lumber and Wheat from his Store and Mills in Noble County. All persons wishing such employment will do well call at A. B. Miller's, either at his store in Fort Wayne or Ligonier, July 27, '48.

BUGGY FOR SALE.—A new Buggy with 2 seats, calculated for one or two Horses will be sold on application to A. B. Miller

EDGAR CONKLING, WILLIAM WOOD, ALFRED WOOD.

CONKLING, WOOD & CO.

North side of Court Street, East of Broadway

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Manufacturers of

Pure White Lead,	Paris Green,
No. 1 Do	Chrome Green,
Red Lead,	" Yellow,
Litharge,	" Red,
Putty,	Chinese Blue,
Whiting, "fire dried"	Assorted Colo'd Paints,
Paris White,	Cider Vinegar.

We have adopted the most approved method, as practiced by the best Eastern Manufacturers, in manufacturing WHITE LEAD, and will warrant it equal to any made in the United States. Will warrant the quality of each article we manufacture to be as good as can be procured, and to give entire satisfaction. Offered at the lowest prices on usual time, or discount for cash. y26

IMPORTED CIGARS.—30,000 of the best brands; also a cheap article, 50 in a box, for sale low. H. B. REED.

Notice.

THE Firm of SAMUEL HANNA & SONS was dissolved in July last. This is to give notice to all concerned, that the notes and accounts due said firm, both in this county and Noble, have been put in the hands of Mr. WM. C. TAYLOR for collection, who is authorized to receive and receipt for the same. Many persons owing have been repeatedly called on for payment, and as often neglected to pay, until I have become ashamed to ask them again; but I assure all persons indebted that unless their attention is immediately directed to the subject, they will find those claims in the hands of an officer for collection.

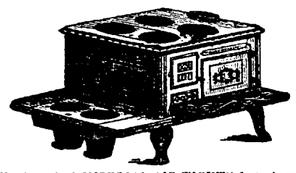
SAMUEL HANNA.

Ft. Wayne, Nov. 29th, 1847. tf—22.

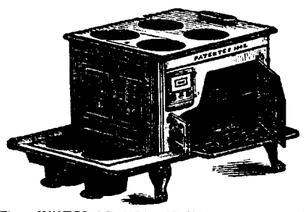
B. W. OAKLEY,

THANKFUL for the favors of the past, would respectfully inform his old customers and the public generally, that his Fall and Winter supply has in part arrived, and is still coming; so that by the close of navigation *all* demands for the season can be promptly filled.

STOVES.



We place the "IMPERIAL AIR TIGHT" first; because we consider them decidedly foremost in the way of all Stoves.



The "UNITED STATES AIR TIGHT" is next, tho' many consider them equal, if not superior to those above—and with them may be classed the Washington and Troy Air Tights and the Quackenboss Air Tights, of Albany.

PREMIUM STOVES.

Among the different kinds of Premium Cooking Stoves we have the "Troy Victory," to the excellent qualities of which all who have ever tried them will readily attest. We select'd them as the best premium stove in market, and the increased demand for them induced us to bring on a large assortment. We have also the common premiums from Buffalo and Cincinnati, and last though not least, the "*Farmer*," with no roses or superficial ornaments, but so well recommended that any one wishing a stove can take it, and bring it back again if it does not work well. Last, & least in the Cooking line stands the great "Hathaway," of Dayton, which we keep on hand for the especial benefit of those who prefer this to a better article.

Parlor Stoves of Cast or Sheet Iron, Dining Room Stoves, Shop and Store Room Stoves of all varieties and sizes from a meeting house to a 10 by 12.

In connection with our Stove trade we have added a small but well selected assortment of

Castings and Hardware.

Consisting in the main of all the most essential and necessary articles used by farmers and mechanics.

Our *Tin and Copper* business is still as noisy as ever, and all hands ready and happy to wait upon those who desire any thing in our line. B. W. OAKLEY.

N. B.—Old Copper, Brass, Rags, Ginseng, Beeswax, &c., &c., received in exchange for Goods. B. W. O.

Fort Wayne, October 23, 1848. y17.

SADDLERY,

At Wholesale and Retail.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his old customers, and the public generally, that he has just returned from Cincinnati with a large stock of LEATHER AND HARDWARE, which he is now manufacturing into *Saddles Harness, Trunks, Saddle bags, Carpet-bags, Bridles, Collars,* and every other article that belongs to his line of business, and will sell at wholesale or retail lower than can be bought in any of the eastern cities, and will warrant all work to be well done.

N. B.—Shop opposite Jones' Block, and one door west of J. Lillie's Hotel; don't forget the place, for I am determined not to be undersold by any person here or elsewhere.

SAMUEL H. SHOAFF.

Fort Wayne, May 27, 1848. y47.

BLANK BOOKS.

THE attention of County Officers and others is called to a large and extensive stock of BLANK WORK now opening at WALKER'S, No. 2, Hanna's Block, consisting of Quartos, Cap, Demy, and Medium *Ledgers, Dockets, Records, and Journals.* Memorandums of all kinds. A liberal discount made to those who wish them to sell again. Call and examine.

C. R. WALKER.

Fort Wayne, May 6.

RAISINS, Lemon Syrup, Ground Spices, &c just received by A. B. MILLER.

LOAF SUGAR, Powdered, a first rate article for bar use, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

Air Tight Cooking Stoves.

HATHAWAY Patents, from Gephart Marshall & Co's Foundry, Dayton, Ohio, warranted two years, for sale at S. & W. S. EDSALL'S,

TEA KETTLES, BAKE OVENS—Together with all kinds of Pots, Skillets and Spiders, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

THE TWO DIANAS, or the Son of a Count and the Daughter of a King, by Alexander Dumas, for sale at WALKER'S.

TOBACCO.—The lovers of "the weed" can find the cheapest and best article in the market at the new Grocery and Variety Store D. HUDSON.

Removal.

MRS. DYKES returns her thanks to the ladies of Fort Wayne, and the public in general for the liberal patronage she has received while doing business in Columbia Street, and respectfully informs them that she has removed to the new Brick Block on Calhoun Street, two doors South of Smith's Corner, where she will be happy to receive calls from all in want of Fancy Articles, Dry Goods, &c.—a new supply of which has just been received.

Dec. 2, 1848.

POETRY.

THE FATHERLESS.

Speak softly to the fatherless!
And check the harsh reply
That sends the crimson to the cheek,
The tear-drop to the eye.
They have the weight of loneliness
In this rude world to bear;
Then gently raise the fallen bud,
The drooping flowerets spare.

Speak kindly to the fatherless!
The lowliest of their band
God keepeth, as the waters,
In the hollow of his hand,
'Tis sad to see life's evening sun
Go down in sorrows shroud,
But sadder still when morning's dawn
Is darkened by the cloud.

Look mildly on the fatherless!
Ye may have power to wile
Their hearts from sadden'd memory
By the magic of a smile.
Deal gently with these little ones
Be pitiful, and He,
The friend and father of us all
Shall gently deal with thee!"

AN ALABAMA JUSTICE.

The following clever story is told by a correspondent of the New York Spirit of the Times in the last number of that journal:

When the Creek Indians inhabited Alabama, there were several magistrates appointed who had extensive jurisdiction. Their power, and the extent of territory over which it spread, made these magistrates, in power, equal to a territorial governor. One of these magistrates was a well known "character," who resided in "Turkey Town," an Indian village on the Coosa river. He had a "marshal," who was known in his tribe as "Money-cries." This magistrate was remarkable for his contempt of legal opinions and judicial forms. "Equity" was his hobby; and when his notions of right and justice came in contact with the "law," the latter was forced to give way—He thought the customs of Indians more "Equitable" in many cases than the law of Congress, and he never failed in such cases to set aside the latter. "Money-cries" co-operated heartily with "the court"—and by their combined efforts they managed to deal out justice with certainty, but sometimes with real Indian severity.

The following scene occurred "in court:"

Magistrate—This court is held to try a case in which "Little Chubby," a Creek Indian, is defendant, and Tom Dale, a grocery keeper, is plaintiff. Dale claims $20 from "Little Chubby," and "Chubby" says he paid it in "beaver skins." "Gentlemen," continued the magistrate, addressing the by-standers, "Ingins ain't likely to lie when they owe white men. But white men will lie, when they trade with the Ingins. This is the experience of "my court." Proceed, gentlemen, with this case."

The attorney for Tom Dale proceeded to make out his case. Dale swore that his debt was "just, true, and unpaid." He then introduced a witness to prove that Little Chubby had only caught ten beavers in the last month, and that he had sold them to the deponent.—The Indian had no witnesses, and the case was fully made out.

The attorney remarked, addressing "the court:"

"May it please your honor, I claim a judgment for my client. There is no defence except the averment of Chubby, and this the court can't regard."

"Gentle-men," said our magistrate, "I ain't satisfied; and I ain't going to allow the Ingin to be swindled," said he addressing Money-cries. Mr. Marshal hand me that book: I'll take a swar in the case myself," and suiting the action to the word, he kissed the book, and addressing Moneycries, remarked: "Mr. Marshall, I constitute you this court, and will take a swar in this case." "May it please the court there's cheatin' around this board, and I intend to expose it to this court. I'd rather take an Ingin's word, than a whiskey seller's oath, anytime. But this court can't decide in favor of the Ingin, without a swar in his behalf—and that swar (kiss ng the book) I am now Mr. Marshal, going to take."

He then proceeded to state that Little Chubby had come to his house and he offered to buy from him ten beaver skins. Chubby declined selling them as he had promised them to Mr. Dale to pay a debt of twenty dollars due to him. He saw Chubby go into Dale's and leave the skins, and when he came out Chubby told him he had paid his debt. When he had concluded he resumed his seat.

Dale's attorney protested against this taking "a swar in the case;" but he was interrupted by the magistrate, who informed him that this was his mode of dispensing equity.

Attorney—"May it please the court, I will take an appeal in this case."

Magistrate—"The court is satisfied that the evidence is in favor of Little Chubby, and no appeal will be allowed."

Attorney—"May it please this court, I consider this proceeding a d—d farce."

Magistrate—"The court considers this a case of *contempt*, and find M——n $20 for swarring in court."

Attorney—"Your court may go to the d—l, if your honor please."

Magistrate—"My marshal will take Mr. M——n into custody till he pays $20; and unless he pays it, the marshal will summon a 'posse' of Ingins, and tye him up, and therupon inflict on him twenty stripes according to Ingin custom, and then inform him that it will improve his health to get out of the reach of my court in twenty-four hours."

Attorney—"May it please the court, I will give my note for the fine—if the court will agree to it."

Magistrate—"The court won't be hard provided the character of this court is hereafter respected."

This, Mr. Editor, is a slightly colored sketch of the early history of the administration of justice in the Creek country in Alabama.

A Doubtful Compliment.—During Macready's recent engagement at the Arch Street Theatre a quiet and unsophisticated gentleman from Lancaster county, who was on a visit to Recorder Lee, went to the theatre to see the distinguished tragedian play his great part of "Othello," and who, by the way, plays the part as few others can play it; but the staid and surprised countryman was so dazzled and bewildered by the novel sight of the interior of a theatre, that he saw in the great actor's equisite readings and majestic gesticulation nothing more than in the performance of those who supported him, yet he thought him equal to the others. The play being over he trudged along towards his lodgings, and turning a corner, he happened to meet the Recorder. "How did you like the play?" inquired the worthy magistrate. "Well Robert, I don't know; it was pretty fair but I didn't see much in it." Here the parties were about to bid each other "good night," and separate, when our visiter, as if a new idea had just found its way into his head, seized the Recorder by the button hole, and said: "Robert, I noticed they've got a nigger in the company, *but I don't see but he acts as well as any of 'em.*"

A Profitable Trade in Riddles.

FROM THE GERMAN OF MRS. ST. SIMON.

Nine persons sailed from Basle, down the Rhine. A Jew, who wished to go to Schalampi, was allowed to come on board, and journey with them, upon condition that he would conduct himself with propriety, and give the captain eighteen kreutzers for his passage.

Now, it is true something jingled in the Jew's pocket when he struck his hand against it; but the only money there was therein was a twelve kreutzer piece, for the other was a brass button. Notwithstanding this, he accepted the offer with gratitude; for he thought to himself—"something may be earned, even upon the water. There is many a man who has grown rich upon the Rhine.

During the first part of the voyage the passengers were very talkative and merry, and the Jew, with his wallet under his arm, for he did not lay it aside, was the object of much mirth and mockery, as alas! is often the case with those of his nation. But as the vessel sailed onward, and passed Thuringen and Saint Veit, the passengers one after the other grew silent, and gaped, and gazed listlessly down the river, until one cried—

'Come, Jew, do you know any pastime that will amuse us? Your fathers must have contrived many a one during their long journey in the wilderness.'

'Now is the time,' thought the Jew, 'to shear my sheep!' and he proposed that they should sit around in a circle, and propound various curious questions to each other, and he, with their permission, would sit with them.—Those who could not answer the questions should pay the one who propounded them a twelve kreutzer piece, and those who answered them pertinently should receive a twelve kreutzer piece.

This proposal pleased the company, and hoping to divert themselves with the Jew's wit or stupidity, each one asked at random, whatever chanced to enter his head.

Thus, for example, the first asked—'How many soft boiled eggs could the giant Goliah eat upon an empty stomach?'

All said that it was impossible to answer that question, and each paid his twelve kreutzer.

But the Jew said—'One; for he who has eaten one egg, cannot eat a second upon an empty stomach;' and the others paid him twelve kreutzers.

The second thought—'Wait, Jew! I will try you out of the New Testament, and I think I shall win my piece.' 'Why did the Apostle Paul write the second epistle to the Corinthians?'

The Jew said—'Because he was not in Corinth—otherwise he would have spoken to them.' So he won another twelve kreutzer piece.

When the third saw that the Jew was so well versed in the Bible, he tried him in a different way—'Who prolongs his work to as great a length as possible, and still completes it in time.'

'The ropemaker, if he is industrious,' said the Jew.

In the mean while they drew near to a village, and one said to the other, 'That is Bamlach.'

Then the fourth asked—'In what month do the people of Bamlach eat the least.'

The Jew said—'In February; for it has only twenty eight days.'

The fifth said—'There are two natural brothers, and still, only one of them is my uncle.'

The Jew said—'The uncle is your father's brother, and your father is not your uncle.'

A fish now leaped out of the water, and the sixth asked—'What fish have their eyes nearest together?'

The Jew said—'The smallest.'

The seventh asked—'How can a man ride from Basle to Bern in the shade, in the summer time, when the sun shines?'

The Jew said—'When he comes to a place where there is no shade, he must dismount, and go on foot.'

The eighth asked—'When a man rides in the winter time from Bern to Basle, and has forgotten his gloves, how must he manage it so that his hands shall not freeze?'

The Jew said—'He must make fists out of them.'

The ninth was the last. This one asked—'How can five persons divide five eggs, so that each man shall receive one, and still one remain in the dish?'

The Jew said—'The last must take the dish with the egg, and he can let it lie there as long as he pleases.'

But now it came to his turn, and he determined to make a good sweep. After many preliminary compliments, he asked, with an air of mischievous friendliness—'How can a man fry two trouts in three pans, so that a trout may be in each pan?'

No one could answer this, and one after the other gave him a twelve kreutzer piece.

But when the ninth desired that he should solve the riddle, he rocked to and fro, shrugged his shoulders, and rolled his eyes. 'I am a poor Jew,' he said at last.

The rest cried—'What has that to do with it? Give us the answer.'

'You must not take it amiss, for I am a poor Jew.' At last, after much persuasion, and many promises that they would do him no harm, he thrust his hand into his pocket, took out one of the twelve kreutzer pieces that he had won, laid it upon the table, he said—'I do not know the answer any more than you.—Here are my twelve kreutzers.'

When the others heard these words, they opened their eyes, and said this was scarcely according to agreement. But as they could not control their laughter, and were wealthy and good natured men, and as the Jew had helped them to while away the time from St. Veit to Schalampi, they let it pass, and the Jew took with him from the vessel—let a good arithmetician reckon up for me how much the Jew carried home with him. He had a 12 kreutzer piece and a brass button when he came on board. He won nine twelve kreutzer pieces by his answer, nine with his own riddle, one he had paid back, and eighteen kreutzers he gave to the captain.

Grapes in California.—It appears that, in addition to gold, quicksilver, and other precious ores, California produces fine grapes. An old resident of the country, writing to the San Francisco Journal, says:

I possess a small vineyard of one thousand vines, occupying three acres of land, which produce me nearly one thousand dollars. The produce of last season, however, (1847,) exceeded one thousand two hundred dollars. I sold grapes to the amount of four thousand pounds at eight cents per pound, amounting to three hundred and twenty dollars; manufactured thirty-six barrels of wine at twenty-eight dollars per barrel, amounting to two hundred dollars. The vines commence bearing on the third year and perfect on the fourth. A vineyard does not require more labor than a common cornfield, and one man is capable of attending five hundred vines, merely laboring three hours daily, for eight months during the year.

AN AERIAL STEAMER.—A Mr. Röbjohn, in New York, has invented an aerial steamer, which the Sun describes as follows:

The model steamer was eleven feet and a half long, and twenty-five inches in diameter, with a saloon three feet by four inches. It is composed of two parts—the upper portion of the 'float' or 'balloon' built in the form of a cigar; underneath this is the saloon or 'boat,' for conveying passengers, fuel, the 'steam engine,' &c. Between the float and saloon are two large propellers, something in the form of the wheel of a windmill. The two propellers are constructed so as to act upon the air in the same manner that a screw propeller acts upon the water. The air propeller, like the water propeller, is driven by a steam engine. The weight of the aerial steamer is supported in the atmosphere by the buoyant power of hydrogen gas, with which the float is inflated.—On being inflated and set in motion, the little steamer flew rapidly around the hall in every direction, as steered by the rudder. The rate of speed was fifty feet in five seconds.

The Sun also gives the following account of the second exhibition of the power of this machine. People will fly—there is no question of it. The problematic air journeys taken in Logan's new play of "1949" are likely to be realized in a much shorter time than a hundred years.

A large number of literary and scientific gentlemen, among whom were Professor Ewbank, Professors from the New York University and Columbia College, and representatives from most of the daily and Sunday papers attended yesterday a second exhibition of the aerial steamer. It is now fairly before the public, and as the model *does fly*, there is little doubt of its being completely successful. The machine will probably be exhibited to the public on next Wednesday evening at the Tabernacle, when it will be propelled through the air at the rate of six miles an hour, just for a flyer.' If Tom Thumb can be induced to trust himself in the model, he will guide it around the room. It is proposed to build a machine immediately that will carry three persons, and will run between this city and Washington, with occasional excursions to Halifax on the arrival of Steamers from Europe. A still larger machine, to run to California, is to be got ready by the first of April next. It will carry sixty passengers. One lady has already taken passage in it for herself and three children. If, (mind, we say if, for there is much virtue in the world,) this machine works on a large scale, steam ships may be laid up in ordinary, and peace societies may shut up shop. No body will be content to travel in ships, and wars will of necessity cease. What soldier would fight against a fellow pouring combustibles from a thousand feet overhead.

An interesting discovery has been made in the Artic Ocean, one that may possibly lead to a new tropic. Captain Boyce, a whaleman of Sag Harbor, has recently returned from a voyage in which he explored a new whaling ground and made important discoveries North of Bhering's Strair. During his cruise in July and August, he saw no ice, and the weather was ordinarily so pleasant that his men could work in light clothing, and it was so light through the night, that whaling might have been carried on during the entire twenty-four hours. Captain Boyce found the whales numerous, and of different species from any he had before seen, and of three different kinds—all very tame. Both the American and Asiatic shores he found inhabited by numerous tribes of Indians, some of whom he saw passing from one continent to the other, in large canoes. Good anchorage was found in most parts of the ocean, from fifteen to thirty-five fathoms. Captain Boyce was induced to seek this new ocean by the representations of Captain Beechy, who visited that region in 1827, and describes it in his voyages.

THE SCHOOL ACCIDENT IN PHILADELPHIA—*A Frightful Scene.*—We a few days since gave a telegraphic account of an accident of an appalling character, which happened on Tuesday morning, at one of the public schools of Philadelphia. We find the following description of it in the Philadelphia Pennsylvanian:

"The school contains some six or seven hundred pupils, of both sexes, whose ages range from six to fifteen years. The building is a two-story one, and the upper portion of it is occupied by the female scholars. Some mischievous boys in one of the front lower rooms, to amuse themselves, lighted pieces of paper and put them in the flue. The burning paper was carried upwards by the draught and blazed out through the grating of the valve of the flue in one of the front class rooms, up stairs. The scholars—all girls—in this part of the building, hearing the roaring sound ascending the flue, and seeing the sparks and blaze, made by the ignited combustible, as was natural for children became frightened, and thinking that the school was on fire, were instantly seized with a general panic, and no control whatever could be exerted over them by their teachers.

"A terrible scene ensued. The affrighted children, numbering some two or three hundred, ran scrambling out of the rooms, and, wild and frantic, rushed pell-mell down the back stairs. At the last descending turn of the flight, near the bottom, a miserably constructed banister gave way, with a crash, under the heavy pressure of the animated torrent that came streaming resistlessly downwards, and the whole mass of children were precipitated the distance of several feet, into the entry, where they were literally piled, 10 or 12 deep, upon each other, with the fragments of the broken railing on the top of them. A Miss Caroline Hess, a young lady about 14 years old, daughter of Mr. Hess baker, in Front street, near Catharine, sustained a compound fracture of the leg, both the fibula and tibia being badly broken. The earring of one girl caught in the railing, as she was tumbling in the passage way, and was torn completely from her ear, leaving a shocking laceration. Some fears were felt for the life of Miss Smith, residing, we were told, in Federal street, whose face was dreadfully contused. Batharine Burk, Plum street, above Third, had her face and head horribly cut; and Agnes Moat, Mead alley, laid for a long time before she evinced any signs of life."

To Test Metals.—Jno. Roach, chemist in New York, says that iron pyrite, are not always affected by nitric acid—some books to the contrary notwithstanding. He says:

'I have seen specimens of Iron pyrites from California, resembling in appearance the brightest gold. They were not tarnished in the slightest degree by nitric acic chemically pure. Iron pyrites, or any micaceous sulphuret of iron, can be detected in the following manner:—Take a lump of charcoal and place it on the iron pyrites, then expose it to the blast of a blow-pipe, from a spirit lamp, [a common lamp will answer if more convenient,] the heat not only sets fire the sulphur, which can be detected by the smell, but it instantly changes the mass which before looked like shining gold, to a dark, dirty, cast iron color.'

From the Washtenaw Whig.

TREATMENT OF FRUIT TREES.—*Mr. Editor:*—Permit me, through the columns of your paper, to offer to the public, a few hints, from my own experience, in what is called, by nursery men, "the shortening system," applied to peach, apple, plum, and other fruit trees.—Last spring, about the first of March, I selected twelve trees and cut off about six inches of the last year's growth, of all the branches, beginning at the lower ones and going through the entire top. At the same time, I reserved twelve trees, and allowed them their natural growth, and to my surprise, and to the astonishment of others, those trees that were shortened, are much more thrifty in growth, and handsomer trees, and the fruit upon them double the size, and of much better flavor, than the fruit of the other trees: they were also very smooth and free from punctures of insects, which partially destroy fruit; while the trees that had been left to themselves stinted in growth, and the fruit they produced was almost wholly destroyed by insects. I have applied to the roots of the trees, chip manure, lime and leached ashes. The soil on which they are plan'ted is a black, mucky clay bottom.

I selected last spring one limb of an apple tree, bearing the twenty ounce pippin, and took off all the last year's growth, for grafting, and left the other limbs on the same tree undisturbed. I weighed the apples on the different limbs, and found that those on the limb to which I had applied the shortening system, weighed from eighteen to twenty ounces, while those on the limbs of natural growth, averaged only about twelve ounces. I would recommend the shortening process to peach, plum and apple trees, as it adds much to the beauty of the fruit, growth of trees, &c.

Scio, Feb., 1849. J. G. MORSE.

Recipe for Making Good Bread.—James Roche, long celebrated in Baltimore, as a baker of excellent bread, having retired from business, has furnished the Baltimore American with the following recipe for making good bread, with a request that it should be published for the information of the public:

"Take an earthen vessel, larger at the top than the bottom, and in it put one pint of milk-warm water, one and a half pounds of flour, and half a pint of malt yeast; mix them well together, and set it away, (in winter it should be in a warm place,) until it rises and falls again, which will be in from three to 5 hours; (it may be set at night, if it be wanted in the morning;) then put two large spoonsful of salt into two quarts of water, and mix it well with the above rising; then put in it about nine pounds of flour, and work your dough well, and set by until becomes light. Then make it out in loaves. The above will make four loaves.

"Some flour is dry and others runny, but the above quantity, however, will be a guide. The person making bread will remember that runny and new flour will require one-fourth more salt than old and dry flour. The water, also, should be tempered according to the weather; in spring and fall it should only be milk-warm; in hot weather cold; and in winter, warm.

Recipe for Making Biscuit.—One quart of milk, four even tea-spoonsfull of cream of tartar, two even tea-spoonsfull of carbonate of soda—the soda to be dissolved in the milk, and the cream of tartar to be thoroughly mixed with the flour, and a little salt. Mix it as soft as it can be baked. In this way you have biscuit mixed and ready for the table in half an hour.

Mrs. Gen. Taylor.—The lady of Gen. Taylor, it appears, is a native of Calvert Co., Md. A writer in the Intelligencer says:

Mrs. Taylor's father was Captain Walter Smith, an independent and highly respectable farmer, whose estate was situated on the right bank of St. Leonard's Creek, in which Commodore Barney's flotilla was blockaded in the late war. She is the sister of the late Major Richard Smith, of the Marine Corps, well remembered in New York especially, for his gallant and soldierly appearance and bearing, and his fine social qualities. It was in Kentucky that the General, then a very young man, saw her and was conquered.

ILLINOIS.—A resolution has passed one of the Houses of the Legislature of Illinois, to remove the seat of Government from Springfield, on the ground that such removal was called for by the public interest of the State, and the personal comfort and health of the members. Mr. Linder, in offering the resolution, summed up the miseries of legislators at Springfield as follows:

At sessions heretofore held in this place, it has been customary to get board, and good board, too, at three dollars per week, and in some cases at two dollars and fifty cents; that the members were then receiving four dollars per day, and had no good reason to complain of exorbitant charges. In addition to good board, they had comfortable rooms, good fires, and nice landladies, and active and expert chambermaids; and there was nothing wanting that would add to the comfort and gratification of the members. But now matters are sadly reversed. We are put on half rations by the new constitution. Only the pitiful sum of two dollars per day being allowed for our important services, and our landlords have the impudence to charge four dollars and fifty cents and five dollars per week. The American House being closed, we are now confined to rooms not more than eight feet square—certainly too small for a member's imagination to expand and revert in. We are crowded together like horses in a livery stable. At the table we have to wait ten minutes for a cup of cold coffee, and *our nice landladies and our expert chambermaids are missing altogether.*

☞ The Brookville American (whig) is alarmed at the resurrection of Mr. Clay. It says—"we look at his re-election to the Senate with fearful forebodings. He has so long ruled the whig party, that we fear a collision between him and the officers of the government. His age, and other circumstances, should have induced his friends in Kentucky to leave him in the peace and quiet of private life."

Women for California—A Good Idea.—We are glad to see that the gold diggers of California are likely to have helpmeets to share the fruits of their labor. Mrs. Eliza Farnham, in New York city, whose husband died at San Francisco last September, and who finds it necessary to go out there in consequence, proposes to take with her a company of 100 to 180 unmarried women, not under 25 years of age, who can bring undoubted testimonials as to character, education, &c. The sum of $250 subscribed by each, she thinks, will purchase a vessel, defray all necessary expenses, and take care of the 'dear ones' till they can find suitable "*occupation*" in their new home. It is intended, also, that the party shall include six or eight respectable married men and their families. The idea is a good one, and we hope she will succeed in mustering a large company. They will all be in demand, when they reach their destination, nay, they will be valued higher than gold.

SCRAPS AND ODDITIES.

"I can boast of *rank*," as the butter said to the cheese. "And I am *strong* and *nutty* as the cheese replied to the butter.

'Father, what does the Printer live on?'
'Why, child?'
'Because you said you hand't paid him for two or three years, and you still take the paper.'

Boy—A-x-e, axe.
Teacher—What is an axe?
Boy—An instrument for cutting.
Teacher—How many kinds of axes are there?

Boy—Broad axe, narrow axe, post axe, and axe of the legislature and axe of the apostles.

Teacher—Go to the head my boy.

SIGNS.—Some young ladies feeling sadly grieved by the severity with which their friends speculated on the gay plumes, flounces, necklaces, rings, etc., went to their pastor to learn his opinion. "*Do* you think," said they, "there can be any impropriety in wearing these things?" "By no means," was the prompt reply; "when the heart is full of ridiculous notions, it is perfectly proper to hang out the sign."

"I have a great run of business at present," remarked a pickpocket, who was chased by three constables.

Such is the richness of the soil in California, that steel pens, if put into the ground over night, are found to be gold ones on the following morning.—*Punch.*

"Naomah, the daughter of Enoch," remarks the Gateshead Observer, "was five hundred and eighty years old when she married! Let some folks take courage yet."

☞ The facetious Paul of the Knickerbocker Blade gives the following among other "hints on matrimony:" "Don't be surprised if, after you have sailed smoothly eight or ten months on the voyage of matrimony, you are suddenly overtaken by *squalls.*"

Modest.—"My dear, don't say tale, say narrative," said a modest lady to her little son who was relating a very interesting "tale," he had read in the newspaper. While the little fellow was thinking of his mistake, the old house dog walked in shaking his tail and looking quite familiar at the boy, when he exclaimed: "Ma, make Sancho quit shaking his narrative."

'Were you ever cross-questioned?'
'Yes, when questioned by my wife, after spending the evening abroad, cross enough in all conscience.'

"Is Mr. ——— abstemious in his living?" asked a physician of a rather obstruse attendant upon a patient laboring under an inflamatory complaint.

'Waal he's abstemious enough in the eatin, but I tell you he's steamious when you come to the drinkin."

A Strong Wind.—A Tennessee paper says that John L. Wind, Esq., of Mississippi, recently thrashed three men in four minutes—That wind must have blown a hurricane at the time. This chap would make a fortune in the West Indies by running an opposition against tornadoes.

☞ A brow beating attorney, in trying a horse case, asked a witness in a contemptuous manner if he knew a horse from an ass.—"Oh yes," he replied, "I never mistook you for a horse." The attorney *squat.*

The inquiry is made whether "Old Whitey" accompanies Gen. Taylor. The old war horse is sensible to the last and preferred 'going to grass' at home, to making an ass of himself by joining the crowd who harrass his gallant old master.—*Cin. Dispatch.*

The "Old hos" has seen so many *long ears* protruding from the heads fawning sycophants who crawl at the feet of his master, that we do not wonder at his giving a significant *nerg* to such a foolish enquiry.—*Ky. Flag.*

A chap from the country, dining at a city friend's, who ranked among the most fashionable of the "upper ten," desired a little more *sauce* on his pudding. Thinking the word to common or vulgar for snch a place and occasion, he astonished the presiding goddess of the table by gentilicising it thus:—"If you please, marm, I'll trouble you for a spoonful or two of your *impudence.*"

It has been decided in France, to be unconstitutional to vote for an Ass, or even to draw a likeness of an Ass on the ballot! What chance would occur, were it unconstitutional *to vote for Asses here.*

Donation Parties.—If all donation parties were conducted upon the plan mentioned in the following paragraph, we would unhesitatingly yield our encouragement. The scheme is rather unique, we admit, but still think worthy of a trial in this part of the country. As our ladies are fond of following Eastern fashions, perhaps the plan may meet their view; if so, we should like to be advised, as "favors go by kissing," *we* should certainly favor it.

They have a *rare* way of raising funds for charitable purposes down on the Cape. The occasion was a donation-party, and the scheme was rather unique as well as singular. The Sandwich Observer tells how it was put in practice, the *locale* being not more than a thousand miles off. It appears that some of the kissable ladies present actually allowed their sweet lips to be tasted at the rate of fifty cents a kiss—this being considered a suitable price for the privilege! If our authority was not misinformed, one gentleman of the party took five dollars' worth!

Lesson to be Learned in 1849.—Learn to spend your *money* for that which will *do* you the most good.

Not to sacrifice the wants of the mind to those of the body.

To live for the world, so that the world will return may live for you.

Learn by experience that the law of kindness is the *most* powerful weapon.

That you may have faults as well as your neighbors, although they may differ.

To have charity for others that they may have the same for you.

That mind is progressive and the world advancing, and that if you are not up and doing, you will soon be left 'behind the lights.'

To stop bleeding at the Nose.—Dr. Negrier, a French surgeon, says that the simple elevation of a person's arm will always stop bleeding at the nose. He explains the act physiologically, and declares it a potitive remedy. It is certainly easy of trial.

Another Monster of the Deep.—Capt. Cara, lately arrived at Boston, (!) (says the Montreal Courier) from Havre, states that in the 28th ult., long. 47, he saw something on his larboard bow very like a whale. He hove up for it,

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1849.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JOSEPH A. WRIGHT,

OF PARKE COUNTY.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,

JAMES H. LANE,

OF DEARBORN COUNTY.

Democratic Congressional Convention.

A Convention of Delegates from the several Counties composing the 10th Congressional District of Indiana, will be held at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on Wednesday, the 23d day of May, 1849, at 11 o'clock A. M., to nominate a democratic candidate for Congress, to be supported at the next August election.

Each County is entitled, by former usage, to send one delegate to the Convention for every one hundred democratic votes polled at the last election; and in those counties where the fraction exceeds fifty votes, to one delegate in addition, as follows:

Adams,	4	Jay,	4
Allen,	11	La Grange,	6
Blackford,	2	Noble,	6
DeKalb,	6	Randolph,	8
Delaware,	7	Steuben,	4
Grant,	6	Wells,	4
Huntington,	5	Whitley,	5

By order of the District Committee,

DANIEL REED, *Chairman.*

February 10, 1849.

Adams County Democratic Convention.

Notice is hereby given to the Democracy of Adams County, Indiana, that a County Convention will be held at the court house in said county on Saturday, the 21st of April next, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Congressional and Representative Conventions; for the nomination of candidates for county officers; and the transaction of such other business as shall properly come before the Convention.

The respective townships are requested to appoint their delegates to said Convention on the first Monday of April next.

The ratio of representation in the Convention is fixed at one delegate for every six democratic votes polled at the last Presidential election, and one for every fraction above half that number. No township to have less than three delegates. Thus—

Hartford,	3	Kirkland,	3
Wabash,	8	Washington,	10
Jefferson,	3	St. Mary's,	6
Blue Creek,	5	Union,	3
Monroe,	4	Root,	10
French,	6	Preble,	8

By order of the Central Committee,

SAMUEL L. RUGG, *Chairman.*

February 21, 1849,

Allen County Democratic Convention.

The Democratic Convention of Allen County will meet at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on Saturday, the 19th day of May next, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of appointing eleven delegates to the Congressional Convention, and also to nominate candidates for the Legislature and the several county offices to be filled at the August election.

The democrats are requested to meet at the usual places of holding elections in their several Townships on Monday, the 2d day of April, and elect delegates to represent them in said County Convention in the following proportion, viz:

Aboite	3	Milan	3
Adams	5	Monroe	3
Cedar Creek	7	Perry	6
Eel River	3	Pleasant	3
Jefferson	4	Springfield	4
Lafayette	3	St. Joseph	4
Lake	4	Scipio	3
Madison	4	Washington	7
Marion	8	Wayne	20
Maumee	3		

By order of the County Committee,

S. C. FREEMAN, Chairman.

March 9, 1849,

THE CABINET.—OFFICIAL.

On the 7th the following Cabinet Nominations were submitted to the Senate for confirmation, from the President of the United States, by the hands of Major BLISS:

JOHN M. CLAYTON, of Delaware, Secretary of State.

WILLIAM M. MEREDITH, of Pennsylvania, Secretary of the Treasury.

THOMAS EWING, of Ohio, Secretary of Home Department.

WILLIAM H. CRAWFORD, of Georgia, Secretary of War.

WILLIAM B. PRESTON, of Virginia, Secretary of the Navy.

JACOB COLLAMER, of Vermont, Post Master General.

REVERDY JOHNSON, of Maryland, Attorney General.

The nominations were all confirmed.

President Taylor has appointed his son-in-law, Major BLISS, his Private Secretary.

☞ Hon. E. A. HANNEGAN, late U. States Senator from this State, has been appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to Prussia. The nomination was confirmed by the Senate on the 4th inst.

Ho, for California!—Some fifteen or eighteen of our citizens have started for the gold diggings within the past week, and more are preparing to follow. Part of them take the overland route, via Independence, and a part proceed to New York to embark for the Isthmus. Fort Wayne will be well represented at "the diggings;" and we hope all our adventurous friends may have their golden dreams more than realized, and that they may in due time return with their "pockets full of rocks"—golden ones, of course.

THE CANAL.—Several hands have been busily employed for some days past in clearing out the canal and removing the bars and other obstructions. Water will be let into this level by the last of next week.

The break at Gar Creek, on the level east of this, cannot be repaired until the water in the river falls; it will probably require two or three weeks to repair. Navigation cannot open until the beginning or middle of April.

Agriculture and Horticulture.—We direct attention to the communication in another column on the subject of Agricultural and Horticultural Societies. Much good has resulted from such societies in every place where they have been organised, and we should be happy to see some steps taken to establish one in this place.

CITY OFFICERS.—The common council on Monday last appointed OLIVER P. MORGAN, Recorder of the City; S. C. FREEMAN, High Constable, Street Commissioner, and Collector: CHARLES E. FRENCH, Assesor; and A. P. STOCKBRIDGE, Treasurer.

MAIL ROBBERY.—*Arrest of the Thief.*—The mail bag from this place to Logansport was robbed on the 23d January last by the mail carrier, and nearly the whole contents taken out. The robbery was not discovered until a few days ago, when some citizens of Huntington happening to pass along an unfrequented road leading from Lewis' farm to Huntington, picked up a large number of letters and papers which were strewed along the route. The boy who carried the mail at the time of the robbery had since been discharged and was living at Lagro. He was arrested on Wednesday last and brought to Huntington for examination. We have not learned his name, nor heard the result of the examination.

Fort Wayne and Bluffton Plank Road.—We understand about $8000 stock for this road has already been subscribed in Wells County. How does the subscription progress in this county? We are afraid the directors here are not pushing the matter as earnestly as they might.

☞ Kind reader, what do you think of a man who is so extremely anxious to obtain office, that he will write a communication to a neighboring County paper recommending, in strong terms, his claims to a seat in Congress? We should be pleased to give the name of a certain individual who has lately been playing off a trick of this kind, but we fear we should cause a blush to tinge the cheek of a Democratic editor, residing something less than fifty miles from this place. He occasionally appears over the signature of "*Many Democrats.*"—*Huntington Herald.*

We suppose by the above it is meant to insinuate that Mr. Milligan himself wrote the communication which appeared in the Sentinel a few weeks since, recommending him as a candidate for Congress. In justice to that gentleman we will state that such is not the fact. The communication was written by a gentleman long a citizen of Huntington, with whose hand writing we are well acquainted, and was accompanied by a private letter requesting the publication, and at the same time stating that the communication was written without the knowledge or concurrence of Mr Milligan.

Will the editor of the Herald have the candor to do Mr. Milligan justice in the matter?

THE CABINET.—What does the Sentinel think of the Cabinet *this* week? What a reliable paper the Sentinel is, indeed, publishing *mere rumor* and commenting on them as though they were facts. The public will certainly look in that paper for late news hereafter.—*Times.*

We acknowledge the corn. The list was copied from a whig paper, (the papers from which we usually select our news having failed coming to hand;) and though we do not usually attach much credit to any thing coming from a whig source, yet we thought in this case it *might* possibly be the truth. However, we find we were mistaken; and we promise the Times not again to fall into so eggregious an error.

Speaking of "reliable papers," how did it happen that the last Times, without any shadow of foundation, announced that the Bill for the Government of California and New Mexico with the principles of the Wilmot Proviso attached, passed both Houses on Sunday morning; when it is a notorious fact that no such bill did pass? The public will certainly not look in *that* paper for late or correct news hereafter.

Is there not a mote in Brother Withers' eye?

A "Reliable Paper."—The Times states that Wm. C. Preston of South Carolina is appointed Secretary of the Navy, and comments on it as though it were a fact: whereas it appears by the Washington papers that Wm. B. Preston of Virginia is the man. A great paper for news is that same Times.

Presidents Taylor and Polk.—President Polk entertained a large party to dinner at the White House a few days before the expiration of his term. Among the guests were General Taylor and Mr. Fillmore, General Cass, Col. Bliss and lady, &c., &c. The utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed.

We are happy to learn that Gen. Taylor has entirely recovered his health.

Forged Land Warrants.—A great many forged Land Warrants are in circulation, and as the number of these forgeries is believed to be augmenting, the Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular to the Registers and Receivers of the Land Offices, stating that where land is located by forged land warrant; or, 2d, where the assignment or transfer is forged; or, 3d, where the power of attorney is forged—such location is null and void, and the land remains the property of the United States.—Purchasers had better be careful of whom they buy land warrants.

THE INAUGURATION.—President Taylor was inaugurated with the usual formalities and took the oath of office on the 5th inst., in presence of a large concourse of persons, estimated at thirty thousand.

CONGRESS.—The two houses did not get through their labors until 7 o'clock on Sunday morning, having been in session the whole night. The general appropriation bill came near being defeated in the Senate, as it was coupled with a provision in the House recognizing all the existing laws in California, which would in effect have been equivalent to the Wilmot Proviso, as these laws do not tolerate slavery. After a most exciting debate the House amendment was stricken out, and the appropriation bill passed. No bill organizing a government in the new territories was passed, nor was any provision made for admitting them as States.

Several disgraceful scenes were enacted during the night session. In the Senate, Mr. Foote shook his fist menacingly in the face of Mr. Cameron of Pa. and was promptly floored for his insolence by the latter. Two or three scuffles also occurred in the House.

The National Intelligencer gives the following as the result of the most important questions left for final action on the last day of the session:

1. *No bill was passed providing a government for either of the territories of New Mexico or California.* These measures fell through from the inability of the two houses to concur in any propositions for the purpose. At the *last moment*, however, a bill from the House was taken up and passed by the Senate, and has become a law, *for extending the revenue laws of the United States* to those territories.

2 The bill to establish *the Home Department* has become a law, having passed the the Senate after a long, arduous, and rather stormy debate; and a new and valuable department has thus been added to the government.

The bill for *creating a Territorial government for Minesota* has also become a law, the House of Representatives having receded from its amendment proposing to postpone the operation of the bill to the 10th of this month.

4. A bill was passed in reference to the next *Census*, directing the heads of some of the departments and the Attorney General to prepare and report at the next session of Congress a bill to authorize the taking of the Seventh Census of the United States.

Important Link in the Great Chain of Internal Improvements.—A charter was granted by our last Legislature for incorporating a company to construct a rail road from some point on the Ohio State line in the direction of Kenton, through Fort Wayne to Laporte, at which place it will intersect the Chicago Rail road. A continuous chain of rail roads is now in operation, or in course of construction, extending from Philadelphia, via Pittsburgh, to Kenton, Ohio, and measures are already in progress for continuing the work to the State line. All that is needed to complete the great chain is the construction of that portion in this State; and it surely becomes the duty of every citizen of Northern Indiana to strain every nerve to secure this desirable consummation. At the same time we think the capitalists of Philadelphia, if they could be made aware of the vast amount of trade which the rail road would bring to their doors, would feel impelled to subscribe liberally for the stock. At present nearly all the trade of this vast region concentrates at New York; but by the present routes of travel that city is inaccessible to us for nearly half the year, and even when open many vexatious delays occur in the receipt of goods. Besides this, great losses accrue from the detention of our produce from market at such times as it would command the highest prices. By the proposed rail road these evils would be avoided: our produce could be sent directly to market at any season, winter as well as summer, when the prices were at the highest; our merchants could receive their spring goods two or three months earlier than they can from New York, and would not be compelled to purchase so heavily in the fall as at present, as they could at any time replenish their stocks at a few days' notice. With the completion of the rail road, Philadelphia would become the emporium of the trade of the great grain growing region of Northern Indiana—the granary of the West. The importance of this work to the business of that city can scarcely be over-estimated, and we think it the facts of the case could once be shown to her enterprising and clear sighted merchants, they would at once provide the capital.

We copy below an able article from the Laporte Whig on the subject, and hope it will be perused with the attention it deserves—The facts and statistics there embodied are sufficient to warrant the conclusion that the work *can* and *will* be done if we set ourselves in earnest to the task.

From the Laporte County (Ia.) Whig.

OHIO, INDIANA AND LAKE MICHIGAN RAIL ROAD.

We are pleased to see that the construction of a continuous line of Rail Road from Pittsburgh to Chicago, making this place a point, is being agitated by the business men and capitalists, not only along the line of the proposed road, but by the Philadelphians, who are waking up to the interests of that city. The Philadelphians must be fully aware, that unless the capital of their city is employed in the construction of some great western thoroughfare, extending to the Mississippi, nearly the entire trade of this broad valley will be irredeemably lost to her; the avenues that are being opened to the cities of New York and Boston cannot fail to secure the vast and growing trade of the west to those cities, unless the most vigorous efforts are made by the business men of Pittsburgh and Philadelphia in constructing the means by which these cities, or the city of Philadelphia, may become a rival for the vast trade of the West. The project of the proposed road is feasible, and with a proper portion of enterprise and liberality on the part of all interested in the magnificent scheme of uniting the West with that great commercial city, she may, (if she cannot control,) *command* a large portion of Western trade. She certainly cannot be blind to her own interest; she is not; but to what extent, efforts are now being made to push this proposed road through and secure its speedy completion, our readers, probably, are not apprised.

We learn by a letter received by a gentleman of this place, written by one of the engineers on the road from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh, (which we are permitted to peruse) that "the Central Rail Road through Pennsylvania, is rapidly progressing, has now 140 miles completed, and is paying out $100,000 *per month.*" It will be completed through to Pittsburgh in 30 months, 358 miles.

The Ohio and Pennsylvania Rail Road, which is a continuation of the Pennsylvania central Road, commences at Pittsburgh, passes through Salem, Canton, Massilon, Wooster, Mansfield, and Bucyrus; from this latter point, the design is to reach Fort Wayne by the most judicious route. The funds for the construction of the road between Pittsburgh and Salem, are provided and the Engineers are preparing that portion for contract, and one-half the amount necessary to continue it to Wooster, is subscribed and the books are filling up daily, and it is believed the amount will be taken in a very few days. The writer of the letter alluded to, says: "the utmost confidence exists in all minds that it will go on certainly, and speedily. The preference of all, Directors, Engineers and Stockholders, is ultimately to point towards Chicago, we prefer to cut through the wheat region."

We are assured that the commissioners of the counties in Ohio, through which the route may be located, will subscribe liberally to this road, a letter now in our hands from a reliable source at Lima, Allen county, Ohio, says that the commissioners will take $50,000 and that individuals will subscribe an equal amount—Marion county, with individual subscriptions, will take $200,000, Van Wert $50,000, and in fact all the counties along the route in that State, so far as we can learn, are ready and willing to enter into the construction of this road with an ardor and zeal that betokens a determination to press the work forward to a speedy completion. So much then for the Pennsylvania and Ohio portion of this gigantic enterprise.

Now for Indiana. What say you, friends of Laporte county, of St. Joseph, Elkhart, Kosciusko, &c. Have you no interest in this matter?

You are aware that the Legislature of this State at its last session granted a charter for the construction of a Rail Road from this place via Fort Wayne to the eastern line of this State, with a view of connecting with the Pennsylvania and Ohio Road at the line of the State, and with the western division of the Buffalo and Mississippi road at this point, thus connecting with the Chicago and Galena Road. This route you will perceive, forms a junction with nearly all the important Rail Roads and canals in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Ohio. At Chicago with the Galena Road and the Michiga and Illinois Canal, and the Lake, at Michigan City, with the Lake, at or near Michigan City it will unquestionably form a junction with the Michigan Central Road; at Fort Wayne, with the Wabash and Erie Canal, thence crossing the Miami Canal in Ohio. The Sandusky City and Cincinnati Rail Road at Kenton, the Cleveland and Columbus Rail Road at Mansfield, and the Ohio Canal at Massilon, and the Ohio river and thoroughfares at Pittsburgh, thus it will be seen that all the great public avenues of the country are accessible and open to the trade of the West by means of this road.

A letter to one of our citizens from a gentleman of Fort Wayne (who has taken great pains to collect information in relation to this subject,) has been placed in our hands, from which we take the liberty of making a few important extracts, he says:

"You are no doubt aware that an interior route by Fort Wayne and Pittsburgh will give a shorter connexion between the south end of Lake Michigan and the Atlantic Seaboard, than any other you can possibly select, except perhaps the route through Canada. Even to New York, (if that should still be the head of the market,) the Pittsburgh route is the shortest. From the best sources of information I give the distances as follows:

	Miles.
From New York to Philadelphia by Rail Road	88
Philadelphia to Pittsburgh	358
Pittsburgh to junction of Pennsylvania and Ohio Rail Road with Cleveland and Columbus Rail Road twelve miles west of Mansfield	176
From that junction to Kenton	73
From Kenton to Fort Wayne	80
From Fort Wayne to Laporte, say	100
Total distance from New York to Laporte via Pittsburg and Fort Wayne	875
From New York to Dunkirk via N. Y. & Erie Railroad	476
Dunkirk to Cleveland	140
Cleveland to Laporte via Sandusky and Toledo	283
Total	899
From New York to Dunkirk as above	476
Dunkirk to Cleveland	140
Cleveland to Columbus and Cleveland Rail Road to intersection with Pa. and Ohio Rail Road 12 miles west of Mansfield	70
From junction to these Roads to Kenton	53
Kenton to Fort Wayne	80
Fort Wayne to Laporte	100
Total	919

In respect to the object of a Rail Road connexion between Laporte and Cleveland, it is an important consideration in favor of the Fort Wayne route, that 70 miles of the road west from Cleveland will have been completed in one or two years from this time with a heavy rail, leaving to complete this connexion 50 miles less road to be constructed than by the Toledo route.

"Our charter I understand fixes no point between Laporte and this place. Should South Bend and Goshen be disposed to put their means into this Road, it would doubtless be best to run by those points."

We hope that the people of Northern Indiana will never permit this subject to slumber until the road is completed and the rumbling of the cars is heard, as they are rapidly bearing to market the rich products of our western prairie lands; besides liberal individual subscriptions of stock, every county through which the route lies, should, by their county Commissioners, lend the credit of their respective counties for the purpose of procuring the means necessary to construct the work.—It is estimated by practical men, men who are familiar with the cost of construction, the amount of business, and the increased amount of surplus produce that would be raised along the road in consequence of the facilities it would afford for getting to market, that the profits of the road would pay for its construction before the principle on bonds as ordinarily made on large sums, would fall due. The country between this and Fort Wayne through which the road would pass, is probably the best agricultural portion of the State, and its vast surplus would find its way to market through this medium; besides this, it would command the travel of nearly the entire North West. These facts it appears to us, cannot much longer escape the observation of capitalists—its importance to the business of the city of Philadelphia is immense, as well as to our own section of country. We earnestly invite public attention to the subject, and hope that the enterprising citizens of Northern Indiana and Northern Illinois will vigorously push forward a work so vitally important and necessary to their prosperity, as is the Ohio, Indiana and Lake Michigan Rail Road."

From the Washington Union.

The President en route for Tennessee.—The President of the United States will leave the White House on Saturday evening, to take up his quarters at the Irving House. He and his lady, and the Secretary of the Treasury—will leave Washington in the regular boat early on Tuesday morning. Some of the President's friends will accompany him to Richmond. He expects to arrive at Wilmington (N. C.) on Wednesday, where he will remain the invited guest of the town one day. The ladies of his family, too, will require some repose after the loss of two nights' sleep.—On Thursday, he expects to arrive in Charlestown, to stay one day and partake of the cordial hospitalities of the Common Council—They will arrive at Savannah on Saturday, where they will lie by on the Sabbath, and then proceed homeward to Nashville by way of New Orleans. We are confident that no President ever retired from power with a conscience more at ease, and with a higher claim upon the confidence of his countrymen.

From the Washington Union, Feb. 28th.

☞ We are happy to announce the arrival of Gen'l Cass, who reached the city last night in the evening train of cars. He was met at the depot by a large number of friends and escorted to his lodgings at the United States Hotel.

The General is in fine health, and in that full flow of spirits characteristic of his truly great and philosophic mind.

Although he comes not as a few short months since we expected to greet him—the President elect of the United States—a position to which his eminent qualifications and brilliant public services entitled him, and his elevation to which, the freinds of pohular rights, and free government throughout the world fondly anticipated; still his services in the Senate will be most important, and we congratulate the country upon his return to that eminant boby of which he has been so distinguished an ornament. He is a man to whose fame the presidency could add nothing. Of him it can be truly said that he would honor the office more than the office would honor him.

General Taylor and the Office Seekers.—A correspondent of the New York Mirror, writing from Washington says:—"I learn from those who have recently been with the old hero, that when the politicians grow importunate and irksome, he "puts on the General," which quickly silences all impertinencies—When the flies become troublesome, the lion shakes his mane, and they *vamose* at once."

The Wilmot Proviso in Congress.—The Wilmot Proviso was attached to the Territorial Bill in the House of Congress by a vote of 126 to 87,

From the Boston Traveller, Feb 28.

ACCOUNTS FROM CALIFORNIA.—Capt. Wm. D. Phelps, late of barque Moscow, of this port arrived here from California, via Panama, on Saturday morning. Capt. P. brings a quantity of the gold, in grains, in scales, and in lumps, the largest of the latter weighing about an ounce and a half. The amount of gold brought by him has been much overrated in the published accounts, though he brings a considerable quantity, much less however, than the lowest amount stated ($38,000.)

As Capt. P. worked personally at the mines which we believe was not the case with Mr. Atherton, his experience of the minutiæ of the gold digging there is considerable. In the first place, as to the peices of gold that have been reported to be found, he says the largest peices that he has seen is in the possession of Mr. Mellus, and weighs but six ounces. He heard numerous stories at the mines of large peices being found; but in every instance where they were investigated, they turned out to be false, or greatly exagerated. One man was reported to have found a peice weighing several pounds; he went to see him, and found that its weight was only two ounces, and that it was the proceeds of an entire day's work.

As the stories that the diggers were many of them averaging $150 per day, he thinks that those that have done the best have not obtained more than $3,000 during the entire digging season. The hours of work were from five to ten hours per day. Formerly, the Indsans were willing to work for a trifle, but they have since become better acquainted with the value of their toil. They are principally the remnants of tribes, and are not formidable.

But one case of disorder occurred before Captain P. left. It was that of a negro who insulteda Mormon woman. The people turned out, and caught the negro, tied him to a tree, gave him a good lashing, and then turned him loose, with a threat of a rifle ball if he misbehaved again.

FROM PANAMA.—A letter to the New York Tribune, dated Panama, Jan. 22, gives an account of a meeting held at that place by a goodly number of Americans, to protest against the priority given to passengers from the Pacific coast by the Agent of the United States mail steamer California. The Americans at Panama who went across the Isthmus in the expectation of obtaining passage in the steamer, contend that by the advertisement of the Pacific Mail Company they have the right of priority over passengers from Callao and other Pacific ports. The meeting also passed resolutions approving the circular issued by General Smith, notifying foreigners that they are prohibited by the laws of the United States from trespassing on the public domain, and that it will be his duty to enforce those laws against persons not citizens of the United States, on his arrival in California.—The following is the circular letter of General Smith:

SIR: The laws of the United States inflict the penalty of fine and imprisonment on trespassers on the public lands. As nothing can be more unreasonable or unjust than the conduct pursued by persons not citizens of the United States, who are flocking from all parts to search for and carry off gold belonging to the United States in California, and as such conduct is in direct violation of law, it will become my duty, immediately upon my arrival there, to put these laws in force, to prevent their infraction in future, by punishing with the penalties prescribed by law those who offend.

As these laws probably are not known to many who are about starting to California, it would be well to make it publicly known that there are such laws in existence, and that they will be in future enforced against all persons not citizens of the United States who shall commit any trespass on the lands of the United States in California. Your position as consul here, being in communication with the consuls on the coast of South America, affords you the opportunity of making this known most generally; and I will be much obliged to you if you will do it.

PERSIFOR F. SMITH,
Brv. Maj. Gen. U. S. A. Com'g Pacific Div.
WM. NELSON, U. S. Consul at Panama.

There is considerable dissatisfaction among the Americans detained at Panama, in consequence of what they conceive to be the bad faith of the Pacific Agent of the Mail Company, but the latter expresses the opinion that the order-loving and law-abiding portion are so much in the ascendant, that it will pass off without serious consequences.—*Balt. Amer.*

From the Baltimore Sun.

From the Isthmus—Arrival at New York of the Crescent City.

As stated by telegraph in yesterday's Sun, the Crescent city, Captain Stoddard, from Chagres, February 17th, and Havanna, February 23d, arrived at New York on Saturday morning. She went out to Chagres in nine days. She brings some further intelligence from California, but nothing of later date.

The steamship California, and the ship Philadelphia, left Panama for San Francisco February 2d—the former with three hundred and seventy-five and the latter with two hundred and fifty passengers.

The steamship Falcon also arrived at Chagres on the 17th ultimo, with three hundred and seventeen passengers, and left for New York on the 18th. The barque Marietta and the Eudora also arrived on the 14th, with one hundred passengers—and the brigantine arrived on the 17th, with sixty passengers.

When the Falcon, the Crescent City, and the other vessels named arrived, there were already over two hundred and fifty passengers on shore awaiting means of transportation to Panama; and those arriving by the above vessels swelled the number to upward of one thousand persons.

When the Crescent City left Chagres, there was no sickness of any kind in that place, and over one-half of the passengers had started for Panama.

The most active measures were taken to forward all the passengers to Panama before the 20th February.

There was no sickness at Panama, and all the passengers were able to obtain accommodations at the rate of two dollars a day.

The United States store ship Lexington, left San Francisco for Valparaiso on the 4th of December with $500,000 in gold dust. At Valparaiso the amount is to be cast into bars, then shipped by the English steamer to Panama, and thence to the United States by the first steamer from Chagres.

The steamship Falcon, Captain Thompson, arrived at Havana on the 22d of February, 4 days from Chagres—one day after the Crescent City. She had two passengers on board. She was to leave soon for New Orleans.

A Chagres letter of the 17th February, to the New York Commercial, says:

"The steamer Orus took the passengers of the Crescent City and brig Winthrop, and part of the Falcon's, yesterday up the river, charging $10 per head. Captain Leighton is here, and sails in a day or two for St. Juan, for a cargo of mules. It required one thousand five hundred mules to take the baggage and passengers of the Falcon alone. The weather is fine—no dew, and warm in the day, but not so hot as reported."

The New York Sun also has the following letter:

PANAMA, morning of Feb. 15, 1849.

I send you by the very last means of conveyance a few items of interest from California. They were received here this morning from a Spaniard who came passenger in the Peruvian bark Martinez, direct from San Francisco.

Emigrants of all kinds and colors are pouring into multides. Every language, race, color and shade is represented. Lawyers, ministers, women, in male attire, robbers, aristocrats, and outcasts from civilized life, are all flocking to the gold regions. All are frantic with hopes of finding chuncks of gold as large as mill stones; but a few days' experience of California life changes their views of gold hunting.

Living is excessively high, and mining for the precious minerals is one of the worst kinds of lottery. For each person that is so fortunate as to find a mass sufficient to enrich him for life, there are dozens who can scarcely make a living.

Many robberies have taken place, but they are chiefly confined to food and clothing.—These things, at times, when there is a scarcity in the market, bring excessive prices.—One day flour may, at retail, bring two hundred dollars a barrel, although a few days before it was sold for fifteen dollars.

The necessities of many of the emigrants, and these varieties in prices lead to numerous thefts. Robberies for gold are rare. One or two murders have, however, occurred for this cause.

LATER AND IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER AMERICA.

NEW YORK, March 9, 1849.

The steamer America arrived at Halifax at a quarter to 3 this morning, bringing dates from Liverpool to the 24th of February, and from Halifax to this city by express.

At the Liverpool provision market, prices were quoted as follows:

Wheat—American and Canadian white, 7s. 2d.a7s. 4d.—Red, 6s. 6d.a6s. 8d. per bushel, of 70 lbs.

Flour—Western Canal and Richmond, 26s. a26s. 6d.—Philadelphia and Baltimore, 26s.a 29s.—New Orleans and Ohio, 26s.a27s.—Canadian, 25s. 6d.a26s. 6d.—Canadian, sour, 25s. a26s.

The state of the trade in the manufacturing districts on the whole, is considered satisfactory. Employment is plentiful and activity prevails throughout.

A good demand exists for American securities on London.

United States six per cent. stocks continue in active demand on the Continent, and orders for this kind of stock have been received at 106¼.

Money continues to get more abundant and the rate of interest now rules low.

Labonchier has again brought forward the government proposition for a modification of the navigation laws, and Mr. Bancroft, the American Minister, states that to whatever extent the liberalists of the British Parliament may be disposed to legislate in this matter, that he is ready to sign a Treaty based upon complete reciprocity and the opening of the entire coasting trade of the two countries to the vessels of both.

By the proposed law it will be competent for an American vessel from New York to Liverpool, laden with Cotton and Tobacco, to discharge all, or part of her cargo in the river Mersey, and then to take in a new cargo or passengers and take them to Glasgow or London in transit, and then to clear with perhaps a fresh cargo from her final port of discharge.

The cholera returns have now swelled to twelve thousand three hundred and ninety-five, of which five thousand five hundred and forty-six have died—three thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight have recovered, and three thousand one hundred and sixty four continue under treatment, on which the result is not stated.

The Bank of England exhibit shows increasing resources, whilst the lower rate of discount among private Bankers preclude the Bank from adding to their Mercantile business.

The reports from California continue to excite intense interest in England and throughout Europe. It extends to all classes. The government of France has despatched an Engineer to California for the purpose of surveying the country and reporting upon the gold region.

FRANCE.—The National Assembly has finally voted for dissolving itself, and the new Assembly will meet about the middle of May.

Louis Napoleon seems daily to be acquiring political strength and popularity, and the politicians who have hitherto, from apprehension of instability, or from other motives withheld their support, now come forward and declare themselves Bonapartists, and as a consequence great progress has been made towards the re-establishment of confidence. The Bonnet Rouge (red bonnet) the symbol of Liberty, as well as of crime, has been put down in almost every part of France. Montagnard and Socialist inscriptions have shared the same fate.

Ledru Rollin having interrogated the Ministers in regard to the affairs of Rome, received in reply an intimation that the French Government did not mean to acknowledge the Roman Government, without previously ascertaining that it approves of its acts, and that the French Ministry were anxious that the Pope should be placed in a position becoming a temporal Prince and head of the Catholic Church. The Assembly, in spite of the effort of the Red Republicans to fetter the government by a declaration of principles, passed unceremoniously to the order of the day.

The gay saloons of Paris, long closed, are now opened, and are nightly filled with the *beau monde.*

Joseph Bonaparte will proceed to Madrid, as the French Ambassador. He wishes to remain in France until after the election, for which event he is preparing, so as to render efficient aid in consolidating the power of the Republic in the hands of his kinsman.

A continuance of tranquility may increase the good disposition which now prevails.

The funds have advanced very considerably.

THE ROMAN STATES.—A provisional government has been declared by the excited people. In that part of Italy, in the Roman States, the republican feeling has reached the highest point of excitement, and the power of Executive committee has usurped the Papal authority, which is now altogether set aside, the Pope deposed, and a republic established.

M. Somerado has arrived in London from Vienna with a view of settling with Lord Palmerston the preliminaries of the Congress, to assemble at Brussels.

The King of Holland opened the Chambers on the 14th amidst general manifestations of attachment from the people.

The Prussian elections have caused general interest.

In Austria and Hungary affairs have again taken a favorable turn. The Imperials have certainly been beaten in several encounters with the Hungarians, and Berne is likely to give them additional trouble.

SPAIN.—At the last session of Congress held in Madrid, (Jan. 31,) a call was made for the correspondence said to have passed respecting the annexation of the Island of Cuba. The reply was that no proposition had been made, and that no ministry, composed of Spaniards, would ever listen to such a proposition if made, and that the ministry would never cede the Island of Cuba to any power. In the Senate, General Novarese confirmed the statement of the ministry, and added that the rumor of cession was entirely unfounded, and that the Island of Cuba would always remain as now, a part of the Spanish monarchy.

ITALY.—The deposing of the Pope and the erection of a Republic, in the Roman States, took place on the 9th of February. The Pope will have the necessary guarantees for the independence of his spiritual power.

To the Editor of the Fort Wayne Sentinel.

A Word to the friends of Agriculture and Horticulture.

MR. EDITOR.—Allow me, through your columns, to say a word on the subject of Agricultural and Horticultural improvements.

One who has had the opportunity of witnessing the improved condition of Agriculture and Horticulture in other parts of our country and of reading the published results of similar improvements in other countries, is painfully impressed by the want of them among ourselves. Fort Wayne and its environs, show a lamentable deficiency in the arts of rural embellishment. This is the more strange and inexcusable, as there are few localities that furnish in their natural advantages, more ample scope for the amateur and man of taste to gratify his love for rural embellishments, and the delightful occupations of the garden and orchard, than Fort Wayne and its suburbs; and there are few communities, in the West at least, where there are a larger number of persons of suitable tastes for such and undertaking. And as the means and materials necessary can now be obtained with so much convenience and at so little cost would it not be well for those in Fort Wayne and its vicinity who are interested, to make an effort in some form, to call the public attention to this subject.

Organic action on the principle of popular association constitutes one of the peculiarities of the times of progress and development.—And in no way has its beneficial results been more strikingly manifested than in its application to Agricultural and Horticultural improvements. It has arrested the attention and called into exercise some of the most profound, enlightened, and gifted intellects of the age, who are now engaged in the work of Agricultural and Horticultural improvements. Science is now shedding her light on all that was dark and occult in this realm of nature; revealing the mysteries of vegetable life and growth; elaborating the functions of a plant by the same process and with the same exactitude that she determines the polarity of the magnetic needle or the motions of a celestial orb,—and is investing the enlightened cultivator of the soil with a dignity of position which has hitherto been denied him, but to which he is so justly entitled. Agriculture, in its comprehensive sense, is now a science, and has a literature of its own.

Among the various methods which have been adopted to awaken inquiry among farmers and horticulturists, promote investigation, furnish the means of interchange of thought, kindle the spirit of emulation, and create social harmony and good feeling, few have been more successful than the associations known by the name of farmer's and horticultural clubs. What the Agricultural and Horticultural Society is to the country, these are in many respects to the neighborhood; and the good results, wherever they have been instituted and sustained, are not less apparent. The effect of such associations does not depend so much on the numbers, as in the spirit, zeal, and intelligence of the members, although where the right feeling prevails the more that combine the better. There are few communities, now that the taste for Horticultural and Agricultural improvement so generally prevails throughout the country, where a dozen men cannot be found willing to meet once a month to compare opinions, and communicate the results of their experience and observations. Even half a dozen, if they are men of the right stamp, will make the meetings of such a club most interesting and instructive. Such meetings are the places to discuss and settle all points of a practical character in Agriculture and Horticulture; soils, their qualities, and the crop, fruits, and flowers, best adapted to each kind; Agricultural and Horticultural improvements and their improvement; new theories, and their rationality and practical bearing; questions connected with Agricultural reading and study; in short every thing belonging to the farm, the orchard or the garden, will be found a suitable and fruitful topic of remark. Such a club should possess an Agricultural and Horticultural Library, supported by the contributions of each associate, and open to every member; the books and periodicals should be subject to such regulations as to afford security against loss. The best foreign as well as domestic works on Agriculture, Horticulture and their kindred sciences might always be found, and all the most valuable periodicals useful to the farmer and horticulturist placed on file for reading or reference. To each individual the expense would be far less than if his labors for information were alone and unaided, and the advantages decidedly greater.

Another of the benefits resulting from such an association would, or might be, the formation of an Agricultural and Horticultural Museum, embracing specimens of the various soils cultivated by the members, or any of these remarkable for their fertility or otherwise; specimens to illustrate the geological and mineralogical character of the district, and show the bearing, these sciences have on Agriculture and Horticuture; specimens of the various kinds of grains and cultivated plants, whether remarkable for size, novelty, or their valuable qualities; fruits, flowers, roots, &c., according to the season; together with all such matters as are calculated to interest and instruct such a body of men; the whole as far as possible to be preserved for the benefit of all. Wherever, in Europe or, this country, this or similar plans have been adopted, the results have been most happy, and the cause of Agriculture and Horticulture has received a decided impulse.

We have merely thrown out these hints in the hope that some of our spirited men, in Fort Wayne and its vicinity, may be induced to further develope them and reduce them to practice by the formation of such an association, and thus supply a desideratum which all must acknowledge and regret.

AGROS.

The Flying Dutchman.—Charles Engleman is now confined in our county Jail, awaiting his trial at the Kosciusko Court, on a charge of Grand larceny, a change of venue having been granted from the Allen Court. The history of this man is like that of many other dashing rakes. Some three years since he was at the tip top of fashion in Fort Wayne, sported his gold watch and seals, drove tandem through the streets, enchanted the young Misses with his attentions, and excited the jealousy of many a less favored swain. Of course all this cost money, and as he had no visible resources, rumor had stowed away a fortune for him equal to a California Gold mine. He was however arrested on a charge of robbing the Post Office, and for other thefts, came out of jail on a writ of habeas corpus, and fled to Texas. He was apprehended a few months since, tried before U. S. Court, and released under the statute of limitations. He was then taken to Fort Wayne on a charge of stealing county orders, whence he was sent to his present locality for safe keeping.—*Goshen Democrat.*

☞ An extra session of the Legislature of Mississippi is demanded by the citizens of Hancock Co., in that State, for the purpose of enacting laws prohibiting the further ingress of slaves from the border States of the South. In their petition to the Governor, they represent that the States of Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri, where slavery has ceased to be profitable, from the uncertain tenure by which slaves are held, are now throwing an immense black population on the extreme Southern States which is destined to increase with immense rapidity. To avoid this result, they propose to compel the more Northern of the slaveholding States to retain their slaves within their own borders.

DIED,—Very suddenly, on Monday evening last, Mrs. ANN RICHEY, wife of Mr. James Richey of this place.

Arrivals and Departures of the Mails at FORT WAYNE, Ind.

	Arrives.	Departs.
Piqua,	Mon., Wed., & Fri.	Sun. Tues. & Thurs
Logansp't & Toledo	" " "	Tues Thurs. & Sat
Elkhart	Wednesday & Sat.	Tuesday & Friday.
Lima	Friday	Tuesday.
Angola	Tuesday	Wednesday.
St. Jo	Saturday	Friday.
Van Wert	Sunday	Saturday.
Winchester	Tuesday & Saturday	Monday & Friday.
Whitley	Saturday.	Saturday.

These Paragraphs are not Editorial.

The Rev. L. L. Adams, of Euclid, Ohio, says tha. Vaughns Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture has made a vast number of cures in his vicinity, in the space of a year, and no medicine has ever equalled it in sales.

We do not believe that in the whole history of the patent medicine business the like success can be produced.

Vaughns sales are now occurring all over the United States Canada, South America, &c. What an income the article must be, and what a business too, to take care of. His news paper contracts for advertising are some 20,000 dollars; but we are not going into a detail of the business, reader. If you want to know what it cures, read the advertisements in our paper. Call upon Agents and get a pamphlet. Ask for Vaughns Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture.

IF MOST EXTRAORDINARY WORK!!
THE MARRIED WOMAN'S
Private Medical Companion.
BY DR. A. M. MAURIDEAU.
PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.
84th Edition. 18mo. pp 252. Price One Dollar.
50,000 *Copies Sold in Six Months!*

YEARS of suffering of physical and mental anguish to many an affectionate wife, and pecuniary difficulties to the husband might have been spared; thousands now poor would have enjoyed competence; thousands now broken in health would have enjoyed it; hundreds now in their graves been still alive, by a timely possession of this work.

It is intended especially for the married, or those contemplating marriage, as it discloses important secrets which should be known to them particularly.

Truly, knowledge is power. It is health, happiness, affluence.

The revelations contained in its pages have created a blessing to thousands as the innumerable letters received by the author will testify.

Here, also, every female—the wife, the mother the one either budding into womanhood or the one in the decline of years in whom nature contemplates an important change—can discover the causes, symptoms and the most efficient remedies, and most certain mode of cure, in every complaint to which her sex is subject.

ITS IMPORTANCE TO THE MARRIED

may be gathered from the fact, that *Travelling Agents* make from *THREE TO FIVE DOLLARS A DAY!* from its sale. Hundreds of active, enterprising agents are accumulating a little competence from the liberal discount allowed, and the great demand for it. Orders are required to be accompanied with payment. COPIES WILL BE SENT BY MAIL FREE OF POSTAGE TO THE PURCHASER.

Over twenty thousand copies have been sent by mail within three months with perfect safety and certainty.

On the receipt of $1, the "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" will be sent (*mailed free*) to any part of the United States. All letters and applications from those desiring to become agents must be post paid (except those containing a remittance) and addressed to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, Box 1934, New-York City. Publishing Office, 129 Liberty-st. New-York.

The "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" is sold by Booksellers throughout the United States. 6m28

A Plan for a Jail Wanted.

$25 Will be paid for the best plan for a Jail and Sheriff's residence, by the Commissioners of Allen County. Jail to be thirty by forty feet, two stories high, and the first story eight feet in the clear, second story seven feet in the clear. Sheriff's residence to be eighteen by forty feet, two stories high—a good substantial dwelling. The materials of the outside of both to be either brick or stone. The above amount will be paid for a plan which the Commissioners may adopt, conforming with the above, embracing full specifications and estimates. Plans to be submitted to the Commissioners at their adjourned session, Saturday, March 31st, 1849. By order of the Board,

H. W. JONES, Auditor.
March 17, 1849. 3w37.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of 2 Fi Fas. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the seventh day of April, A. D. 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The east half of the south west quarter of section seven, in township thirty, north of range thirteen, east; containing eighty acres. The east part of the south east quarter of section one, in township thirty, north of range twelve, east. Section twenty-seven, in township thirty, north of range thirteen, east. The north half of section twenty-two, in township thirty one, north of range twelve, east.—West part of the south west quarter of section twenty-six, in township thirty, north of range eleven, east. The west half of the south east quarter, and east half of the south west quarter of section twenty-seven, in township thirty, north of range eleven, east. The south east quarter, and south half of the north east quarter of section five, in township thirty-one, north of range fourteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Philip G. Jones, at the suit of Anthony Lutz.

S. S. MORSS, Sheff A. C.
March 10, 1849 [$1 60] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Ninety acres off of the south part of the north west quarter of section thirty-six, town thirty-two, range thirteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Ez a May, at the suit of John R. Hanks.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
March 10, 1849. [$1 60] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Venditioni Exponas to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1 49, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Lot numbered one hundred one seventy-two, (172) in the old plat of the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Dance's Compart, at the suit of William W. Maynard.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff, A. C.
March 10, 1849. [$3 50] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi. Fa. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The north half of town lot numbered eight (8) in Hanna's addition to the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate, or so much ther of as may be necessary. Taken as the property of Asa Naylor, at the suit of Jacob C. Bowser.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
Fort Wayne, March 10, 1849 [$1 81] 3w36

To Country Merchants.

I offer at wholesale
25 doz. E. & J. Wilbur's handled Cast Steel Hoes.
20 " superior article Grass Scythes.
20 " assorted qualities Scythe Snaths.
9 boxes " " Sythe Stones.

The above will be sold to the trade at manufacturer's prices, the same as they are sold at the places where they are made.

Merchants making out their orders for the east will do well first to examine these goods and their prices. PETER P. BAILEY,
March 3, 1849. Hard Ware Store.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following assessment has been ordered by the Directors of the Fort Wayne & Lima Turnpike Company: Three dollars on each share of stock subscribed in money, payable to C. W. Jeffords, Treasurer of said Company, at his office in Fort Wayne, on or before the first day of May next.

SAM'L. HANNA, Prest.
O. W. JEFFERDS, Clerk.
March 3, 1849.

10 Bbls. ROSIN for sale cheap.
H. B. REED

Co-partnership Notice.

THE undersigned having this day taken into co-partnership his brother, ADRIAN B. MILLER, the business in future will be conducted in the name and firm of A. B. MILLER & Co.

A. B. MILLER.
Fort Wayne, March 7, 1849.

Dissolution.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of WALKER & Co. was, on the 4th of August, 1848, dissolved by mutual consent.

JAMES WALKER
JAMES B. HANNA.

The business of said firm will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, at the old stand in Zanesville, Wells Co. Ia. JAS. WALKER.
March 10, 1849. pd—3w36.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between James B. Hanna & Calvin Potter, under the firm of J. B. Hanna & Co, was on the 14th day of February, 1849, dissolved by mutual consent.

J. B. HANNA,
CALVIN POTTER.

Huntertown, March 12, 1849.

Having purchased the entire interest of Mr. Potter, in the firm of J. B. Hanna & Co., I will continue the business at the old stand, where I will be happy to see my old customers.

March 12, '49, J. B. HANNA.

To my Fort Wayne Customers.

PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to me by note or book account, will please call on J. B. Dubois, Esq., and settle immediately.

J. B. HANNA.
Fort Wayne, March 14, 1849.

Township Election.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Election will be held on Monday, the 2d of April, 1849, at the usual place of holding elections in Wayne Township, Allen Co. Ia., for the purpose of electing three Trustees, one Township Clerk, one Township Treasurer, and one Supervisor for each road district in said Township, to serve for 1 year. There will also at the same time be a vote taken for or against the sale of the School land belonging to Wayne Township being Congressional Township No. 29 Range 12 East.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
CHAS. F. COLERICK,
March 10. 1849 Township Clerk.

Allen Circuit Court.
Malachi Stiles, vs. George Dobson.
In Chancery.

COMES now the complainant, and it appearing by the affidavit of a disinterested person that the said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Indiana: It is ordered that notice of the pendency of this suit be given to said defendant, by publication in the Fort Wayne Sentinel, a public newspaper of general circulation, printed at Fort Wayne, in said County, notifying said defendant of the pendency of this suit; and that unless he plead answer or demur to the same on or before the first calling of the cause in the next term of this court, to be held at the court house in the city of Fort Wayne, on the second Monday of July next, the said bill of complaint will be taken as confessed against him.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.
M. JENKINSON, S. Pr.
March 10. 1849. [$2 20] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Lot number one hundred and seventy-two, (172) in the old plat of the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Thomas W. Swinney.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
March 10, 1849. [$3 88] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: East half of the south west quarter of section eighteen, town thirty, range fourteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Philip G. Jones, at the suit of Anthony Lutz.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
March 10. 1849 [$1 60] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Ninety acres off of the south part of the north west quarter of section thirty-six, town thirty-two, range thirteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Ez a May, at the suit of John R. Hanks.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
March 10, 1849. [$1 60] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Venditioni Exponas to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1 49, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Lot numbered one hundred one seventy-two, (172) in the old plat of the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate Taken as the property of Dance's Compart, at the suit of William W. Maynard.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff, A. C.
March 10, 1849. [$3 50] 3w36.

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S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
Fort Wayne, March 10, 1849 [$1 81] 3w36

To Country Merchants.

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25 doz. E. & J. Wilbur's handled Cast Steel Hoes.
20 " superior article Grass Scythes.
20 " assorted qualities Scythe Snaths.
9 boxes " " Sythe Stones.

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Merchants making out their orders for the east will do well first to examine these goods and their prices. PETER P. BAILEY,
March 3, 1849. Hard Ware Store.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following assessment has been ordered by the Directors of the Fort Wayne & Lima Turnpike Company: Three dollars on each share of stock subscribed in money, payable to C. W. Jefferds, Treasurer of said Company, at his office in Fort Wayne, on or before the first day of May next.

SAM'L. HANNA, Prest.
O. W. JEFFERDS, Clerk.
March 3, 1849.

10 Bbls. ROSIN for sale cheap.
H. B. REED

Co-partnership Notice.

THE undersigned having this day taken into co-partnership his brother, ADRIAN B. MILLER, the business in future will be conducted in the name and firm of A. B. MILLER & Co.

A. B. MILLER.
Fort Wayne, March 7, 1849.

Dissolution.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of WALKER & Co. was, on the 4th of August, 1848, dissolved by mutual consent.

JAMES WALKER
JAMES B. HANNA.

The business of said firm will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, at the old stand in Zanesville, Wells Co. Ia. JAS. WALKER.
March 10, 1849. pd—3w36.

Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.

THE subscriber offers for sale at his Nursery one mile south of Fort Wayne, (formerly occupied by Matthew Griggs) a variety of the finest FRUIT TREES of the most approved varieties; together with SHRUBBERY, VINES, &c. The list includes

PEARS.	CHERRIES.
Bergamot.	Large Red.
Bell.	Black Heart.
Large Butter.	PEACHES.
Sugar.	Rare Ripe.
APPLES.	Large Yellow.
Rambo.	Long Island.
Bell Flower.	Large Red Cling.
Yellow Harvest.	SHRUBBERY.
Dwarf.	Lilacs.
PLUMS.	Snow Ball.
Large Blue.	Blue Snow Berry.
Yellow Round.	White Flowering Almond.
	Large Red double Rose.

QUINCES—*Several kinds;* SIBERIAN CRABS; 300 *Early Grape roots.*

Together with a variety of other SHRUBBERY and ROOTS too numerous to mention.

March 1, 1849. F. D. LASSELLE.

State of Indiana, } Noble Circuit Court,
Noble County, ss. } April Term, 1849.
Chancery.

Reuben D. Turner, vs. George T. Ulmer, Justus C. Alsord.

WHERE it has been made satisfactorily to appear to the court that the said George T. Ulmer is not a resident of the State of Indiana: It is ordered by the court that the said George T. Ulmer be notified of the pendency of said bill, by publication in the Fort Wayne Sentinel, and unless he plead, answer, or demur to said bill, on or before the next calling of the cause, the same will be taken as confessed against him, and a decree entered thereon accordingly. WM. F. ENGEL, Clerk.

JOHN B. HOWE, Sol'r. for Comp't.
March 3, 1849. [$1 80] 3w35.

BOOK BINDERY.

THE subscriber having procured the services of a *book binder*, is now prepared to bind and rebind all kinds of books in the neatest and most substantial manner. Call at WALKER'S Book Store.

CASH paid for HIDES.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

MITTS & GLOVES.—Silk Lisle, Kid Worked & Cotton, just received and for sale cheap at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

Wholesale Liquor Store
AND
Rectifying Establishment,
Columbia st. east, 2 doors east of Clinton, FORT WAYNE, Ia.

S. BEAL informs Tavern and Grocery Keepers, dealers in Liquors, and the public in general, that he has enlarged his establishment, and is now prepared to furnish any quantity of superior

DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKEY

at the lowest prices. He has also just received a large stock of choice

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
WINES & LIQUORS, &c.,

which he can warrant to be superior and FAR CHEAPER than can be purchased short of the Eastern Cities. A call and inspection of his stock and prices will convince all good judges that they will both

Save Money and gratify the taste of their Customers

by laying in their supply at this establishment.

He has now on hand choice articles of pure old *French Cognac Brandies, Port Wine, Rum, Gin,* &c., for Medicinal use, warranted genuine and pure as imported, which he offers lower than has been paid for the adulterated articles usually sold in this market.

His stock includes

Pure old A. Seignette Brandy	Pure Juice Port Wine
" " Rostend Cherry "	Durand's " "
" " A. Seignette "	Other brands " "
J. J. Dupuy "	Sweet Malaga "
Several fine Domestic "	Madeira "
Old Cherry "	Native "
Jamaica Rum	Rinol "
St. Croix "	Superior Rectified Whiskey
Old Holland's Gin	Old Rye "
Rose "	East India Bitters "
Wheeler's "	Staughton "
American "	

Ale, *Decanters, Tumblers, Bottles, Loaf Sugar,* &c. All Brandies, Wines, and Glass will be sold from

20 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than has ever been sold in this market.

Persons wanting any quantity—from a quart to a hogshead—of Wines or Liquors will do well to call, as they may depend on every article being exactly what it is represented, and at the lowest rates at all times.

Dec. 9, 1848. y—23.

ARRIVAL OF THE
Mammoth Stock of Goods
At A. B. Miller's.
NIAGARA STORE.
November 10, 1848

A. B. MILLER has just received at this establishment a very large and well selected stock of Staple *Goods,* &c., &c., which, together with his former large supply he is determined to dispose of during this fall and winter at the very lowest rates.

The attention of the community is particularly called to his large stock of

DRY GOODS!
Groceries. Hardware,

which will be found to comprise nearly every article required by the people. The assortment of *Glassware, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Woodenware, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs,*

will be found in all respects equal, if not superior to any other stock in this city. A supply of IRON, NAILS, SALT, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE, &c., is generally kept on hand.—Also, TANNER'S OIL of extra quality, by the barrel or single gallon.

The public in order to accommodate themselves, to prove the truth of this statement, as well as to save money, will please call at

A. B. MILLER'S NIAGARA STORE.

WANTED, in exchange for the above goods or for cash, Black Salts, Ashes, Scorchings, Tallow, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Barley, Butter, Eggs Staves, &c., &c.,

NEW RAISINS.—A few boxes THIS YEAR'S crop of Raisins received and for sale by A. B. MILLER.

GLASS WARE.—A splendid assortment of Glass Ware, including Celery Stands large Preserve dishes on foot, Castors and Bottles, Molasses Cans with Britannia lids and linings, together with Decanters, Tumblers, Lanterns, &c., the best assortment in the city, just received and for sale low by

Dec. 9, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

STONE, EARTHEN, AND IRON WARE.—A large supply always on hand and for sale at the lowest rates at A. B. Miller's

Dec. 9, 1848. NIAGARA STORE.

Confectionary.

J. A. COLERICK has just received his Winter Stock, consisting in part, of an extensive variety of Fancy and other Confectionary.

Raisins,	Brazil Nuts,	Luna Cigars,
Prunes,	Pea Nuts.	Half Spanish,
Dates, Figs,	Pickles,	Schoot's Chewing &
Currants,	Syrups,	Smoking Tobacco,
Citron,	Sauces,	Macaboy Snuff,
Tamerands,	Sods Biscuit,	Shaving Soap,
Soft Shell'd Almonds	Boston Crackers,	Toilet "
Paper " "	Ginger Nuts,	Scented Ban,
Filberts,	Principe Cigars,	Rosin "
Chestnuts,	Havana, "	Poland Starch, &c.

Java and Rio Coffee, Chocolate, Young Hyson, Gunpowder and Imperial Tea, Loaf, Lump, Havana, Muscovado and N. O. Sugar; Sperm, Star, and Mould Candles, &c., &c.

Country Merchants who purchase Confections, &c, for retail, would do well to call.

20y. J. A. C.

Lost!

ABOUT the first of February, a BRACELET, with three MOSAIC SETTINGS.—The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at No. 3 Jones' Block.

Not for California!!
CHARLES PINE,
Undertaker & Cabinetmaker,

RETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for the liberal patronage he has received, and hopes that by strict attention to business he will still continue to receive a share of public patronage. All kinds of CABINET WARE kept constantly on hand and made to order. All kinds of CHAIRS will be made to order and kept on hand.—*Furniture repaired* at the shortest notice and in the best style. Also,

Prompt attention will be paid to the

Undertaking Business

Coffins kept constantly on hand and made to order in the best style. *Hearses and Carriages* furnished on all occasions if required.

From long experience and strict attention to the Undertaking and Cabinet business, he feels assured to render full satisfaction to all those who may favor him with their custom.

Shop on Calhoun Street, opposite Mr. Kiser's.
Feb. 17, 1849. 3m33.

Another Arrival of New Goods.

MRS. DYKES has just received a splendid assortment of Lustres, Mohairs, Alpaccas, Lyonese Cloths, Grandillas, Fo de Soies, &c., &c. Also, a few pieces of beautiful ENGLISH CALICOES, from 16 cents a yard—*American Do. from 5 cents!* White and colored Flannels, Linseys, &c.

Sept, 30, 1848.

OLD HICKS, Image of his Father, and Mary Grover: also The Three Guardsmen, for sale at WALKER'S.

NEW BOOKS
At Walker's Book Store.
No. 2 Hanna's Block.

THE subscriber is now receiving his winter supply of *BOOKS AND STATIONERY,* consisting of a full and complete assortment of *Fancy, Miscellaneous and School Books. Plain and Fancy Stationery of all kinds;* being the largest assortment ever brought to this place. Come one! Come all! examine our assortment whether you wish to purchase or not.

CHAS. R. WALKER.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 18 1848. 20

Fort Wayne Female College.

OUR patrons and friends are hereby informed that the Fall Term of our institution will close on the 12th of December next, and the WINTER TERM commences the next day.

Prices of Tuition.

In the Primary Department,		$2 00	per quarter.
" Academic	"	3 00	" "
" Collegiate	"	5 00	" "
Music on the Piano, extra		7 00	" "

Each student will be charged thirty-one and a half cents per quarter for *Incidental Expenses.*

☞ Tuition bills must be paid in advance.

G. H. COUND.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 25, 1848.

JAMES' NOVELS.—The works of G. P. R. James in cheap form, for sale at
Dec. 9, 1848. WALKER'S

Excelsior.

Upward and onward is the Motto of the Great West.

☞ SMITH & Co. No 3 Jones' Block, Fort Wayne, Ind., invite all to the head, and read the GREAT REVOLUTION IN PRICES of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware, Boots & Shoes, Queensware, &c.

Their tremendous heavy stock of Goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Their Cotton Goods were purchased at the GREAT COTTON RAM ESTABLISHMENT, and will be sold as low as prices can most merchants pay for them in New York City. As an evidence call and see that

Real Heavy Yard-Wide Cotton Cloth sixteen Yards for one Dollar!!

Such as is usually sold for 10 cents and never less than 8 cents per yard by any one else. They also stick to their old motto of ☞ *No Shaving on Orders, Due Bills or Barter Trades,* ☜ but an even up cash price strictly adhered to in all cases. Call, see, try, and you will not deny the truth of the above.

WANTED: All kinds of PRODUCE, & BLACK SALTS.

SALERATUS AT WHOLESALE.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 21 1848. 1y.

Wines and Liquors.

Brandy.	Wines.
J. J. Dupuy.	Pure Juice Port.
Jorl Wolf.	South Side Madeira.
Chatnel.	Golden Sherry.
A. Seignette.	Mountain Malaga.
St. Croix Rum.	
Holland Gin.	
Irish Whiskey,	

all of which are warranted pure for sale by
Dec. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

Blank Deeds & Mortgages

neatly printed on
Beautiful Script Type.
For sale at this Office.

Copartnership.

H. B. REED having associated with him in business Watson Wall, the business will hereafter be conducted under the style of H. B. Reed & Co. HUGH B. REED,
January 1st, 1849. WATSON WALL.

New Year's Call!

A CALL FOR BARK, AND A CALL FOR HIDES

THE subscriber will pay CASH for Bark, and any thing the people wish for Hides.

Call at the OLD RED TANNERY of Mr. P. H Taylor without delay. R. M. LYON.
January 1, 1849. 2mo.

150 Lbs. PARIS GREEN Gold in 5 lb. 6 lb. cans; also, 500 lbs. dry, a superior article for blinds. H. B. REED.

20 Bbls. TANNER'S OIL, warranted of the very best quality, for sale at the very lowest rate. H. B. REED.

UNITED STATES
WHOLESALE
Clothing Warehouse!!

LEWIS & HANFORD,
Nos. 252 & 256 PEARL STREET,
(Between Fulton street and Burlinglip)
NEW YORK,
HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
CLOTHING
IN THE
UNITED STATES,
Adapted to the Southern and South Western Market!!

In the article of
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
We keep an endless variety.
Also the most extensive manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHING
AND
COVERED HATS
In the World.
Plain and Fashionable Clothing, of all kinds.
LEWIS & HANFORD,
w34 Nos. 252 & 256 Pearl St.

Dr. Woodworth

HAS removed his office to his house, two doors East of the Palo Alto Hotel, Wayne street. October 28, 1848.

Copartnership.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr., having formed a partnership with Reuben D. Turner, under the name and style of Hough & Turner, the firm will continue a general Land agency and Collecting business at the office of the "Indiana Land Agency." JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Feb. 1, '49. REUBEN D. TURNER.

Town Lots for Sale,
At the Indiana Land and Tax Agency.

THE subscribers offer the following Lots for sale, situate in Fort Wayne as follows:

HANNA'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 166, 37, 38 39, 40, 536, 278, and 279.

COUNTY ADDITION AND OLD PLAT.—7, 49, 6, 48, 72, and e. 1-3 of 75, part 59.

EWING'S ADDITION.—Lot 3, Block 27; Lot 7, Block 3; lot 4, block 27; lot 8, block 3; lot 4, block 26; lot 9, block 3; lot 7, block 25; lot 1, block 4.

TABOR'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 2, 29, and 30.

They will be sold low for cash or on a credit.
HOUGH & TURNER.
Feb. 3, 1849. y31.

INDIANA LAND AND TAX AGENCY.

THE subscribers, proprietors of the above Agency, will continue the business of a

"GENERAL LAND AGENCY"

in all its various branches, and tender their services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents,* and other services pertaining to a systematic and General Land Agency Business. They are provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—have personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana, and have numerous and careful correspondents, and are therefore prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the ownership, soil, location and value of lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.

As agents for the owner, they offer for sale large bodies of valuable land, well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	18,706	Noble County	8,847
DeKalb "	7,024	Whitley "	8,808
Steuben "	2,868	Huntington "	5,364
Lagrange "	995	Wabash "	7,763
Kosciusko "	5,480	Miamie "	827
Blackford "	2,774	Carrol "	820
Jay "	536	Cass "	640
Wells "	2,420	Fulton "	1,289
Adams "	996	Marshall "	357
Elkhart "	721	White "	1,547
Fountain "	1,848	Montgomery "	720
Putnam "	897	Clinton "	897
Parke "	535	Marion "	320

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a reasonable credit. Title rendered indisputable.

They also offer for sale

Several Valuable Improved Farms.

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of

Town Lots

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WARREN, ERIE and MARION. Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desirous to purchase.

Office at the sign of the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street. HOUGH & TURNER.
Fort Wayne, February 3, 1849 y31.

NAILS, spikes, and Brass, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

SHAWLS.—Plaid Long, Basket Braid, Robe Roy, Strathie, Cashmere, and Delain, the greatest assortment ever brought to this market at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

CAPS.—Fine Cloth, Fur Trimed, Fur, Seal, and Sealett, very cheap at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

LOG & Trace Chains, at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

STATIONERY.—Blank & Memorandum Books, 1st 2d, 3d, and 4th Readers, Spelling Books, Pool Cap and Letter Paper, &c. at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Deeds and Mortgages

FOR sale by the dozen or single, at the book store of C. R. WALKER.

ALMANACS for 1849, for sale by the Dozen or Gross at WALKER'S
Dec 9, 1848. No. 2, Hanna's Block

FRENCH PAPETTRIES.—A most beautiful article, good as the best, for sale at
Dec. 9, 1848. WALKER'S.

TOBACCO.—Twenty boxes Tobacco to close consignment, for sale at Cincinnati prices by WALKER.

BRANDY & WINE.—A pure article of Brandy and Wine for Medicine use can be found at WALKER'S Store.

3 Bbls. CAMPHOR for sale very low by
H. B. REED

DR. Hart's Vegetable Extract for Fits, also, Dr. McKenzie's Elixir of Opium just rec'd, and for sale by H. B. REED.

BRUSHES.—A very large assortment of White Wash, Shoe, Marking, Graining, Flesh Paint, Dusting, &c., for sale very cheap. Oct. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

IRON! IRON!! Just received from Cincinnati, a complete assortment of Iron, which we offer for sale at the Lowest price
22 ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

STEEL.—Cast, German, Sweeds & American Blister Steel, at the FARMERS' DEPOT

NAILS.—100 Kegs just received and for sale by ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

GLASS.—500 Boxes of 8 by 10 10 by 12, 10 by 14, and all other sizes generally in use at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

COFFEE.—50 Sacks best Rio Coffee, just received and for sale low at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

TEA.—10 Chests Young and Old Hyson Tea; also Imperial and Gunpowder Tea, which is offered for sale very cheap at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

SUGAR. 50 bbls N. O Sugar of the best kind at the FARMER'S DEPOT.

MOLASSES.—Sugar House and N. O. Molasses just the sort for Family use, at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S

PRINTS.—100 pieces Prints of the latest and best quality just received and for sale low at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

WORKED COLLARS.—The nicest article ever offered in this market at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

FRENCH REVOLUTION, by Carlyle, Two Volumes, for sale by WALKER.

DENTAL SURGERY.

DR. MEACHAM (Dentist) having been in the practice for 18 years in Ohio, and in the South, has concluded to locate in Fort Wayne, and offers his services to the public. He considers attending to the operations of repairing the teeth, such as cleaning, extracting, plugging, inserting, removing decay by files and cutters, &c., &c., will also attend to curing scurvy of the gums, diseased sockets and antrum. Scurvy is known by the gums bleeding easily, being spongy, leaving the necks of the teeth bare, and finally the teeth become loose and drop out. This scurvy Dr. M. can effectually cure if taken in season. Exposed nerve can be destroyed with little or no pain. Offensive breath caused by diseased gums and sockets Dr. M. can effectually cure. He has about 30 different instruments for extracting, which enables him to take out teeth with less pain and more safety than the usual method. Price of extracting, 25 to 50 cents for each tooth or separate root. Office over J. B Shoaff's Drug Store, and under the Odd Fellow's Hall, on Calhoun street. Expense of the operations made known before operating, when desired. Work warranted.

November 4, 1848. m11

SEASONED Flooring for sale by
A. B. MILLER

OAK OPENINGS, by Jas Fennimore Cooper, for sale at WALKER'S.

RIDING BRIDLES, Martingals, Stirrup Irons &c., &c., for sale low at
22 A. B. MILLER'S NIAGARA STORE.
Fort Wayne, December 2, 1848. 22.

For Sale—Cheap.

A good story and a half DWELLING HOUSE, in good repair with an excellent cellar, well, stable carriage house, &c., and surrounded by Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.—situate in Rockhill's Addition, on Wayne street, near the Ladies' Seminary. It will be sold at a bargain Inquire of CHAS. A. FINK.
Feb. 3, 1849. 3w31.

PERCUSSION NOTES, just printed, for sale at this Office.
Fort Wayne February 10. 1849.

AXES, AXES.—Hunt's and Collins' Broad bit Rail Road Axes, for sale at
22 A. B. MILLER'S NIAGARA STORE.

TOBACCO.—A few Kegs and Boxes for sale at Wholesale on Commission, very cheap for cash only at EDSALL'S.

CAMBRIC Inserting, Linen, Silk, and Cotton Edgings, Linen and Cotton Bobbins, and Coronation Cord, for sale at
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN

VEILS.—Black & Green Silk and Green Gauze, for sale very low at the
Sept. 23. FARMERS' DEPOT.

CIGARS! CIGARS!!

JUST receiving 30,000 of the choicest brands La Invation, La Carlotta, La Antiguedad La Flora. H.

More New Goods.

THE Public.—eunecia [illegible] those who like to get good Bargains,— [illegible] make the most of a [illegible] money—or to buy in a place where they can depend on getting the best articles at the lowest prices—are invited to call and examine [illegible] newly arrived stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

which having been selected with especial care and purchased on favorable terms, will be found well adapted to the wants of the country, and will be sold at such extremely low Rates, that all [illegible] choice call will be sure to repent the visit.—Among the Dry Goods will be found a fine and [illegible] assortment of Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, [illegible] Sattinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Linseys, plain and plaid, Flannels, white and colored Oregon Plaids, Alpaccas, De Laine, Cashmeres, Merinoes, &c. Calicoes,—of the luteat and most beautiful styles, from 5 cents per yard! Sheetings and shirtings much lower than usual [illegible]s, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons, Trimmings, Fancy Articles in abundance, Wedding, Bating, &c., &c.

Boots & Shoes, Ready Made Clothing, Cloth, Fur, Plush, and Glazed Caps, &c.

Full and choice assortment of

Fresh Groceries,

including Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Tobacco, Cut [illegible]s, Raisins by the quarter box,—Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon; Dye Stuffs, Madder, Copperas, Annato, Indigo, Alum, &c.

HARDWARE,—a pretty general assortment, such as Cut, Hand, and Buck saws; Files,—Drawing Knives, Butcher Do. Table Cutlery, Draw Knives, Butts, Screws, Latches and Door Locks, Trace and Log Chains, &c.

Also a general assortment of

Crockery and Glassware;

Spanish Sole Leather, Nails and Glass, Stone and Red Ware, &c.

We hope our individual friends will continue their patronage to the new firm, and no pains shall be spared to give general satisfaction to our customers. Our stock is large, and having been bought on favorable terms, we will sell to Country Merchants at WHOLESALE on such terms as will make it an object to them to purchase.

There are so many *gaudy* advertisements published now, that some may not be willing to believe that all we have here said is true, and that The Farmer's Depot is the real place to get BARGAINS.

To all such we have only to say, give us a call and your scepticism shall vanish; all we ask is, that you call and satisfy yourselves.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN,

Sept. 15, 1848. 11y

LATEST ARRIVAL.

At T. K. Brackenridge & Co's.

OUR long looked for stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS have come to hand, and we are now prepared to accommodate all who may favor us with a call. Our stock is of the latest and finest styles, having been carefully selected and intended for this market alone, and consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Muffs, Hoods, Bonnets, Boas, &c., Nails, Glass, Leather, Salt, Wicking, Wadding, Batts, Cotton Yarn, &c. &c.

In our stock of DRY GOODS will be found, French and English Cloths of all colors and a variety of pieces; also French Doe Skin, English, and Fancy Cassimeres, some of very pretty; a full stock of Satinetts of all colors and prices, from three shillings to one dollar and twenty-five cts.; also Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, and Cords; a full and fine stock of

CALICOES from Sixpence to two Shillings;

Blue, Blue and Orange for one shilling; a first rate article of full *yard wide Muslin for sixpence per yard*, do 8 cents, three quarters; five-fourths for one shilling, extra fine for one shilling. Bleached do from 8 cents to two shillings.

To the LADIES, we would say that our stock of

Dress Goods and Trimmings

is fine one, consisting of Plaid, Satin, Striped, and plain Silks, Gros de Rhine and Gro de Suisse; Lustres; Plaid, Plain, and Striped Alpacoas; Mode, Black, Plaid, and Stripe Satin Warp do; Cashmeres and De Lanes. Also, a new and fashionable DRESS GOODS lately brought into market, and having the name of the great French Republican *Lamartine*. The stock of TRIMMINGS will be found, Gimps, Fringes, Laces, Buttons, &c. Give us a call at least, Ladies, and examine our stock.

Our assortment of GROCERIES is large and fine. Java, Rio and Laguira Coffee from 8 to 11 pounds to the dollar;—New Orleans, Loaf, Lump, Crushed, and Powdered Sugars; Imperial, Gunpowder, and Young Hyson Teas; Pimento and Pepper, ground and in the grain; Mustard, Chocolade, &c.—Tobacco—Cavendish, Common, Fine Cut, Pressed, and Smoking.

Our stock of QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE is large, consisting of Flowing Blue, by the set or piece; Liverpool do; Agate do; Common and extra Tumblers; Pepper, Salts, and Preserves.

BOOTS AND SHOES—A fine selection Stoga Boots from two dollars to 2,50 per pair; Kip and Calf do., Youths' and Boys' do., Stoga, Kip, and Calf Shoes, Youths' and Boys' do., Ladies' and Misses' Morocco Lace Boots, Buskins, Walking Shoes, Slips, and Gaiters; Children and Infants do. Ladies', Gents' and Misses' Gum Elastic Over Shoes, French, Solid, Strap, and Manufactured.

Ladies' Muffs, a few first rate African Lynx, Jenet, &c., Misses, a fine lot. Gents fashionable Silk and Fur HATS; Cloth, Plush, Oil Silk, Fur, and Seal CAPS from two shillings to two dollars.

CASH paid for WHEAT, and all kinds of Produce. Corn, Oats, Flaxseed, Beeswax, Ginseng, Butter, Eggs, &c., taken in exchange for Goods and the highest price paid for the same at the Hoosier Store, Corner of Main & Calhoun Streets, opposite John Trentmann's.

October 26, 1848. v17.

CASH FOR WHEAT.

THE Farmers are respectfully requested to call at A. B. Miller before selling their wheat, as he designs buying for CASH, and will pay as high a price as the eastern market will justify.

July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

Abdominal Supporters.

THE Gent's at the other end of the street had as well not get into a passion about an extra [illegible] humbug; a *good* article can be found at H. B. Reed's for half the money; also Shoulder Braces. Call and see.

500 Boxes GLASS WARE just received from the Pittsburgh manufactories also, 200 Boxes Window Glass, all sizes and of the best brands, for sale at a very small advance

Dec. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

200 Best Sp. Fl. INDIGO, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

LAMP OIL.—Three bbls. Purified Lamp Oil, for sale low. H. B. REED.

12 Bbls. Spts. TURPENTINE for sale by H. B. REED.

Co Partnership Notice.

J. E. HILL & G. WILSON, have formed a co-partnership with A. M. ORBISON as Dealers in Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, at their old stand, under the name of Hill, Wilson, & Co. Also to conduct a general business of Storage, Forwarding, and Commission, and Dealers in Produce, under the name of Hill, Orbison, & Co., in the Warehouse recently occupied by Nichols and Hoagland.

J. E. HILL,
G. WILSON,
A. M. ORBISON,

September 16, 1848.

THE highest market price in cash will be paid for FURS by

Nov. 25, 1848. C. R. WALKER.

PRINTS from 3 cts expense to two Shillings for sale by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

POWDER, Lead, Shot, and percussion caps—water proof and common, for sale very low by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

NAILS & GLASS of all kinds, for sale cheap by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

HATS & CAPS.—The largest, cheapest, and best assortment ever seen here. Caps from 75 to $3 00. E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

RIBBONS Artificials, Trimmings, Laces, Edgings, and every thing new or tasty in the Fancy line—a large and splendid assortment. The Ladies are invited to call and examine, at E. D. BATLETT & Co's.

Queensware by the Package.

5 PACKAGES assorted Ware, with a large assortment of Common, Liverpool, Granite, and China Ware at retail by

Nov. 15, 1847 HILL, WILSON & Co.

P. P. Bailey

HAS opened his NEW WARE HOUSE on the north side of the Canal, opposite his *Hard Ware Store*, and adjoining Hamilton & Williams' Mill where he is ready TO PAY CASH

For Flour, Wheat, Pork and Corn,

OR TAKE THE SAME ON STORAGE.

Country Merchants and Farmers, who wish to store for the winter instead of selling, can do so at a low rate of Storage, and have the same insured against loss by fire. If the proprietor be not the purchaser while the produce is in Store, in that case there will be no charge for Storage. *Cash Advances* made whenever desired in Produce in store to go forward in Spring.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. Hamilton & Williams, *Fort Wayne, Ind.*
" Samuel Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, Cash'r of Bk "
" Peckham & Bradbury, *Toledo, Ohio.*
" Collins, Brown, & Co's "
" Brownlee & Brown, "
" G. S. Hazard, *Buffalo, N. Y.*
" W. S. Hawley, "
" Col. James H. Hooker, *Buffalo, Troy, New York, and Boston.*

N. B. HARDWARE BUSINESS continued as usual at the old stand, sign of Pad Lock.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 7, 1847 23.

GROCERIES.

A Full assortment of choice Family Groceries just received. S. & W. S. EDSALL.

New Books.

COURT of Monti Christo, by Dumas.
Life in London, by Reynolds. "
Black Prophet, by Carleton. "
Manœuvering Mother, by Carleton. "
Christopher Tadpole, by Smith. "
Cruise of the Midge, "
And hosts of others, for sale at

May 13, 1848 WALKER'S

CIDER VINEGAR.—Cider Vinegar of superior quality and warranted pure, for sale by the barrel or gallon at the Niagara Store.

July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

On Hand,

SALERATUS of superior quality—Manufactured and for sale at the lowest market price, next door to Nichols & Hoagland's, by

Jan. 1, '48. 28 tf. F. H. TYLER.

Dress Goods.

50 Pc's ALPACAS, Black and Colored all grades, from 2 to 10 shillings per yard *Cashmeres DeLanes, Ginghams*, Black and Col'd SILKS &c., at HILL, WILSON & Co's.

HUMPHREY & BROWN

Stone Cutters and Stone Masons.

DEALERS in Stone, Lime, Marble, Monuments, Tomb Stones, Table Tops of the quality, American & Italian Marble, Cut Stone for building, and all Jobs in the Stone Line done to order. Shop and Lime Kilns on the Canal, west of Ewings Warehouse and Boat Yard.

JAMES HUMPHREY. J. H. BROWN.

August 4th, 1848. y40.

Stoves. Stoves. Stoves!

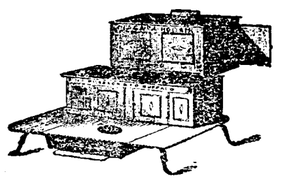
MORE of the latest styles and most improved patents in the way of HOT AIR COOKING STOVES, are now arriving at the OLD Stand.

SIGN OF THE PAD LOCK.

From the following descriptions it will be seen that exertion is the proprietor of this establishment is constantly making to supply the public with the latest improvements in the line of his business.

He now offers for sale the splendid 4 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking STOVE.



Warranted to economise fifty per cent in the amount of fuel it uses, and the time it takes to boil or bake, over any other stove in use in this or any other country.

The next is the same man's patent of 3 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking Stove,

which take in nearly three feet wood, with all the advantages of the other. (See plate above.

These Stoves took the first premium at a recent fair of the Erie County agricultural society, New York.

Next comes the good old EMPIRE HOT AIR COOKING STOVE, which is so well known in this country, *with two ovens*, one being portable. Also, the

Hathaway Hot Air Cooking Stove,

the excellent qualities of which will be readily testified to, by a number of families in Fort Wayne, who have them in use,—the proprietor's own family being one of that number. The next is another new stove called the

Knickerbacker Hot Air,

which is now having a great run in the East, and no doubt will run quite as fastout West, as soon as it is seen and its qualities understood.

Then comes the Premium Cooking Stoves all sizes;

The Noncondensing Hot Air Parlor Stoves;
The Ten and Seven Plate Stoves;

All of them are made of the best and heaviest Castings, and are

Warranted to stand fire.

without breaking.

After these comes the *Russia Sheet Iron Parlor Office Stoves*, made to order, any size that may be wanted.

TIN WARE manufactured and sold wholesale at Eastern prices. Country merchants will find it to their advantage to call here for their supplies of this article.

Tin Plate, Sheet Copper Sheet Iron and *Block Tin* kept constantly on hand and for sale to the trade, at the New York Hardware Store, sign of the Pad Lock.

P. P. BAILEY.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 10, 1847.

Annuals for 1849.

LEAFLETS OF MEMORY, Book of Pearl—The Snow Flake, The Ruby, Women of the Bible, and many others may be found at

20 WALKER'S BOOK STORE.

NOTE PAPER and Envelopes—a most splendid article for sale at

20 WALKER'S BOOK STORE.

MEN'S SADDLES.—A. B. Miller offers for sale a few Men's and Ladies' Saddles at very low rates, call and see them, Also, 2 setts Fancy Buggy Harness. 22.

Bounty Land Warrants

BOUGHT AND SOLD BY

THOMAS PRITCHARD.

THE subscriber is prepared to pay CASH and the Highest Price for any quantity of Land Warrants that may be offered. He also sells the same on favorable terms, giving favorable chance for any person seeking a location in a new country to buy land at an expense of not more than 75 cents per acre.

He also offers about 2000 acres of first rate WILD LAND in Adams, Wells, and Allen counties, which will be sold at from $2,00 to $2,50 per acre. Persons wishing to buy land would find it to their advantage to give him a call. THOMAS PRITCHARD.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 18, 1848. 20.

FITCH'S *Lectures on the Lungs.*—Fifty copies of the above popular work just received and for sale at the Book Store of

Dec. 9, 1848. J. R. WALKER.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

S. & W. S. EDSALL inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of BOOTS & SHOES on an extensive scale, under the immediate superintendence of Mr. W. THANE, whose long experience and intimate acquaintance with the business, warrant them in saying that all Boots and Shoes made at this establishment will be of the best quality.

Coarse Boots, custom work, made of the best Spanish Sole Leather, warranted, offered by the case at $30,00 per dozen.

Fine custom Kip and Calf Do. proportionately low.

They have now on hand and intend keeping a full assortment of all kinds of Boots & Shoes, such as

Ladies' Calf & Kip Boots; Children's' do.
Boys' " "
Mens' Coarse and fine Brogans.
" Fine and coarse Boots, &c., &c.

☞ They offer to the trade, at the lowest prices *Spanish Sole, Upper LEATHER, Kip Calf, Lining and Binding Skins*; also, a general assortment of SHOE FINDINGS; PEGS of all sizes, &c., &c.

Jan. 15, 1847. 28y.

NOW IS THE TIME

To buy yourselves Rich!

L. D. BARTLETT & CO. respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have just received a large and well assorted stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

adapted to this market, which they are prepared to sell on more favorable terms than were ever before offered in Fort Wayne.

The Stock includes every variety of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Broad Cloths, Sattinetts, Cassimeres, Linseys, Jeans, Flannels, Blankets, &c. Calicoes, Shirtings, Sheetings, Ginghams; Alpaccas, Merinoes, DeLaines, Cashmeres, &c. —a beautiful assortment, at greatly reduced prices.

Honey Comb and Shirred Satin and Leghorn BONNETS of the latest fashions. Satins and Velvets, Ribbons, Artificials, and Trimmings in great variety; Shawls—all kinds,—Ladies' Misses', and Children's Shoes and Gaiters, &c.

Hats, Caps, Bonnets; Boots & Shoes of all qualities from the finest Morocco to the stoutest Stogies.

They do not feel disposed to brag or make as much fuss in the papers as some of their neighbors do, but they will just mention a few of their prices and let the public judge whether it will not be for their interest to buy at this establishment. For instance, they are selling

Twenty Yards beautiful CALICOE for One Dollar!

Good Heavy Sheeting a 6d. a Yard!

GINGHAMS at Eighteen Cents!!

Alpaccas from twenty Cents!!

Every thing else in proportion. Call in, and be satisfied that if there ever was a chance to buy yourselves rich, now is the time, and Bartlett's the place.

QUEENSWARE.—The stock is quite large, of the latest and most beautiful patterns, and better than all—*very cheap.*

In GROCERIES they defy competition, and invite all who are judges of such articles to test their quality.

They have also a general assortment of HARDWARE, such as Locks, Bolts, Latches, Butts and Screws, Cutlery, Mill and ⋈ Cut Saws, Draw Knives, Axes, Shovels, Pitchforks, Nails, &c.

In short, the stock is complete—the goods all of the best quality and newest styles—and as they have been bo't cheap and must be sold before spring they are offered at such prices as will ensure bargains to purchasers.

Fort Wayne, October 14, 1848.

The Holydays are at hand.

COME and look at the splendid GIFT BOOKS now open at WALKER'S Book Store, the best assortment ever offered in this Sate.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. S. S. THOMPSON, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and vicinity. All who favor him with a call may rely on prompt attention.

Office on Columbia street, one door east of the building formerly occupied by Drs. Thompson & Sturgis, where he may at all times be found when not absent on professional business. y40.

DR. D. KISER would respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that he has commenced the practice of Medicine in Fort Wayne, and all who favor him with their custom may rely on prompt attention.

☞ OFFICE—On Columbia Street, next door to Thompson and Kitchen.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 21, 1848. 16.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, next door to the Mayor's Office, Clinton Street, (between Main and Columbia streets,) *Fort Wayne.* y6 August 12, 1848.

DR. JAMES W. DAILY, *Fort Wayne Indiana.* OFFICE Front Room over Messrs. Brackenridge & Stapleford's Store, North-west corner of Main and Calhoun Streets.

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, one door north of the Spencer House.

Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Columbia street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.

Fort Wayne, August 18th, 1847. tf8

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

J. L. WORDEN. E. A. MCMAHON

WORDEN & MCMAHON, *Attorneys at Law* have formed a co-partnership in the practice of law, and will practice together in the Twelfth Judicial Circuit of Indiana. Office continued in the second story of Evans' new brick store house, on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets.

January 1, 1849. 27

JOHN G. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind., will attend to any business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.

Office on Calhoun Street, over B. Smith's store.

Sept. 30, 1848. y13.

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun-st. ly17.

F. P. RANDALL. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.* Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indiadapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE near the Bank, north of the Treasurer's Office

EDWARD F. COLERICK, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjusment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in North ern Indiana. ☞ OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.

Nov. 17—y.

W. SMITH & Co.

No. 3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IA.

DEALERS IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods

GROCERIES,

Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c.*

Also, the best [illegible]rn Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

FT. WAYNE OIL MILL.

THE subscribers have completed their Oil Mill, and are now engaged in the manufacture of LINSEED OIL, and will constantly keep the article on hand, to sell by wholesale or retail. They also have OIL CAKE to sell—an excellent article to feed stock.

The highest price paid in Cash or Oil for Flax Seed, Farmers who wish to sow Flax Seed for the purpose of raising seed can be supplied on liberal terms.

RUDISILL & WOLKE.

March 14, 1846. y37

Ft. Wayne Woollen Factory.

RUDISILL & WOLKE having procured New Machinery for the MANUFACTURING of WOOL, inform their customers and the public in general that they will Manufacture Wool into

Sttinets or Full Cloth

of all kinds, on the most liberal terms, on shares or for pay. Those wanting their Wool manufactured must bring it in the fleece well washed.

May 6, 1848. y44

SHOES, GAITERS, &c.—Ladies' and Misses' Gaiters, Walking Shoes, & Slippers—ever variety—just rec'd at Mrs. DYKES' Fancy Store

SAWS, Mill, ⋈ Cut, Hand, and Buck, of the best kind and cheapest Prices.

Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company

THE subscriber has been appointed an Agent of the *Protection Insurance Company*, of Hartford, Conn., at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and is authorized to

Insure Dwelling Houses, Stores, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, Stables,

and the contents of each, together with every other similar species of property

Against loss or damage by Fire.

The subscribers is also authorized to issue Policies on the most favorable terms

Against loss or damage on the cargoes of Steam, Keel, Canal, and Flat Boats, while navigating the Western Rivers, Lakes, and Canals.

On account of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to said Company, they have been enabled greatly to reduce their rates of Insurance, so that now every man has an opportunity, for a trifling sum, to protect himself against the ravages of these destructive elements.

For terms of Insurance, apply to the subscriber, at the office, of John Hough, Jun., corner of Calhoun & Columbia Streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

R. D. TURNER,

Dec. 1, 1848. At the Indiana Land Agency

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company,

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed an agent for said company, is authorized to make every kind and nature of Insurance appertaining to Life Risks, for a certain number of years or for life, grant annuities, and confer endowments.

The provisions of the charter of said company are peculiarly favorable to the assured—containing many important privileges, which experience has proved may be safely granted, and which are deemed superior to any heretofore offered in this country.

Married women may insure the lives of their husbands, secure from the demands of creditors. Creditors may insure their debtors, or debtors themselves, for the benefit of creditors.

The assured after a term of years, may at any time surrender the policy and receive its equitable value in cash.

The subject of Life Insurance is attracting much attention in the Eastern States, and commends itself to the favorable consideration of all, as by this means a comfortable support may be left to the wife and children when misfortune comes upon them, and the husband and father is taken from their embrace by the cold hand of death.

Pamphlets explanatory of the uses and benefits arising from Life Insurances, will be furnished those wishing to be insured.

The undersigned is also agent for the HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

F. P. RNDALL.

May 5, 1847. 44tf

Valuable Lands FOR SALE.

350 ACRES of the best land in Northern Indiana, situated in Allen County, Ia., seven miles west of Fort Wayne, immediately ON THE WABASH & ERIE CANAL, well watered and timbered—is offered for sale by the subscriber on very liberal terms and prices.

Also 150 acres situated in Marion Township, nine miles south of Fort Wayne, immediately on the Piqua road.

Also the west half of the south east quarter of section 17, town 32, north of range 15 east, in Springfield township, Allen county.

And a number of other tracts in this and the adjoining counties—all of which lands are well adapted to farming purposes, are dare offered on the most liberal terms. For further information call on me at the Recorders office in this city.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.

Fort Wayne, May 20, 1847. tf

J. E. HILL, G. WILSON A. M. ORBISON

HILL, WILSON, & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, &C.,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

County & City Orders.

WANTED for which the highest price will be paid in cash or goods as cheap as they can be obtained in the State of Indiana, by

Oct. 28, 1848. BARNETT & NELSON.

There is no real occasion for sickness!

Dr. Ralph's Pills,

FOUNDED on the only principle on which a UNIVERSAL MEDICINE can safely and conscientiously be recommended to the world They are fast superceding every other remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Acidity, Heartburn, Costiveness, all Impurities of the blood, Biliousness, Live Diseases, Fever & Ague, the DISEASES OF WESTERN CLIMATE, &c. The reason is obvious—they act in

PERFECT ACCORDANCE WITH NATURE.

Their operation is exceedingly mild and pleasant, and if taken in accordance with the directions, which are remarkably plain and clear,

THEY CANNOT FAIL TO CURE

and to perfectly prevent disease of every kind (see explanation of the new theory in the 'Ralphian' an invaluable paper which may be had gratis of the agents.) Their unexampled success in all the complaints of FEMALES, and those attending pregnancy, is acknowledged by thousands.

NO FEMALE SHOULD BE WITHOUT THEM.

Testimonials of cures, of every disease the human system is liable to, often after all other means had failed, are consequently being received at the Central Office, N. Y. City.

Price 25 cents a box, with full directions, and Family packages at $1, (in which is much saving.)

J. B. Hanna, Fort Wayne, having been appointed general agent, will supply this celebrated medicine, wholesale and retail, on the same terms as at the Central Office.

June 13, 1848. y9

Read the following testimony from W. W. Steevens, principal of the Classical & Commercial Academy, Fort Wayne, Ind.:

"Having had repeated opportunities for the last fouiteen years of witnessing the great benefits various persons have derived from the use of Doctor RALPH'S PILLS, and knowing Doctor J. RALPH to be a graduate of the University of Edinburg, a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, and of the Medical College of the State of New York; also a Physician of *Long, Extensive and successful Practice*, I cordially recommend said Pills to all who may be afflicted with diseases for which the Pills are recommended, believing they will perform all that is promised for them if the directions for using them be strictly followed,

W. W. STEEVENS.

Fort Wayne, July, 1848.

"DEAR SIR: In compliance with your request I would state that I have used Doctor RALPH'S PILLS in my family for something like ten years, and am satisfied that they are an excellent family Medicine. I have no doubt but that the use of them has at different times saved myself and family much sickness and expense.

HUGH MILLER."

To J. B. HANNA.

The above Pills can be had at wholesale of J. B. HANNA, General Agent at Fort Wayne.

They are also sold at retail by A. B. Miller, Ligonier; E. D. Bartlett & Co., La Grange Centre; C. R. Walker, Fort Wayne; DeFrees, Wolf Lake; Peter Heller Eel River; Robert Dykes, Ontario; J. N. Alderman, May's Mill; L. S. Bayless, Bayless's Mills.

WANTED, 50,000 Bushels Wheat, 10 000 Flax Seed, and any kind of merchantable produce. We will buy, and pay the highest [illegible] CASH. HILL, WILSON & Co

DRESS GOODS.—A magnificent assortment of rich and beautiful DRESS SILKS, &c. very low. B. MASON.

Notice to Farmers and PRODUCE DEALERS.

THE undersigned having leased the well known CITY MILLS, in Fort Wayne, heretofore run by *Hamilton & Williams*, take this method of saying to all interested that they are prepared and ready to Flour promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one or more Run of Stones at readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

CASH Paid for WHEAT at the Highest Rates.

HOAGLAND, COMSTOCK, & CO.

Ft. Wayne, Aug. 23d, 1847. 1y8

Just Received.

THIS day a fresh lot of Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture. Those who have used this medicine can testify to its qualities better than we can by advertising two or three columns of nonsense. For sale by

A. B. MILLER,
Sole agent for Fort Wayne.

April 29, 1848.

THE First and Second Book of History for Children and Youth, for sale by

April 29th, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

PURE LIQUORS.

A Fresh supply of Pure Liquors for Medical use, consisting of Brandy, Gin, Port, Madeira, and Tenerriffee WINES, for sale at WALKER'S Drug Store.

CASH FOR WHEAT AT NEW HAVEN.

A. B MILLER will pay the highest Wayne price for WHEAT delivered at his warehouse at New Haven Allen Co. Indiana

JUST received, a splendid lot of CONFECTIONARY. Also, Fruits, Nuts, &c.

June 3. J. A. COLERICK.

CITRON, a fine article, just received by

June 3 J. A. COLERICK.

TAMARINDS just received.

J. A. COLERICK.

SALAD OIL, pure and fresh.

J. A. COLERICK.

STATIONERY.

200 Reams Cap Paper; 10,000 Quills 100 Letter " also a large stock of note and Foolscap paper for sale by

C. R. WALKER.

THE latest spring Styles of PRINTS and DRESS GOODS, for sale at low prices by

C. R. WALKER.

WOODEN WARE, Willow Waggons, & Willow Cradles—splendid articles for sale by A. B. MILLER.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.—The largest and best variety in town, for sale by

May 27, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

PRINCIPE, Havanna, and Luna CIGARS

J. A. COLERICK.

COD FISH & HERRING—Wholesale or Retail. J. A. COLERICK.

FINE SPERM OIL, for Lamps, one dollar per gallon. J. A. COLERICK.

NO 1, 2, and 3 Mackerel, an excellent article by the barrel or retail.

March 15, 1848. J. A. COLERICK.

DOUBLE REFINED LOAF SUGAR—For sale by the quantity or retail.

March 15, 1848. J. A. COLERICK.

WRAPPING PAPER from Hanna, Yandes & Williams' Paper Mill, Lafayette,—all sizes—in store and for sale at Manufacturer's prices by J. B. HANNA.

200 Lbs. Sp. Fl. INDIGO for sale cheap H. B. REED

800 Lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale H. B. REED.

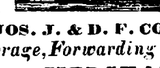
300 Lbs. CLOVES. Also 100 lbs. CASSIA, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

FISH OIL, Tanners Oil, and Neat's Foot Oil, by the Bbl. or gallon. H. B. REED.

SPELLING BOOKS—Webster's and McGuffey's Elementary, for sale wholesale and retail at WALKER'S New Book Store.

May 13, 1848.

FRENCH PERFUMERY—A fresh supply just received at WALKER'S.

1847.  1847.

JOS. J. & D. F. COMPARET,

Storage, Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

At the foot of Columbia and Lafayette streets, FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

Refer to

Suydam Sage & Co., New York.
Collins Brown & Co., Toledo, O.
" Brownlee Brown & Co., " "
G. S. Hazard, Buffalo, N. Y.
H. McCulloch, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Henry R. Colerick, " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
15tf Allen Hamilton, " "

WINDOW GLASS.—Received per Canal Boat Erie 100 Boxes Window Glass of all sizes and of the best Brands at a very small advance of the manufacturers prices

H. B. REED

HIGHLY IMPORTANT—Gent's White Kid and Silk Gloves—an indispensable article on certain *interesting occasions*. Just rec'd. by

Sept. 8. MRS. DYKES.

Storage and Forwarding.

THE Subscribers having a large and commodious WAREHOUSE, are ready at all times, to attend to business in that line, on reasonable terms. E. D. BARTLETT.

NEW Fashions FOR Fall and Winter.

MISS WELLS has just received from New York her NEW FASHIONS, BONNETS, and GOODS, and is now prepared to

Cut and Make Dresses and Cloaks

in the latest style for the season. All kinds of BONNETS made to order, and Tuscan and Straw Hats *Cleaned* and *Repaired* in the best manner. She flatters herself from past experience, and the liberal patronage received, that he can continue to give good satisfaction. All kinds of Bonnets kept on hand, such as Velvet, Plush, Satin and every kind of Silk; Straw and Leghorn Hats, very cheap. Also a great variety of *Plumes, Winter and Field Flowers, Ribands, Laces, Gloves, Head Dresses, Caps, Collars, and many other Fancy Articles;*

besides a great variety of rich and cheap *SILKS for Dresses.* The Ladies will please call and see for themselves.

Shop on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller.

Fort Wayne, November 4, 1848.

MEN'S & BOYS' CAPS—A splendid assortment of Men's and Boys' Caps will be sold low prices at A. B. MILLER'S.

HATS! HATS!!—A few fashionable white Hats will be sold as low as the can be bought in New York at retail; call at A. B. Miller, Niagara Store, and see for yourselves

CALICOES a rich and fashionable assortment from 6d. to 25c., for sale by

Nov. 13. F. D. LATTIMER & Co.

COTTON YARN.—Long skein of all numbers, for sale by

Oct. 23. BARNETT & NELSON.

MUSLINS.—Good yard wide Muslin for 6¼ cts. per yard at B. MASON'S.

SHAWLS.—A splendid lot of White Crape, Silk, Barage, and other fashionable Shawls just received, and offered very cheap

May 6 B. MASON.

LADIES' and Children's SHOES, Gaitres, and Slippers—all sorts and sizes—just received by B. MASON.

BONNET TRIMMINGS.—Just received a superb and fashionable assortment of Ribbons, Artificials, and other Trimmings.

May 6. B. MASON.

TANNER'S OIL.—A large supply of Tanner's Oil can always be found at the Niagara Store, where it will be sold at the lowest figure. A. B MILLER.

HEMLOCK TANNED, Spanish Sole Leather, &c. constantly on hand at the Niagara Store, and sold at the lowest market rates, by A. B. MILLER.

Seasoned Lumber.

A. B. Miller is receiving a choice lot of Seasoned Poplar or White Wood Lumber from his Mills in Noble County, and has now on hand a few thousand feet of Siding.

Persons desiring such lumber will please call at the Niagara Store.

A. B. MILLER.

Fort Wayne, June 12, 1848.

Fire Engine and Carding Machine

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having been appointed agent for an extensive manufactory of Fire Engines, Carding Machines &c. is prepared to fill all orders that may be given him. The engines and machines are warranted, and will be afforded of any size and power. He sells on a liberal credit, or at a discount for cash. Inquire at the "Indiana Land and Tax Agency," Calhoun st.

June 1 (48) JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

EXPRESS.

Leo Woolen Factory.

HAVING erected and furnished a large WOOLEN FACTORY at HAMILTON'S MILLS, *on the little St. Joseph river*, in Cedar Creek Township, Allen County, Indiana and fitted the same with a superior new double

Carding Machine

of the most approved kind, I am prepared to card all the wool that is brought to me in a good and proper manner, and warrant all the work to be well done.

Wool can be left in Fort Wayne at the store of JAMES M. HAMILTON, and the roles will be returned there promptly in good order and proper condition without any charge.

Wool and all kinds of Country Produce taken in pay for carding, not refusing the *dimes* when convenient.

People coming from a distance can have their wool carded immediately.

Fulling, Dyeing, & Cloth Dressing

done in the best workmanlike manner. All work done by me is warranted to be done in a proper workmanlike manner.

JAMES ENSEY.

May 13, 1848. tf46,

FRESH GROCERIES.

MRS. DYKES has just received a stock of fine fresh Family Groceries—Teas, Coffee, Loaf, Crushed, and New Orleans Sugar, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, &c. Candies, Oranges, Figs, &c. Children's Toys, Marbles, &c. All of which will be sold at reduced prices.

May 6, 1848

WHITE CRAPE LISSE,—Just the article for Veils. Call in and get before it is all gone. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Have You Heard the News?

HILL, WILSON & CO'S

GOODS HAVE ARRIVED!!!

COMPRISING a large and complete assortment well adapted to the wants of the country, consisting in part of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Bonnets, &c.

We can *Without Boasting*, say that our Stock is as large and well assorted as any in town, and we will sell as low as can be purchased elsewhere. We may be outdone in bragging, but *cannot be undersold.*

Country Merchants wishing to purchase are requested to look at our stock before making their purchase as we feel confident we can make it an inducement for them to call.

HILL, WIL

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 9—No. 37. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, March 17, 1849. Whole No. 439.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—Over P. P. Beaty's Hardware Store, corner of Wiatot and Columbia street, Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months, Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, on the most reasonable terms.

Drugs & Chemicals.

100 lbs Quinine		125 " Turkey Opium	
50 " Salæratus		150 " Yellow Barks	
500 " Piperine		300 " Chittim Powd.	
200 " Ext. Bark		200 " Blue Mass Lumps	
100 lbs Red Barks		500 " Senna Ind. & Alex.	
300 " Aloes Powd.		200 " Sarsa. Hund.	
500 " Aloes Soc.		100 " Ipecac Powd.	
350 " Rhubarb Powd.		200 lbs Benzoic Acid	
150 " Jalap Powd.		50 " Morphia Sulp. & Acet.	
100 " Quicksilver			
10 lbs Iodine			
10 " Iodide Potassa			

Just received and for sale very low by
H. B. REED.

Gunsmithing, &c.

J. C. CAMPBELL informs the public that he has commenced business on his own account, in the shop at the west end of Columbia street, near the basin, and south of Nichol's warehouse, where he will do all kinds of work in his line, either making or repairing. NEW RIFLES made to order in the latest improved style, and warranted equal to any in the United States. Any one wanting a good gun—one he can depend on at all or but the mark at any distance—is invited to call and try his work.

☞ *Locks repaired, Keys fitted, and all kinds of Jobbing done.*

Fort Wayne, Feb. 4, 1848. y31.

Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, several valuable tracts of timbered and wild lands, situated in Allen county. Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorable opportunity to procure farms. THOS. HAMILTON.

FOR SALE.

THE Valuable Mill property belonging to Fairfield & Freeman 14 miles south of town. This property consists of a Flouring Mill with three run of stones in good order—a first rate new Saw Mill, with a house attached to it to make shingles, lath, and put up other machinery. Also, a dwelling house, stables, a house for Country customers, and every convenience, and about 9 acres of land and another privilege on the East side of the River.—This stream affords a plenty o. water at any season of the year, and its situation makes it the best mill property in the west.

Mr. Freeman's health is so poor he cannot attend to the business, and not being convenient for me to attend, as I live so far off, &c.—The payments will be easy, as I am not in want of money. I should like to ke. a share in the locker. Persons wishing to purchase please call on the subscriber.

ASA FAIRFIELD.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 5, 1848. 6

SHAWLS.—A splendid assortment a Wool Stradella, and Cashmere Shawls for sale by Oct. 15, 1847. HILL, WILSON & Co.

GLOVES & MITTENS—every kind.
E. D. BARTLETT & Co

ZEPHYR HOODS, and Comforters, at
E. D. BARTLETT & Co's

COLLINS' And Simmons' AXES, for sale by
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

IRON A Sheets and sizes for sale by
S & S. W. EDSALL.

WINDOW GLASS of all the largest sizes 24 by 24, 18 by 22, 16 by 26, 12 by 18 16 by 26, 12 by 16, &c.
H. B. REED.

PALM LEAF HATS from one to four shillings, ribbon in the bargain, also a few left of those splendid split Straw Hats, price shan't say until you call and see at the Niagara store.

More Light.

JUST received 20 boxes Star and Mould Candles. S. & W. S. EDSALL

CREWELS.—Every shade and colors also variety of beautiful patterns for work.
MRS. DYKES.

Groceries.

60 Bags Rio Coffee.
20 bbls N. O. Sugar.
500 lbs. Loaf "
500 " Crushed "
500 " Pulvd "
10 Half Chests Fresh Teas.
Pepper, Spices, &c. &c. for sale low
Oct. 15, 1847. HILL, WILSON & Co.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and all kinds of VESTINGS, a good assortment for sale cheap by S. & W. I. EDSALL.

WHITE FISH.—26 bbls. of White Fish, prime article just rec'd and for sale by
HILL, WILSON & CO.

Printer's Ink.

H. B. REED has on hand and intends keeping a constant supply of James' superior *NEWS INK*, to which he invites the attention of Printers. It is warranted.

Teams Wanted!!

A. B. MILLER will give constant employment to almost any number of teams that may want to haul Lumber and *Wood* from mine and Miller's Noble County. All persons wishing such employment will do well call at A. B. Miller's, either at his store in Fort Wayne or Liguinier. July 27, '48.

BUGGY FOR SALE.—A new Buggy with seats, calculated for one or two Horses will be sold on application to A. B. Miller

ELIJAH CONKLING, WILLIAM WOOD, ALFRED WOOD.

CONKLING, WOOD & CO.

North side of Court Street, East of Broadway
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Manufacturers of

Pure White Lead,	Paris Green,
No. 1 Do	Chrome Green,
Red Lead,	" Yellow,
Litharge,	" Red,
Putty,	Chrome Blue,
Whiting, "fire'd ried"	Assorted Colid Paints,
Paris White,	Cider Vinegar.

We have adopted the most approved method, as practiced by the best Eastern Manufacturers, in manufacturing WHITE LEAD, and will warrant it equal to any made in the United States. Will warrant the quality of each article we manufacture to be as good as can be procured, and to give entire satisfaction. Offered at the lowest prices on usual time, or discount for cash. y26

IMPORTED CIGARS.—30,000 of the best brands; also a cheap article, 50 in a box, for sale low. H. B. REED.

Notice.

THE Firm of SAMUEL HANNA & SONS was dissolved in July last. This is to give notice to all concerned, that the notes and accounts due said firm, both in this county and Noble, have been put in the hands of Mr. Wm. C. Tarkington for collection, who is authorized to receive and receipt for the same. Many persons owning, have been repeatedly called on for payment, and have been neglected to pay, until I have become ashamed to ask them again; but I assure all persons indebted that unless their attention is immediately directed to the subject, they will find those claims in the hands of an officer for collection.

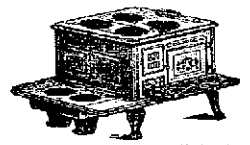
SAMUEL HANNA.

Ft. Wayne, Nov. 29th, 1847. 1—22.

B. W. OAKLEY,

THANKFUL for the favors of the past, would respectfully inform his old customers and the public generally, that his Fall and Winter supply has in part arrived, and he still continues to sell by the cheap of navigation all demands for the season can be promptly filled.

STOVES.

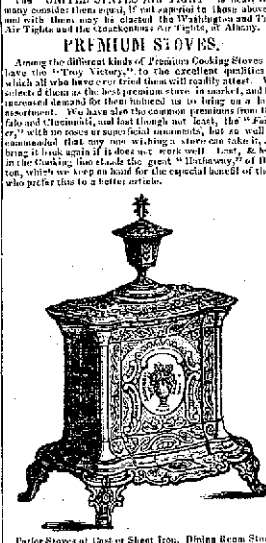


We place the "IMPERIAL AIR TIGHT" first; because we consider them decidedly foremost in the way of all Stoves.

The "UNITED STATES AIR TIGHT" is next, tho' many consider them equal, if not superior to those above—and with them may be classed the Washington and Troy Air Tights and the Cranksothaw or Tights, of Albany.

PREMIUM STOVES.

Among the different kinds of Premium Cooking Stoves we have the "Troy Victory," to the excellent qualities of which all who have ever tried them will readily attest. We select'd them as the best premium stove in market, and the increased demand for them induced us to bring on a large assortment. We have also the common premiums from Buffalo and Cincinnati, and last though not least, the "*Farmer*," with no doors or superficial ornaments, but as well recommended that any one wishing a stove can take it, and bring it back again if it does not work well. Neat, & best in the Cooking line stands the great "Hathaway," of Boston, which we keep on hand for the especial benefit of those who prefer this to a better article.



Parlor Stoves of Cast or Sheet Iron, Dining Room Stoves, Shop and Store Room Stoves of all variation and sizes from a sweeting house to a 16 by 12.

In connection with our Stove trade we have added a small but well selected assortment of

Castings and Hardware.

Consisting in the main of all the most essential and necessary articles used by farmers and mechanics.

Our Tin and Copper business is still to range as ever, and all hands ready and happy to wait upon those who desire anything in our line.

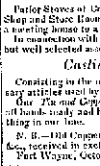
B. W. OAKLEY.

N. B.—Old Copper, Brass, Rags, Glassing, Beeswax, &c., &c., received in exchange for Goods. B. W. O.

Fort Wayne, October 28, 1848. y37.

SADDLERY,

At Wholesale and Retail.



THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his old customers, and the public generally, that he has just returned from Cincinnati with a large stock of LEATHER AND HARDWARE, which he is now manufacturing into *Saddles Harness, Trunks, Saddle bags, Carpet-bags, Bridles, Collars,* and every other article that belongs to his line of business, and will sell at wholesale or retail lower than can be bought in any of the eastern cities, one will warrant all work to be well done.

N. B.—Shop opposite Jones' Block, and one door west of J. LaRue's Hotel; don't forget the place, for I am determined not to be undersold by any person here or elsewhere.

SAMUEL H. SHOAFF.

Fort Wayne, May 27, 1848. y47.

BLANK BOOKS.

THE attention of County Officers and others is called to a large and extensive stock of BLANK WORK now opening at WALKER'S, No. 2, Hanna's Block, consisting of Quarto, Cap, Demy, and Medium *Ledgers, Dockets, Records, and Journals.* Memorandums of all kinds. A liberal discount made to those who wish them to sell again. Call and examine.

C. R. WALKER.

Fort Wayne, May 6.

RAISINS, Lemon Syrup, Ground Spices, &c. just received by A. B. MILLER.

LOAF SUGAR, Powdered, a first rate article for bar use, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

Air Tight Cooking Stoves.

HATHAWAY Patents, from Gephart Marshall & Co's Foundry, Dayton, Ohio, warranted two years, for sale at
S. & W. S. EDSALL'S.

AREA KETTLES, BAKE OVENS "Pogeds or wash Alkieds of Pots, Skillets and Spiders, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

THE TWO MANAS, or the Son of a Count and the Daughter of a King, by Alexander Dumas, for sale at WALKER'S.

TOBACCO.—The lovers of "the weed" can find the cheapest and best article in the market at the new Grocery and Variety Store
D. HUDSON.

Removal.

MRS. DYKES returns her thanks to the ladies of Fort Wayne, and the public in general for the liberal patronage she has received while doing business in Columbia Street, and respectfully informs them that she has removed to the new Brick Block on Calhoun Street, two doors South of Smith's Corner, where she will be happy to receive calls from all in want of Fancy Articles, Dry Goods, &c.—a new supply of which has just been received.

Dec. 2, 1848.

POETRY.

THE FATHERLESS.

Speak softly to the fatherless!
And check the harsh reply
That sends the children to the clock,
The tear-drop to the eye.
They have the weight of loneliness
In this rude world to bear;
Then gently raise the fallen head,
The drooping flowerets spare.

Speak kindly to the fatherless!
The lamb feet of their lord
Got trampth, as the waters,
In the hollow of his hand,
Tho' and to see life's evening sun
Go down in sorrow cloud,
But sadder still when morning's dawn
Is darkened by the cloud.

Look mildly on the fatherless!
Ye may have power to wile
Their hearts from sudden'd memory
By the magic of a smile.
Deal gently with these little ones
Be pitiful, and the,
The friend and father of us all
Shall gently deal with thee!"

AN ALABAMA JUSTICE.

The following clever story is told by a correspondent of the New York Spirit of the Times in the last number of that journal:

When the Creek Indians inhabited Alabama, there were several magistrates appointed who had extensive jurisdiction. Their power, and the extent of territory over which it spread, made these magistrates, in power, equal to a territorial governor. One of these magistrates was a well known "character," who resided in "Turkey Town," an Indian village on the Coosa river. He had a "marshal," who was known in his tribe as "Money-eater." This magistrate was remarkable for his contempt of legal opinions and judicial forms. "Equity" was his hobby; and when his notions of right and justice came in contact with the "law," the latter was forced to give way—He thought the customs of Indians more "Equitable" in many cases than the law of Congress, and he never hained in such cases to set aside the latter. "Money-eater" co-operated heartily with "the court"—and by their combined efforts they managed to deal out justice with certainty, but sometimes with real Indian severity.

The following scene occurred "in court:"

Magistrate—This court is held to try a case in which "Little Chubby," a Creek Indian is defendant, and Tom Dale, a grocery keeper, is plaintiff. Dale claims $20 from "Little Chubby," and "Chubby" says he paid it in "beaver skins." "Gentlemen," continued the magistrate, addressing the by standers, "Ingins ain't likely to lie when they owe white men. But white men will lie, when they trade with the Ingins. This is the experience of "my court." Proceed, gentlemen, with this case."

The attorney for Tom Dale proceeded to make out his case. Dale swore that his debt was "just, true, and unpaid." He then introduced a witness to prove that Little Chubby had only caught two beavers in the last month, and that he had sold them to the deponent.—The Indian had no witnesses, and the case was fully made out.

The attorney remarked, addressing "the court:"

"May it please your honor, I claim a judgment for my client. There is no defence except the averment of Chubby, and this the court can't regard."

"Gentlemen," said our magistrate, "I ain't satisfied; and I ain't going to allow the Ingin to be swindled," said he addressing Moneyeries. Mr. Marshal hand me that book: I'll take a swar in the case myself," and suiting the action to the word, he kissed the book, and addressing Moneyerics, remarked: "Mr. Marshall, I constitute you this court, and will take a swar in this case." "May it please the court there's cheatin' around this board, and I intend to expose it to this court. I'd rather take an Ingin's word, than a whiskey seller's oath, anytime. But this court can't decide in favor of the Ingin, without a swar in his behalf—and that swar (kissing the book) I am now Mr. Marshal, going to take."

He then proceeded to state that Little Chubby had come to his house and he offered to buy from him ten beaver skins. Chubby declined selling them as he had promised them to Mr. Dale to pay a debt of twenty dollars due to him. He saw Chubby go into Dale's and leave the skins, and when he came out Chubby told him he had paid his debt. When he had concluded he resumed his seat.

Dale's attorney protested against this taking "a swar in the case?" but he was interrupted by the magistrate, who informed him that this was his mode of dispensing equity.

Attorney—"May it please the court, I will take an appeal in this case."

Magistrate—"The court is satisfied that the evidence is in favor of Little Chubby, and no appeal will be allowed."

Attorney—"May it please this court, I consider this proceeding a d—d farce."

Magistrate—"The court considers this a case of contempt, and find Mr. —n $20 for swarring in court."

Attorney—"Your court may go to the d—l, if your honor please."

Magistrate—"My marshal will take Mr. M—n into custody till he pays $20; and unless he pays it, the marshal will summon a posse of Ingins, and tye him up, and thereupon inflict on him twenty stripes according to Ingin custom, and then inform him that it will improve his health to get out of the reach of my court in twenty-four hours."

Attorney—"May it please the court, I will give my note for the fine—if the court will agree to it."

Magistrate—"The court won't be hard provided the character of this court is hereafter respected."

This Mr. Editor, is a slightly colored sketch of the early history of the administration of justice in the Creek country in Alabama.

A Doubtful Compliment.—During Macready's recent engagement at the Arch Street Theatre a quiet and unsophisticated gentleman from Lancaster county, who was on a visit to Recorder Lee, went to the theatre to see the distinguished tragedian play his great part of "Othello," and who by the way, plays the part as few others can play it; but the staid and sacrificed countryman was so dazzled and bewildered by the novel sight of the interior of a theatre, that he saw in the great actor's exquisite readings and majestic gesticulation nothing more than in the performance of those who supported him, yet he thought him equal to the others. The play being over he trudged along towards his lodgings, and turning a corner, he happened to meet the Recorder. "How did you like the play?" inquired the worthy magistrate. "Well Robert, I don't know; it was pretty fair but I didn't see much in it." Here the parties were about to bid each other "good night," and seperate, when our visitor, as if a new idea had just found its way into his head, seized the Recorder by the button hole, and said: "Robert, I noticed they've got a singer in the company, *but I don't see but he acts as well as any of 'em.*"

A Profitable Trade in Riddles.

FROM THE GERMAN OF MRS. ST. SIMON.

Nine persons sailed from Basle, down the Rhine. A Jew, who wished to go to Schaffampi, was allowed to come on board, and journey with them upon condition that he would conduct himself with propriety, and give the captain eighteen kreutzers for his passage.

Now, it is true something jingled in the Jew's pocket when he struck his hand against it; but the only money there was therein was a twelve kreutzer piece, for the other was a brass button. Notwithstanding this, he accepted the offer with gratitude; for he thought to himself—"something may be earned, even upon the water. There is many a man who has grown rich upon the Rhine.

During the first part of the voyage the passengers were very talkative and merry, and the Jew, with his wallet under his arm, for he did not lay it aside, was the object of much mirth and mockery, as alas! is often the case with those of his nation. But as the vessel sailed onward, and passed Thuringen and Saint Veit, the passengers one after the other grew silent, and gaped, and gazed listlessly down the river, until one cried—

'Come, Jew, do you know any pastime that will amuse us? Your fathers must have contrived many a one during their long journey in the wilderness.'

'Now is the time,' thought the Jew, 'to shear my sheep!' and he proposed that they should sit around in a circle, and propound various curious questions to each other, and he, with their permission, would sit with them.—Those who could not answer the questions should pay the one who propounded them a twelve kreutzer piece, and those who answered them pertinently should receive a twelve kreutzer piece.

This proposal pleased the company, and hoping to divert themselves with the Jew's wit or stupidity, each one asked at random, whatever chanced to enter his head.

Thus, for example, the first asked—'How many sick boiled eggs could the giant Golish eat upon an empty stomach?'

All said that it was impossible to answer that question, and each paid his twelve kreutzer.

But the Jew said—'One; for he who has eaten one egg, cannot eat a second upon an empty stomach;' and the others paid him twelve kreutzers.

The second thought—'Wait, Jew! I will try you out of the New Testament, and I think I shall win my piece.' 'Why did the Apostle Paul write the second epistle to the Corinthians?'

The Jew said—'Because he was not in Corinth—otherwise he would have spoken to them.' So he won another twelve kreutzer piece.

When the third saw that the Jew was so well versed in the Bible, he tried him in a different way—'Who prolongs his work to as great a length as possible, and still completes it in time.'

'The ropemaker, if he is industrious,' said the Jew.

In the mean while they drew near to a village, and one said to the other, 'That is Baumbach.'

Then the fourth asked—'In what month do the people of Baumbach eat the least.'

The Jew said—'In February; for it has only twenty eight days.'

The fifth said—'There are two natural brothers, and still, only one of them is my uncle.'

The Jew said—'The uncle is your father's brother, and your father is not your uncle.'

A fish now leaped out of the water, and the sixth asked—'What fish have their eyes nearest together?'

The Jew said—'The smallest.'

The seventh asked—'How can a man ride from Basle to Bern in the shade, in the summer time, when the sun shines?'

The Jew said—'When he comes to a place where there is no shade, he must dismount, and go on foot.'

The eighth asked—'When a man rides in the winter time from Bern to Basle, and has forgotten his gloves, how must he manage it, so that his hands shall not freeze?'

The Jew said—'He must make fists out of them.'

The ninth was the last. This one asked—'How can five persons divide five eggs, so that each man shall receive one, and still one remain in the dish?'

The Jew said—'The last must take the dish with the egg, and he can let it lie there as long as he pleases.'

But now it came to his turn, and he determined to make a good sweep. After many preliminary compliments, he asked, with an air of mischievous friendliness—'How can a man fry two trouts in three pans, so that a trout may be in each pan?'

No one could answer this, and one after the other gave him a twelve kreutzer piece.

But when the ninth desired that he should solve the riddle, he rocked to and fro, shrugged his shoulders, and rolled his eyes. 'I am a poor Jew,' he said at last.

The rest cried—'What has that to do with it? Give us the answer.'

'You must not take it amiss, for I am a poor Jew.' At last, after much persuasion, and many promises that they would do him no harm, he thrust his hand into his pocket, took out one of the twelve kreutzer pieces that he had won, laid it upon the table, he said—'I do not know the answer any more than you.—Here are my twelve kreutzers.'

When the others heard these words, they opened their eyes, and said this was scarcely according to agreement. But as they could not control their laughter, and were weakly and good natured men, and as the Jew had helped them to while away the time from St. Veit to Schalampi, they let it pass, and the Jew took with him from the vessel—let a good arithmetician reckon up for me how much the Jew carried home with him. He had a 12 kreutzer piece and a brass button when he came on board. He won nine twelve kreutzer pieces by his answer, nine with his own riddle, one he had paid back, and eighteen kreutzers he gave to the captain.

Grapes in California.—It appears that, in addition to gold, quicksilver, and other precious ores, California produces fine grapes. An old resident of the country, writing to the San Francisco Journal, says:

I possess a small vineyard of one thousand vines, occupying three acres of land, which produce me nearly one thousand dollars. The produce of last season, however, (1847,) exceeded one thousand two hundred dollars. I sold grapes to the amount of four thousand pounds at eight cents per pound, amounting to three hundred and twenty dollars; manufactured thirty-six barrels of wine at twenty-eight dollars per barrel, amounting to two hundred dollars. The vines commence bearing on the third year and perfect on the fourth. A vineyard does not require more labor than a common cornfield, and one man is capable of attending five hundred vines, merely laboring three hours daily, for eight months during the year.

AN AERIAL STEAMER.—A Mr. Robbins, in New York, has invented an aerial steamer, which the Sun describes as follows:

The model steamer was eleven feet and a half long, and twenty-five inches in diameter, with a saloon three feet by four inches. It is composed of two parts—the upper portion of the 'float' or 'balloon' built in the form of a cigar; underneath this is the saloon or 'boat,' for conveying passengers, fuel, the 'steam engine,' &c. Between the float and saloon are two large propellers, something in the form of the wheel of a windmill. The two propellers are constructed so as to act upon the air in the same manner that a screw propeller acts upon the water. The air propeller, like the water propeller, is driven by a steam engine. The weight of the aerial steamer is supported in the atmosphere by the buoyant power of hydrogen gas, with which the float is inflated.—On being inflated and set in motion, the little steamer flew rapidly around the hall in every direction, as steered by the rudder. The rate of speed was fifty feet in five seconds.

The Sun also gives the following account of the second exhibition of the power of this machine. People will fly—there is no question of it. The proboscidic air journeys taken in Logan's new play of "1949" are likely to be realized in a much shorter time than a hundred years.

A large number of literary and scientific gentlemen, among whom were Professor Ewbank, Professors from the New York University and Columbia College, and representatives from most of the daily and Sunday papers attended yesterday a second exhibition of the aerial steamer. It is now fairly before the public, and as the model *does fly*, there is little doubt of its being completely successful. The machine will probably be exhibited to the public on next Wednesday evening at the Tabernacle, when it will be propelled through the air at the rate of six miles an hour, just for a flyer.' If Tom Thumb can be induced to trust himself in the model, he will guide it around the room. It is proposed to build a machine immediately that will carry three persons, and will run between this city and Washington, with occasional excursions to Halifax on the arrival of Steamers from Europe. A still larger machine, to run in California, is to be got ready by the first of April next. It will carry sixty passengers. One lady has already taken passage in it for breakfast and three children. If, (mind, we say if, for there is much virtue in the world,) this machine works on a large scale, steam ships may be laid up in ordinary, and peace societies may shut up shop. No body will be content to travel in ships, and wars will of necessity cease. What soldier would fight against a fellow pouring combustibles from a thousand feet acerbend.

An interesting discovery has been made in the Artic Ocean, one that may possibly lead to a new tropic. Captain Boyce, a whaleman of Sag Harbor, has recently returned from a voyage in which he explored a new whaling ground and made important discoveries North of Bhering's Strait. During his cruise in July and August, he saw no ice, and the weather was ordinarily so pleasant that his men could work in light clothing, and it was so light through the night, that whaling might have been carried on during the entire twenty-four hours. Captain Boyce found the whales numerous, and of different species from any he had before seen, and of three different kinds—all very tame. Both the American and Asiatic shores he found inhabited by numerous tribes of Indians, some of whom he saw passing from one continent to the other, in large canoes. Good anchorage was found in most parts of the ocean, from fifteen to thirty-five fathoms. Captain Boyce was induced to seek this new ocean by the representations of Captain Beechy, who visited that region in 1827, and describes it in his voyages.

THE SCHOOL ACCIDENT IN PHILADELPHIA.—*A Frightful Scene.*—We a few days since gave a telegraphic account of an accident of an appalling character, which happened on Tuesday morning, at one of the public schools of Philadelphia. We find the following description of it in the Philadelphia Pennsylvanian:

"The school contains about six or seven hundred pupils, of both sexes, whose ages range from six to fifteen years. The building is a two-story one, and the upper portion of it is occupied by the female scholars. Some mischievous boys in one of the lower rooms, to amuse themselves, lit bed pieces of paper and put them in the fire. The burning paper was carried upwards by the draught and blazed out through the grating of the valve of the flue in one of the front class rooms, up stairs. The scholars—all girls—in this part of the building, hearing the roaring sound ascending the flue, and seeing the sparks and blaze, made by the ignited combustible, as was natural for children became frightened, and thinking that the school was on fire, were instantly seized with a general panic, and no control whatever could be exerted over them by their teachers.

"A terrible scene ensued. The affrighted children, numbering some two or three hundred, ran screambling out of the rooms, and, wild and frantic, rushed pell-mell down the back stairs. At the last descending turn of the flight, near the bottom, a *miserable* constructed banister gave way, with a crash, under the heavy pressure of the animated torrent that came streaming resistlessly downwards, and the whole mass of children were precipitated the distance of several feet, into the entry, where they were literally piled, 10 or 12 deep, upon each other, with the fragments of the broken railing on the top of them. A Miss Caroline Hess, a young lady about 14 years old, daughter of Mr. Hess, baker, in Front street, near Cathcart, sustained a compound fracture of the leg, both the fibula and tibia being badly broken. The ear-ing of one girl caught in the railing, as she was tumbling in the passage way, and was torn completely from her ear, leaving a shocking laceration. Some fears were felt for the life of Miss Smith, residing, we were told, in Federal street, whose face was dreadfully contused. Katharine Burk, Plum street, above Third, had her face and head horribly cut; and Agnes Moat, Mead alley, laid for a long time before she evinced any signs of life."

To Test Metals.—Jno Roach, chemist in New York, says that iron pyrite, are not always affected by nitric acid—some books to the contrary notwithstanding. He says:

'I have seen specimens of iron pyrites from California, resembling in appearance the brightest gold. They were not tarnished in the slightest degree by nitric acid chemically pure. Iron pyrites, or any micaceous sulphuret of iron, can be detected in the following manner:—Take a lump of charcoal and place it on the iron pyrites, then expose it to the blast of a blow-pipe, from a spirit lamp, or common lamp will answer if more convenient, the heat not only sets fire the sulphur, which can be detected by the smell, but it instantly changes the mass which before looked like shining gold, to a dark, dirty, cast iron color.'

From the Washington Whig.

TREATMENT OF FRUIT TREES.—*Mr. Editor:*—Permit me, through the columns of your paper, to offer to the public, a few hints, from my own experience, in what is called, by nurserymen, "the shortening system," applied to peach, apple, plum, and other fruit trees.—Last spring, about the first of March, I selected twelve trees and cut off about six inches of the last year's growth, of all the branches, beginning at the lower ones and going through the entire top. At the same time, I reserved twelve trees, and allowed them their natural growth, and to my surprise, and to the astonishment of others, those trees that were shortened, are much more thrifty in growth, and handsomer trees, and the fruit upon them double the size, and of much better flavor, than the fruit of the other trees; they were also very smooth and free from punctures of insects, which partially destroy fruit; while the trees that had been left to themselves stunted in growth, and the fruit they produced was almost wholly destroyed by insects. I have applied to the roots of the trees, chip manure, lime and leached ashes. The soil on which they are planted is a black, mucky clay bottom.

I selected last spring one limb of an apple tree, bearing the twenty ounce pippin, and took off all the last year's growth, for grafting, and left the other limbs on the same tree undisturbed. I weighed the apples on the different limbs, and found that those on the limb to which I had applied the shortening system, weighed from eighteen to twenty ounces, while those on the limbs of natural growth, averaged only about twelve ounces. I would recommend the shortening process to peach, plum and apple trees, as it adds much to the beauty of the fruit, growth of trees, &c.

Scio, Feb., 1849. J. G. MORSE.

Receipt for Making Good Bread.—James Roche, long celebrated in Baltimore, as a baker of excellent bread, having retired from business, has furnished the Baltimore American with the following recipe for making good bread, with a request that it should be published for the information of the public:

"Take an earthen vessel, larger at the top than the bottom, and in it put one pint of milk, warm water, one and a half pounds of flour, and half a pint of milk yeast; mix them well together, and set it away, (in winter it should be in a warm place,) until it rises and falls again, which will be in from three to 6 hours; it may be set at night, if it be wanted in the morning; then put two large spoonsful of salt into two quarts of water, and mix it well with the above rising; then put in it about nine pounds of flour, and work your dough well, and set by until become light. Then make it out in loaves. The above will make four loaves.

"Some flour is dry and others runny, but the above quantity, however, will be a guide. The person making bread will remember that runny and new flour will require one-fourth more salt than old and dry flour. The water, also, should be tempered according to the weather; in spring and fall it should only be milk-warm; in hot weather cold; and in winter, warm.

Recipe for Making Biscuit.—One quart of milk, four even tea-spoonsfull of cream of tartar, two even ten-spoonsfull of carbonate of soda—the soda to be dissolved in the milk, and the cream of tartar to be thoroughly mixed with the flour, and a little salt. Mix it as soft as it can be baked. In this way you have biscuit mixed and ready for the table in half an hour.

Mrs. Gen. Taylor.—The lady of Gen. Taylor, it appears, is a native of Calvert Co., Md. A writer in the Intelligencer says:

Mrs. Taylor's father was Captain Walter Smith, an independent and highly respectable farmer, whose estate was situated on the right bank of St. Leonard's Creek, in which Commodore Barney's flotilla was blockaded in the late war. She is the sister of the late Major Richard Smith, of the Marine Corps, well remembered in New York especially, for his gallant and soldierly appearance and bearing, and his fine social qualities. It was in Kentucky that the General, then a very young man, saw her and was conquered.

ILLINOIS.—A resolution has passed one of the Houses of the Legislature of Illinois, to remove the seat of Government from Springfield, on the ground that such removal was called for by the public interest of the State, and the personal comfort and health of the members. Mr. Linder, in offering the resolution, summed up the miseries of legislators at Springfield as follows:

At sessions heretofore held in this place, it has been customary to get board, and good board, too, at three dollars per week, and in some cases at two dollars and fifty cents; that the members were then receiving four dollars per day, and had no good reason to complain of exorbitant charges. In addition to good board, they had comfortable rooms, good fires, and nice landladies, and active and expert chambermaids; and there was nothing wanting that would add to the comfort and gratification of the members. But now matters are sadly reversed. We are put on half rations by the new constitution. Only the pitiful sum of two dollars per day being allowed for our important services, and our landlords have the impudence to charge four dollars and fifty cents and five dollars per week. The American House being closed, we are now confined to rooms not more than eight feet square, scarcely too small for a member's imagination to expand and revert in. We are crowded together like horses in a livery stable. At the table we have to wait ten minutes for a cup of cold coffee, and *our nice landladies and our expert chambermaids are missing altogether.*

☞ The Brookville American (whig) is alarmed at the resurrection of Mr. Clay. It says—"we look at his re-election in the Senate with fearful forebodings. He has so long ruled the whig party, that we fear a collision between him and the officers of the government. His age, and other circumstances, should have induced his friends in Kentucky to leave him in the peace and quiet of private life."

Women for California.—*A Good Idea.*—We are glad to see that the gold diggers of California are likely to have helpmeets to share the fruits of their labor. Mrs. Eliza Farnham, in New York city, whose husband died on San Francisco last September, and who finds it necessary to go out there in consequence, proposes to take with her a company of 100 to 150 unmarried women, not under 25 years of age, who can bring undoubted testimonials as to character, education, &c. The sum of $250 subscribed by each, she thinks, will purchase a vessel, defray all necessary expenses, and take care of the "dear ones" till they can find suitable "*occupations*" in their new home. It is intended, also, that the party shall include six or eight respectable married men and their families. The idea is a good one, and we hope she will succeed in procuring a large company. They will be in demand, when they reach their destination; nay, they will be valued higher than gold.

SCRAPS AND ODDITIES.

"I can boast of *rank*," as the butter said to the cheese. "And I am *strong* and *salty*," as the cheese replied to the butter.

'Father, what does the Printer live on?'

'Why, child?'

'Because you said you hadn't paid him for two or three years, and you still take the paper.'

Boy—A-x-e, axe.

Teacher—What is an axe?

Boy—An instrument for cutting.

Teacher—How many kinds of axes are there?

Boy—Broad axe, narrow axe, post axe, and axe of the legislature and axe of the apostles.

Teacher—Go to the head my boy.

SIGNS.—Some young ladies feeling aggrieved by the severity with which their friends speculated on the gay plumes, flounces, necklaces, rings, etc., went to their pastor to learn his opinion. "Do you think," said they, "there can be any impropriety in wearing these things?" "By no means," was the prompt reply; "when the heart is full of righteous notions, it is perfectly proper to hang out the sign."

"I have a great run of business at present," remarked a pickpocket, who was chased by three constables.

Such is the richness of the soil in California, that steel pens, if put into the ground one night, are found to be gold ones on the following morning.—*Punch.*

"Naomah, the daughter of Enoch," remarks the Gateshead Observer, "was five hundred and eighty years old when she married! Let some folks take courage yet."

The Louisville Courier-Journal gives the Blade gives the following among other "hints on matrimony:" "Don't be surprised if, after you have sailed smoothly eight or ten months on the voyage of matrimony, you are suddenly overtaken by *squalls.*"

Modest.—"My dear, don't say tale, say narrative," said a modest lady to her little son, who was relating a very interesting "tale," as he had read in the newspaper. While the little fellow was thinking of his mistake, the old house dog walked in shaking his tail and looking quite familiar at the boy, when he exclaimed: "Ma, make Sancho quit shaking his narrative."

'Were you ever cross-questioned?'

'Yes, when questioned by my wife, after spending the evening abroad, cross enough in all conscience.'

"Is Mr. ——— abstemious in his living?" asked a physician of a rather obstreuse attendant upon a patient laboring under an inflamatory complaint.

'What he's abstemious enough in the eatin' but I tell you he's steamious when you come to the drinkin."

A Strong Wind.—A Tennessee paper says that John L. Wind, Esq., of Mississippi, recently thrashed three men in four minutes—That wind must have blown a hurricane in the time. This chap would make a fortune in the West Indies by running an opposition against tornadoes.

☞ A brow beating attorney, in trying a horse case, asked a witness in a contemptuous manner if he knew a horse from an ass.—"Oh yes," he replied, "I never mistook you for a horse." The attorney *spunk.*

The inquiry is made whether "Old Whitey" accompanies Gen. Taylor. The old white horse is sensible to the last and preferred going to grass at home, to making an ass of himself by joining the crowd who harness his gallant old master.—*Cin. Dispatch.*

The "Old boss" has seen so many *long cars* protruding from the heads fawning sycophants who crawl at the feet of his master, that we do not wonder at his giving a significant neigh to such a foolish enquiry.—*Ky. Flag.*

A chap from the country, dining at a city friend's, who ranked among the most fashionable of the "upper ten," desired a little more sauce on his pudding. Thinking this word too common or vulgar for such a place and occasion, he astonished the presiding goddess of the table by gentilicising it thus:—"If you please, marm, I'll trouble you for a spoonful or two of your *impatience.*"

It has been decided in France, to be unconstitutional to vote for an Ass, or even to draw a likeness of an Ass on the ballot! What a change would occur, were it unconstitutional to vote for Asses here.

Donation Parties.—If all donation parties were conducted upon the plan mentioned in the following paragraph, we would unhesitatingly yield our encouragement. The scheme is rather unique, we admit, but still think it worthy of a trial in this part of the country. As our ladies are fond of following Eastern fashions, perhaps the plan may meet their view; if so, we should like to be advised, as we "favors go by kissing," *we* should certainly favor it.

They have a *new* way of raising funds for charitable purposes down on the Cape. The occasion was a donation-party, and the scheme was rather unique as well as singular. The Sandwich Observer tells how it was put to practice, the *locale* being not more than a thousand miles off. It appears that some of the dissatisfied ladies present actually allowed their sweet lips to be tasted at the rate of fifty cents a kiss—this being considered a suitable price for the privilege! If our authority was not misinformed, one gentleman of the party took five dollars' worth!

Lesson to be Learned in 1849.—Learn to spend your money for that which will do you the most good.

Not to sacrifice the wants of the mind to those of the body.

To live for the world, so that the world will return may live for you.

Learn by experience that the law of kindness is the most powerful weapon.

That you may have faults as well as your neighbors, although they may differ.

To have charity for others that they may have the same for you.

That mind is progressive and the world is advancing, and that if you are not up and doing, you will soon be left behind the lighted house."

To stop bleeding at the Nose.—Dr. Negrier, a French surgeon, says that the simple elevation of a person's arm will always stop bleeding at the nose. He explains the act physiologically, and declares it a positive remedy. It is certainly easy of trial.

Another Monster of the Deep.—Capt. Cara, lately arrived at Boston, (?) (says the Montreal Courier) from Havre, states that on the 26th ult., long. 47, he saw something like his larboard low way like a whale. He kept up for it, and upon approaching it thought it was a large ship bottom upwards, but on closing alongside he discovered it to be a gigantic turtle or tortoise, armed with enormous shells or blades, which glittered in the air and seemed for the defence of the creature like the quills of a porcupine.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1849.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JOSEPH A. WRIGHT,

OF PARKE COUNTY.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,

JAMES H. LANE,

OF DEARBORN COUNTY.

Democratic Congressional Convention.

A Convention of Delegates from the several Counties composing the 10th Congressional District of Indiana, will be held at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on Wednesday, the 23d day of May, 1849, at 11 o'clock A. M., to nominate a democratic candidate for Congress, to be supported at the next August election.

Each County is entitled, by former usage, to send one delegate to the Convention for every one hundred democratic votes polled at the last election; and in those counties where the fraction exceeds fifty votes, to one delegate in addition, as follows:

Adams,	4	Jay,	4
Allen,	11	La Grange,	6
Blackford,	2	Noble,	6
Dekalb,	6	Randolph,	8
Delaware,	7	Steuben,	4
Grant,	6	Wells,	4
Huntington,	5	Whitley,	5

By order of the District Committee,

DANIEL REED, *Chairman.*

February 10, 1849.

Adams County Democratic Convention.

Notice is hereby given to the Democracy of Adams County, Indiana, that a County Convention will be held at the court house in said county on Saturday, the 21st of April next, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Congressional and Representative Conventions; for the nomination of candidates for county officers; and the transaction of such other business as shall properly come before the Convention.

The respective townships are requested to appoint their delegates to said Convention on the first Monday of April next.

The ratio of representation in the Convention is fixed at one delegate for every six democratic votes polled at the last Presidential election and one for every fraction above half that number. No township to have less than three delegates. Thus—

Hartford,	3	Kirkland,	3
Wabash,	8	Washington,	10
Jefferson,	3	St. Mary's,	6
Blue Creek,	5	Union,	3
Monroe,	4	Root,	10
French,	6	Preble,	8

By order of the Central Committee,

SAMUEL L. RUGG, *Chairman.*

February 21, 1849.

Allen County Democratic Convention.

The Democratic Convention of Allen County will meet at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on Saturday, the 19th day of May next, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of appointing eleven delegates to the Congressional Convention, and also to nominate candidates for the Legislature and the several county offices to be filled at the August election.

The democrats are requested to meet at the usual places of holding elections in their several Townships on Monday, the 2d day of April, and elect delegates to represent them in said County Convention in the following proportion, viz:

Aboite	3	Milan	3
Adams	5	Monroe	3
Cedar Creek	7	Perry	6
Eel River	3	Pleasant	3
Jefferson	4	Springfield	4
Lafayette	3	St. Joseph	4
Lake	4	Scipio	3
Madison	4	Washington	7
Marion	8	Wayne	20
Maumee	3		

By order of the County Committee,

S. C. FREEMAN, Chairman.

March 9, 1849.

THE CABINET.—OFFICIAL.

On the 7th the following Cabinet Nominations were submitted to the Senate for confirmation, from the President of the United States, by the hands of Major BLISS:

JOHN M. CLAYTON, of Delaware, Secretary of State.

WILLIAM M. MEREDITH, of Pennsylvania, Secretary of the Treasury.

THOMAS EWING, of Ohio, Secretary of Home Department.

WILLIAM H. CRAWFORD, of Georgia, Secretary of War.

WILLIAM B. PRESTON, of Virginia, Secretary of the Navy.

JACOB COLLAMER, of Vermont, Post Master General.

REVERDY JOHNSON, of Maryland, Attorney General.

The nominations were all confirmed.

President Taylor has appointed his son in law, Major BLISS, his Private Secretary.

☞ Hon. E. A. HANNEGAN, late U. States Senator from this State, has been appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to Prussia. The nomination was confirmed by the Senate on the 4th inst.

Ho, for California!—Some fifteen or eighteen of our citizens have started for the gold diggings within the past week, and more are preparing to follow. Part of them take the overland route, via Independence, and a part proceed to New York to embark for the Isthmus. Fort Wayne will be well represented at "the diggings;" and we hope all our adventurous friends may have their golden dreams more than realized, and that they may in due time return with their "packets full of rocks"—golden ones, of course.

THE CANAL.—Several hands have been busily employed for some days past in clearing out the canal and removing the bars and other obstructions. Water will be let into this level by the last of next week.

The break at Gal Creek, on the level east of this, cannot be repaired until the water in the river falls; it will probably require two or three weeks to repair. Navigation cannot open until the beginning or middle of April.

Agriculture and Horticulture.—We direct attention to the communication in another column on the subject of Agricultural and Horticultural Societies. Much good has resulted from such societies in every place where they have been organised, and we should be happy to see some steps taken to establish one in this place.

CITY OFFICERS.—The common council on Monday last appointed OLIVER P. MORGAN, Recorder of the City; S. C. FREEMAN, High Constable, Street Commissioner, and Collector; CHARLES E. FRENCH, Assessor; and A. P. STOCKBRIDGE, Treasurer.

MAIL ROBBERY.—*Arrest of the Thief.*—The mail bag from this place to Logansport was robbed on the 23d January last by the mail carrier, and nearly the whole contents taken out. The robbery was not discovered until a few days ago, when some citizens of Huntington happening to pass along an unfrequented road leading from Lewis' farm to Huntington, picked up a large number of letters and papers which were strewed along the route. The boy who had charge of the mail at the time of the robbery had since been discharged, and was living at Lagro. He was arrested on Wednesday last and brought to Huntington for examination. We have not learned his name, nor heard the result of the examination.

Fort Wayne and Bluffton Plank Road.—We understand about $2000 stock for this road has already been subscribed in Wells County. How does the subscription progress in this county? We are afraid the directors here are not pushing the matter as earnestly as they might.

☞ Kind reader, what do you think of a man who is so extremely anxious to obtain office, that he will write a communication to a neighboring County paper recommending, in strong terms, his claims to a seat in Congress? We should be pleased to give the name of a certain individual who has lately been playing off a trick of this kind, but we fear we should cause a blush to tinge the cheek of a Democratic editor, residing, something less than fifty miles from this place. He occasionally appears over the signature of "*Many Democrats.*"—*Huntington Herald.*

We suppose by the above it is meant to insinuate that Mr. Milligan himself wrote the communication which appeared in the Sentinel a few weeks since, recommending him as a candidate for Congress. In justice to that gentleman we will state that such is not the fact. The communication was written by a gentleman long a citizen of Huntington, with whose hand writing we are well acquainted, and was accompanied by a private letter requesting the publication, and at the same time stating that the communication was written without the knowledge or concurrence of Mr. Milligan.

Will the editor of the Herald have the candor to do Mr. Milligan justice in the matter?

THE CABINET.—What does the Sentinel think of the Cabinet *this* week? What a rebuffle paper the Sentinel is, indeed, publishing *mere rumor* and commenting on them as though they were facts. The public will certainly look in that paper for late news hereafter.—*Times.*

We acknowledge the corn. The list was copied from a whig paper, (the papers from which we usually select our news having failed coming to hand;) and though we do not usually attach much credit to any thing coming from a whig source, yet we thought in this case it *might* possibly be the truth. However, we find we were mistaken; and we promise the Times not again to fall into so aggregious an error.

Speaking of "reliable papers," how did it happen that the last Times, without any shadow of foundation, announced that the Bill for the Government of California and New Mexico with the principles of the Wilmot Proviso attached, passed both Houses on Sunday morning; when it is a notorious fact that no such bill did pass? The public will certainly not look in *that* paper for late or correct news hereafter.

Is there not a mote in Brother Withers' eye?

A "Reliable Paper."—The Times states that Wm. C. Preston of South Carolina is appointed Secretary of the Navy, and comments on it as though it were a fact: whereas it appears by the Washington papers that Wm. B. Preston of Virginia is the man. A great paper for news is that same Times.

Presidents Taylor and Polk.—President Polk entertained a large party to dinner at the White House a few days before the expiration of his term. Among the guests were General Taylor and Mr. Fillmore, General Cass, Col. Bliss and lady, &c., &c. The utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed.

We are happy to learn that Gen. Taylor has entirely recovered his health.

Forged Land Warrants.—A great many forged Land Warrants are in circulation, and as the number of these forgeries is believed to be augmenting, the Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular to the Registers and Receivers of the Land Offices, stating that where land is located by forged land warrant; or, 2d, where the assignment or transfer is forged; or, 3d, where the power of attorney is forged—such location is null and void, and the land remains the property of the United States.—Purchasers had better be careful of whom they buy land warrants.

THE INAUGURATION.—President Taylor was inaugurated with the usual formalities and took the oath of office on the 5th inst., in presence of a large concourse of persons, estimated at thirty thousand.

CONGRESS.—The two houses did not get through their labors until 7 o'clock on Sunday morning, having been in session the whole night. The general appropriation bill came near being defeated in the Senate, as it was coupled with a provision in the House recognizing all the existing laws in California, which would in effect have been equivalent to the Wilmot Proviso, as those laws do not tolerate slavery. After a most exciting debate the House amendment was stricken out, and the appropriation bill passed. No bill organizing a government in the new territories was passed, nor was any provision made for admitting them as States.

Several disgraceful scenes were enacted during the night session. In the Senate, Mr. Foote shook his fist menacingly in the face of Mr. Cameron of Pa. and was promptly floored for his insolence by the latter. Two or three scuffles also occurred in the House.

The National Intelligencer gives the following as the result of the most important questions left for final action on the last day of the session:

1. *No bill was passed providing a government for either of the territories of New Mexico or California.* These measures fell through from the inability of the two houses to concur in any propositions for the purpose. At the last moment, however, a bill from the House was taken up and passed by the Senate, and has become a law, *for extending the revenue laws of the United States to those territories.*

2. The bill to establish *the Home Department* has become a law, having passed the Senate after a long, arduous, and rather stormy debate; and a new and valuable department has thus been added to the government.

The bill *for creating a Territorial government for Minnesota* has also become a law, the House of Representatives having receded from its amendment proposing to postpone the operation of the bill to the 10th of this month.

4. A bill was passed in reference to the next *Census*, directing the heads of some of the departments and the Attorney General to prepare and report at the next session of Congress a bill to authorize the taking of the Seventh Census of the United States.

Important Link in the Great Chain of Internal Improvements.—A charter was granted by our last Legislature for incorporating a company to construct a rail road from some point on the Ohio State line in the direction of Kenton, through Fort Wayne to Laporte, at which place it will intersect the Chicago Rail road. A continuous chain of rail roads is now in operation, or in course of construction, extending from Philadelphia, via Pittsburgh, to Kenton, Ohio, and measures are already in progress for continuing the work to the State line. All that is needed to complete the great chain is the construction of that portion in this State; and it surely becomes the duty of every citizen of Northern Indiana to strain every nerve to secure this desirable consummation. At the same time we think the capitalists of Philadelphia, if they could be made aware of the vast amount of trade which the rail road would bring to their doors, would feel impelled to subscribe liberally for the stock. At present nearly all the trade of this vast region concentrates at New York; but by the present routes of travel that city is inaccessible to us for nearly half the year, and even when open many vexatious delays occur in the receipt of goods. Besides this, great losses accrue from the detention of our produce from market at such times as it would command the highest prices. By the proposed rail road these evils would be avoided: our produce could be sent directly to market at any season, winter as well as summer, when the prices were at the highest; our merchants could receive their spring goods two or three months earlier than they can from New York, and would not be compelled to purchase so heavily in the fall as at present, as they could at any time replenish their stocks at a few days' notice. With the completion of the rail road, Philadelphia would become the emporium of the trade of the great grain growing region of Northern Indiana—the granary of the West. The importance of this work to the business of that city can scarcely be over-estimated, and we think if the facts of the case could once be shown to her enterprising and clear sighted merchants, they would at once provide the capital.

We copy below an able article from the Laporte Whig on the subject, and hope it will be perused with the attention it deserves. The facts and statistics there embodied are sufficient to warrant the conclusion that the work *can* and *will* be done if we set ourselves in earnest to the task.

From the Laporte County (Ind.) Whig.

OHIO, INDIANA AND LAKE MICHIGAN RAIL ROAD.

We are pleased to see that the construction of a continuous line of Rail Road from Pittsburgh to Chicago, making this place a point, is being agitated by the business men and capitalists, not only along the line of the proposed road, but by the Philadelphians, who are waking up to the interests of that city. The Philadelphians must be fully aware, that unless the capital of their city is employed in the construction of some great western thoroughfare, extending to the Mississippi, nearly the entire trade of this broad valley will be irredeemably lost to her; the avenues that are being opened to the cities of New York and Boston cannot fail to secure the vast and growing trade of the west to those cities, unless the most vigorous efforts are made by the business men of Pittsburgh and Philadelphia in constructing the means by which these cities, or the city of Philadelphia, may become a rival for the vast trade of the West. The project of the proposed road is feasible, and with a proper portion of enterprise and liberality on the part of all interested in the magnificent scheme of uniting the West with that great commercial city, she may, (if she cannot control,) *command* a large portion of Western trade. She certainly cannot be blind to her own interest: she is not; but to what extent, efforts are now being made to push this proposed road through and secure its speedy completion, our readers, probably, are not apprized.

We learn by a letter received by a gentleman of this place, written by one of the engineers on the road from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh, (which we are permitted to peruse) that "the Central Rail Road through Pennsylvania is rapidly progressing, has now 140 miles completed, and is paying out $100,000 per month." It will be completed through to Pittsburgh in 30 months, 358 miles.

The Ohio and Pennsylvania Rail Road, which is a continuation of the Pennsylvania central Road, commences at Pittsburgh, passes through Salem, Canton, Massilon, Wooster, Mansfield, and Bucyrus; from this latter point, the design is to reach Fort Wayne by the most judicious route. The funds for the construction of the road between Pittsburgh and Salem, are provided and the Engineers are preparing that portion for contract, and one-half the amount necessary to continue it to Wooster, is subscribed and the books are filling up daily, and it is believed the amount will be taken in a very few days. The writer of the letter alluded to says: "the utmost confidence exists in all minds that it will go on certainly, and speedily. The preference of D. Directors, Engineers and Stockholders, is ultimately to point towards Chicago, we prefer to cut through the wheat region."

We are assured that the commissioners of the counties in Ohio, through which the route may be located, will subscribe liberally to this road, a letter now in our hands from a reliable source at Lima, Allen county, Ohio, says that the commissioners will take $50,000 and that individuals will subscribe an equal amount:—Marion county, with individual subscriptions.

From the Boston Traveller, Feb 20.

ACCOUNTS FROM CALIFORNIA.—Capt. Wm. D. Phelps, late of barque Moscow, of this port, arrived here from California, via Panama, on Saturday morning. Capt. P. brings a quantity of the gold, in grains, in scales, and in lumps, the largest of the latter weighing about an ounce and a half. The amount of gold brought by him has been much overrated in the published accounts, though he brings a considerable quantity, much less however, than of the lowest amount stated ($30,000.)

As Capt. P. worked personally at the mines for which we believe was not the case with Mr. Atherton, his experience of the minutiæ of the gold digging there is considerable. In the first place, as to the prices of gold that have been reported to be found, he says the largest piece that he has seen is in the possession of Mr. Mellus, and weighs but six ounces. He heard numerous stories at the mines of large prices being found; but in every instance where they were investigated, they turned out to be false, or greatly exagerated. One man was reported to have found a piece weighing several pounds; he went to see him, and found that its weight was only two ounces, and that it was the proceeds of an entire day's work.

As the stories that the diggers were many of them averaging $150 per day, he thinks that those that have done the best have not obtained more than $3,000 during the entire digging season. The hours of work were from five to ten hours per day. Formerly, the Indians were willing to work for a trifle, but they have since become better acquainted with the value of their toil. They are principally the remnants of tribes, and are not form idable.

But one case of disorder occurred before Captain P. left. It was that of a negro who insulteda Mormon woman. The people turned out, and caught the negro, tied him to a tree, gave him a good lashing, and then turned him loose, with a threat of a rifle ball if he misbehaved again.

From the Washington Union, Feb. 22th.

FROM PANAMA.—A letter to the New York Tribune, dated Panama, Jan. 22, gives an account of a meeting held at that place by a goodly number of Americans, to protest against the priority given to passengers from the Pacific coast by the Agent of the United States mail steamer California. The Americans at Panama who went across the Isthmus in the expectation of obtaining passage in the steamer, contend that by the advertisement of the Pacific Mail Company they have the right of priority over passengers from California and other Pacific ports. The meeting also passed resolutions approving the circular issued by General Smith, notifying foreigners that they are prohibited by the laws of the United States from trespassing on the public domain, and that it will be his duty to enforce those laws against persons not citizens of the United States, on his arrival in California.—The following is the circular letter of General Smith:

SIR: The laws of the United States inflict the penalty of fine and imprisonment on trespassers on the public lands. As nothing can be more unreasonable or unjust than the conduct pursued by persons not citizens of the United States, who are flocking from all parts to search for and carry off gold belonging to the United States in California, and as such conduct is in direct violation of law, it will become my duty, immediately upon my arrival there, to put these laws in force, to prevent their infraction in future, by punishing with the penalties prescribed by law those who offend.

As these laws probably are not known to many who are about starting to California, it would be well to make it publicly known that there are such laws in existence, and that they will be in future enforced against all persons not citizens of the United States who shall commit any trespass on the lands of the United States in California. Your position as consul here, being in communication with the consuls on the coast of South America, affords you the opportunity of making this known most generally; and I will be much obliged to you if you will do it.

PERSIFOR F. SMITH,
Bvt. Maj. Gen. U. S. A. Com'g Pacific Div.

WM. NELSON, U. S. Consul at Panama.

There is considerable dissatisfaction among the Americans detained at Panama, in consequence of what they conceive to be the bad faith of the Pacific Agent of the Mail Company, but the latter expresses the opinion that the order-loving and law-abiding portion are so much in the ascendant, that it will pass off without serious consequences.—*Balt. Amer.*

From the Baltimore Sun.

From the Tallahassee Arrient at New Y. k of the Crescent City.

As stated by telegraph in yesterday's Sun, the Crescent City, Captain Stoddard, from Chagres, February 17th, and Havanna, February 23d, arrived at New York on Saturday morning. She went out to Chagres in nine days. She brings some further intelligence from California, but nothing of later date.

The steamship California, and the ship Philadelphia, left Panama for San Francisco February 2d—the former with three hundred and seventy-five and the latter with two hundred and fifty passengers.

The steamship Falcon also arrived at Chagres on the 17th ultimo, with three hundred and seventeen passengers, and left for New York on the 18th. The barque Maricata and the Eudora also arrived on the 14th, with one hundred passengers—and the brigantine arrived on the 17th, with sixty passengers.

When the Falcon, the Crescent City, and the other vessels named arrived, there were already over two hundred and fifty passengers on shore awaiting means of transportation to Panama; and those arriving by the above vessels swelled the number to upward of one thousand persons.

When the Crescent City left Chagres, there was no sickness of any kind in that place, and over one-half of the passengers had started for Panama.

The most active measures were taken to forward all the passengers to Panama before the 20th February.

There was no sickness at Panama, and all the passengers were able to obtain accommodations at the rate of two dollars a day.

The United States store ship Lexington, left San Francisco for Valparaiso on the 4th of December with $300,000 in gold dust. At Valparaiso the amount is to be cast into bars, then shipped by the English steamer to Panama, and thence to the United States by the first steamer from Chagres.

The steamship Falcon, Captain Thompson, arrived at Havana on the 22d of February, 4 days from Chagres—one day after the Crescent City. She had two passengers on board. She was to leave soon for New Orleans.

A Chagres letter of the 17th February, to the New York Commercial, says:

"The steamer Cruz took the passengers of the Crescent City and brig Winthrop, and part of the Falcon's, yesterday up the river, charging $40 per head. Captain Leighton is here, and sails in a day or two for St. Juan. Got a corps of mules. It required one thousand five hundred mules to take the baggage and passengers of the Falcon alone. The weather is fine—no dew, and warm in the day, but not so hot as reported."

The New York Sun also has the following letter:

PANAMA, morning of Feb. 15, 1849.

I send you by the very last means of conveyance a few items of interest from California. They were received here this morning from a Spaniard who came passenger in the Peruvian bark Martinez, direct from San Francisco.

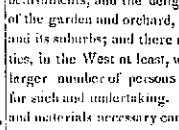
Emigrants of all kinds and colors are pouring into it in multides. Every language, race, color and shade is represented. Lawyers, ministers, women, in male attire, robbers, aristocrats, and outcasts from civilized life, are all flocking to the gold regions. All are frantic with hopes of finding chunks of gold as large as mill stones; but a few days' experience of California life changes their views of gold hunting.

Living is excessively high, and mining for the precious minerals is one of the worst kinds of lottery. For each person that is so fortunate as to find a mass sufficient to enrich him for life, there are dozens who can scarcely make a living.

Many robberies have taken place, but they are chiefly confined to food and clothing.—These things, at times, when there is a scarcity in the market, bring excessive prices.—One day flour may, at retail, bring two hundred dollars a barrel, although a few days before it was sold for fifteen dollars.

The necessities of many of the emigrants, and these varieties in prices lead to numerous and daring Robberies for gold are rare. One or two murders have, however, occurred for this cause.

LATER AND IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.



ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER AMERICA.

NEW YORK, March 9, 1849.

The steamer America arrived at Halifax at a quarter in 3 this morning, bringing dates from Liverpool to the 24th of February, and from Halifax to this city by express.

At the Liverpool provision market, prices were quoted as follows:

Wheat—American and Canadian white, 7s. 3d.a7s. 4d.—Red, 6s. 6d.a6s. 8d. per bushel, of 70 lbs.

Flour—Western Canal and Richmond, 26s. a26s. 6d.—Philadelphia and Baltimore, 26s.a 29s.—New Orleans and Ohio, 26s.a27s.—Indian, 25s. 6d.a26s. 6d.—Cumplian, sour, 25s. a26s.

The state of the trade in the manufacturing districts on the whole, is considered satisfactory. Employment is plentiful and activity prevails throughout.

A good demand exists for American securities on London.

United States six per cent. stocks continue in active demand on the Continent, and orders for this kind of stock have been received at 105¾.

Money continues to get more abundant and the rate of interest now rules low.

Labouchier has again brought forward the government proposition for a modification of the navigation laws, and Mr. Bancroft, the American Minister, states that to whatever extent the liberalism of the British Parliament may be disposed to legislate in this matter, that he is ready to sign a Treaty based upon complete reciprocity and the opening of the entire coasting trade of the two countries to the vessels of both.

By the proposed law it will be competent for an American vessel from New York to Liverpool, laden with Cotton and Tobacco, to discharge all or part of her cargo in the river Mersey, and then to take in a new cargo or passengers and take them to Glasgow or London in transit, and then to clear with perhaps a fresh cargo from her final port of discharge.

The cholera returns have now swelled to twelve thousand three hundred and ninety-five, of which five thousand five hundred and forty-six have died—three thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight have recovered, and three thousand one hundred and sixty four continue under treatment, on which the result is not stated.

The Bank of England exhibit shows increasing resources, while the lower rate of discount among private Bankers preclude the Bank from adding to their Mercantile business.

The reports from California continue to excite intense interest in England and throughout Europe. It extends to all classes. The government of France has despatched an Engineer to California for the purpose of surveying the country and reporting upon the gold region.

FRANCE.—The National Assembly has finally voted for dissolving itself, and the new Assembly will meet about the middle of May.

Louis Napoleon seems daily to be acquiring political strength and popularity, and the politicians who have hitherto, from apprehension of instability, or from other motives withheld their support, now come forward and declare themselves Bonapartists, and as a consequence great progress has been made towards the re-establishment of confidence. The Bonnet Rouge (red bonnet) the symbol of Liberty, as well as of crime, has been put down in almost every part of France. Montagnard and Socialist inscriptions have shared the same fate.

Ledru Rollin having interrogated the Ministers in regard to the affairs of Rome, received in reply an intimation that the French Government did not mean to acknowledge the Roman Government, without previously ascertaining that it approves of its acts, and that the French Ministry were anxious that the Pope should be placed in a position becoming a temporal Prince and head of the Catholic Church. The Assembly, in spite of the effort of the Red Republicans to fetter the government by a declaration of principles, passed unceremoniously to the order of the day.

The gay saloons of Paris, long closed, are now opened, and are nightly filled with the *beau monde.*

Joseph Bonaparte will proceed to Madrid, as the French Ambassador. He wishes to remain in France until after the election, for which event he is preparing, so as to render efficient aid in consolidating the power of the Republic in the hands of his kinsman.

A continuance of tranquility may increase the good disposition which now prevails.

The funds have advanced very considerably.

THE ROMAN STATES.—A provisional government has been declared by the excited people. In that part of Italy, in the Roman States, the republican feeling has reached the highest point of excitement, and the power of Executive committee has usurped the Papal authority, which is now altogether set aside, the Pope deposed, and a republic established.

M. Somerady has arrived in London from Vienna with a view of settling with Lord Palmerston the preliminaries of the Congress, to assemble at Brussels.

The King of Holland opened the Chambers on the 15th amidst general manifestations of attachment from the people.

The Prussian elections have caused general interest.

In Austria and Hungary affairs have again taken a favorable turn. The Imperials have certainly been beaten in several encounters with the Hungarians, and Berne is likely to give them additional trouble.

SPAIN.—At the last session of Congress held in Madrid, (Jan. 31,) a call was made for the correspondence said to have passed respecting the annexation of the Island of Cuba. The reply was that no proposition had been made, and that no ministry, composed of Spaniards would ever listen to such a proposition if made, and that the ministry would never cede the Island of Cuba to any power. In the Senate, General Novarez confirmed the statement of the ministry, and added that the rumor of cession was entirely unfounded, and that the Island of Cuba would always remain as now, a part of the Spanish monarchy.

ITALY.—The deposing of the Pope and the erection of a Republic in the Roman States, took place on the 9th of February. The Pope will have the necessary guarantees for the independence of his spiritual power.

To the Editor of the Fort Wayne Sentinel.

A Word to the friends of Agriculture and Horticulture.

MR. EDITOR.—Allow me, through your columns, to say a word on the subject of Agricultural and Horticultural improvements.

One who has had the opportunity of witnessing the improved condition of Agriculture and Horticulture in other parts of our country and of reading the published results of similar improvements in other countries, is painfully impressed by the want of them among ourselves. Fort Wayne and its environs show a lamentable deficiency in the arts of rural embellishment. This is the more strange and inexcusable, as there are few localities that furnish in their natural advantages, more ample scope for the amateur and man of taste to gratify his love for rural embellishments, and the delightful occupations of the garden and orchard, than Fort Wayne and its suburbs; and there are few communities, in the West at least, where there are a larger number of persons of suitable tastes for such and undertaking. And as the means and materials necessary can now be obtained with so much convenience and at so little cost would it not be well for those in Fort Wayne and its vicinity who are interested, to make an effort in some form, to call the public attention to this subject.

Organic action on the principle of popular association constitutes one of the peculiarities of the times of progress and development.—And in no way has its beneficial results been more strikingly manifested than in its application to Agricultural and Horticultural improvements. It has arrested the attention and called into exercise some of the most profound, enlightened, and gifted intellects of the age, who are now engaged in the work of Agricultural and Horticultural improvements. Science is now shedding her light on all that was dark and occult in this realm of nature; revealing the mysteries of vegetable life and growth; elaborating the functions of a plant by the same process and with the same exactitude that she determines the polarity of the magnetic needle or the motions of a celestial body,—and is investing the enlightened cultivator of the soil with a dignity of position which has hitherto been denied him, but to which he is so justly entitled. Agriculture, in its comprehensive sense, is now a science, and has a literature of its own.

Among the various methods which have been adopted to awaken inquiry among farmers and horticulturists, promote investigation, furnish the means of interchange of thought, kindle the spirit of emulation, and create social harmony and good feeling, few have been more successful than the associations known by the name of farmer's and horticultural clubs. What the Agricultural and Horticultural Society is to the country, these are in many respects to the neighborhood; and the good results, wherever they have been instituted and sustained, are not less apparent. The effect of such associations does not depend so much on the numbers, as in the spirit, zeal, and intelligence of the members, all the while the right feeling prevails the more that combine the better. There are few communities, now that the taste for Horticultural and Agricultural improvement so generally prevails throughout the country, where a dozen men cannot be found willing to meet once a month to compare opinions, and communicate the results of their experience and observations. Even half a dozen, if they are men of the right stamp, will make the meetings of such a club most interesting and instructive. Such meetings are the places to discuss and settle all points of a practical character in Agriculture and Horticulture; soils, their qualities, and the crops, fruits, and flowers, best adapted to each kind; Agricultural and Horticultural improvements and their improvement; new theories, and their rationality and practical bearing; questions connected with Agricultural reading and study; in short every thing belonging to the effort of the Red Republicans to fetter the government by a declaration of principles, passed unceremoniously to the order of the day.

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SPAIN.—At the last session of Congress held in Madrid, (Jan. 31,) a call was made for the correspondence said to have passed respecting the annexation of the Island of Cuba. The reply was that no proposition had been made, and that no ministry, composed of Spaniards would ever listen to such a proposition if made, and that the ministry would never cede the Island of Cuba to any power. In the Senate, General Novarez confirmed the statement of the ministry, and added that the rumor of cession was entirely unfounded, and that the Island of Cuba would always remain as now, a part of the Spanish monarchy.

ITALY.—The deposing of the Pope and the erection of a Republic in the Roman States, took place on the 9th of February. The Pope will have the necessary guarantees for the independence of his spiritual power.

Another of the benefits resulting from such an association would, or might be, the formation of an Agricultural and Horticultural Museum, embracing specimens of the various soils cultivated by the members, or any of these remarkable for their fertility or otherwise; specimens to illustrate the geological and mineralogical character of the district, and show the bearing, these sciences have on Agriculture and Horticulture; specimens of the various kinds of grains and cultivated plants, whether remarkable for size, novelty, or their valuable qualities; fruits, flowers, roots, &c., according to the season; together with all such matters as are calculated to interest and instruct such a body of men; the whole as far as possible to be preserved for the benefit of all. Wherever, in Europe or, this country, this or similar plans have been adopted, the results have been most happy, and the cause of Agriculture and Horticulture has received a decided impulse.

We have merely thrown out these hints in the hope that some of our spirited men, in Fort Wayne and its vicinity, may be induced to further develope them and reduce them to practice by the formation of such an association, and thus supply a desideratum which all must acknowledge and regret.

AGROS.

Wilmot Proviso in Congress.—The Wilmot Proviso was attached to the Territorial Bill in the House of Congress by a vote of 126 to 87.

From the Washington Union.

The President on route for Tennessee.—The President of the United States will leave the White House on Saturday evening, to take up his quarters at the Irving House. He and his lady, and the Secretary of the Treasury will leave Washington in the regular boat early on Tuesday morning. Some of the President's friends will accompany him to Richmond. He expects to arrive at Wilmington (N. C.) on Wednesday, where he will remain the invited guest of the town one day. The ladies of his family, too, will require some repose after the loss of two nights' sleep.—On Thursday, he expects to arrive in Charlestown, to stay one day and partake of the cordial hospitalities of the Common Council.—They will arrive at Savannah on Saturday, where they will be by on the Sabbath, and then proceed homeward to Nashville by way of New Orleans. We are confident that the President ever retired from power with a conscience more at ease, and with a higher claim upon the confidence of his countrymen.

From the Washington Union, Feb. 22th.

☞ We are happy to announce the arrival of Gen'l Cass, who reached the city last night in the evening train of cars. He was met at the depot by a large number of friends and escorted to his lodgings at the United States Hotel.

The General is in fine health, and in that full flow of spirits characteristic of his truly great and philosophic mind.

Although he comes not as a few short months since we expected to greet him—the President elect of the United States—a position to which his eminent qualifications and brilliant public services entitled him, and his elevation to which, the friends of popular rights, and free government throughout the world fondly anticipated; still his services in the Senate will be most important, and we congratulate the country upon his return to that eminent body of which he has been so distinguished an ornament. He is a man to whose fame the presidency could add nothing. Of him it can be truly said that he would honor the office more than the office would honor him.

General Taylor and the Office Seekers.—A correspondent of the New York Mirror, writing from Washington says:—"I learn from those who have recently been with the old hero, that when the politicians grow importunate and irksome, he "puts on the General," which quickly silences all impertinencies.—When the flies become troublesome, the lion shakes his mane, and they *vamose* at once."

From New York to Philadelphia by Rail Road..... 95
Philadelphia to Pittsburgh..... 356
Pittsburgh to junction of Pennsylvania and Ohio Rail Road with Cleveland and Columbus Rail Road twelve miles west of Massillon..... 176
From the junction to Bucyrus..... 70
From Bucyrus to Fort Wayne..... 99
From Fort Wayne to Laporte, say..... 100
Total distance from New York to Laporte via Pittsburg and Fort Wayne..... 895

From New York to Dunkirk via N. Y. & Erie Railroad (Dunkirk on Cleveland)..... 470
Cleveland to Laporte via Sandusky and Toledo..... 230
Total..... 700

From New York to Dunkirk as above..... 470
Dunkirk to Cleveland..... 140
Cleveland to Columbus and Cleveland Rail Road to intersection with Pa. and Ohio Rail Road 12 miles west of Massillon..... 176
From junction of these Roads to Bucyrus..... 70
Bucyrus to Fort Wayne..... 99
Fort Wayne to Laporte..... 100
Total..... 955

In respect to the object of a Rail Road connexion between Laporte and Cleveland, it is an important consideration, for one of the Fort Wayne route, that 70 miles of the road west from Cleveland will have been completed as soon as ten years from this time with a heavy rail, leaving to complete this connexion 90 miles, less road to be constructed than by the Toledo route.

"Our charter I understand fixes no point between Laporte and the place. Should South Bend and Goshen be disposed to put their means into this Road, it would doubtless be best to run by those points."

We hope that the people of Northern Indiana will never permit this subject to slumber until the road is completed and the rumbling of the cars is heard, as they are rapidly bearing to market the rich products of our western prairie lands; besides liberal individual subscriptions of stock, every county through which the route lies, should, by their county Commissioners, lend the credit of their respective counties for the purpose of procuring the means necessary to construct the work.—It is estimated by practical men, men who are familiar with the cost of construction, the amount of business, and the increased amount of surplus produce that would be raised along the road in consequence of the facilities it would afford for getting to market, that the profits of the road would pay for its construction before the principle or bonds are ordinarily made on large sums, would fall due. The country between this and Fort Wayne through which the road would pass, is probably the best agricultural portion of the State, and its vast surplus would find its way to market through this medium; besides this, it would command the travel of nearly the entire North-West. These facts it appears to us, cannot much longer escape the observation of capitalists—its importance to the business of the city of Philadelphia is immense, as well as to our own section of country. We earnestly invite public attention to the subject, and hope that the enterprising citizens of Northern Indiana and Northern Illinois will vigorously push forward a work so vitally important and necessary to their prosperity, as is the Ohio, Indiana and Lake Michigan Rail Road."

The Flying Dutchman.—Charles Eagleman is now confined in one county Jail awaiting his trial at the Kosciusko Court on a charge of Grand larceny, a change of venue having been granted from the Allen Court. The history of this man is like that of many other fleshing rakes. Some three years since he was at the tip top of fashion in Fort Wayne, sported his gold watch and seals, drove tandem through the streets, enchanted the young Misses with his attentions, and excited the jealousy of many a less favored swain. Of course all this cost money, and as he had no visible resources, rumor had scowed away a fortune for him equal to a California Gold mine. He was however arrested on a charge of robbing the Post Office, and for other deeds, came out of jail on a writ of habeas corpus, and fled to Texas. He was apprehended a few months since, tried before U. S. Court, and released under the statute of limitations. He was then taken to Fort Wayne on a charge of stealing county orders, whence he was sent to his present locality for safe keeping.—*Goshen Democrat.*

☞ An extra session of the Legislature of Mississippi is demanded by the citizens of Hancock Co., in that State, for the purpose of enacting laws prohibiting the further ingress of slaves from the border States of the South. In their petition to the Governor they represent that the States of Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri, where slavery has ceased to be profitable, from the uncertain tenure by which slaves are held, are now throwing an immense black population on the extreme Southern States which is destined to increase with immense rapidity. To avoid this result, they propose to compel the more Northern of the slaveholding States to retain their slaves within their borders.

DIED,—Very suddenly, on Monday evening last, Mrs. Ann Richey, wife of Mr. James Richey of this place.

Arrivals and Departures of the Mails at FORT WAYNE, Ind.

Arrives.	Departs.
Piqua,.....Mon., Wed., & Fri.....	Sun. Tues. & Thurs
Logansp't & Toledo ".....	Tues. Thurs. & Sat
Elkhart,.....Wednesday & Sat.	Tuesday & Friday.
Lima,.....Friday,.....	Tuesday.
Piqua,.....Tuesday,.....	Wednesday
St. Jo,.....Saturday,.....	Friday.
Van Wert,.....Sunday,.....	Saturday.
White Pigeon,.....Tuesday & Saturday,	Monday & Friday.
Whitley,.....Sunday,.....	Saturday.

These Paragraphs are not Editorial.

The Rev. Dr. L. Addison, of Euclid, Ohio says that Vaughan's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture has made a real number of cures in his vicinity, in the space of a year, and no medicine has ever equalled it in safety.

We do not believe that in the whole history of the greatest medicine humbugs the like success can be produced.

Vaughan sales are now enormous all over the United States Canada, South America, &c. When an honest article must be, and what a fortune to take care of. His every paper contracts for advertising are some 200,00 dollars; but we are not going into a detail of the business, under. If you want to know what it cures, read the advertisement in our paper. Call upon Agents and get a pamphlet. Ask for Vaughan Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture.

☞ *MOST EXTRAORDINARY WORK!!*
THE MARRIED WOMAN'S
Private Medical Companion.
BY DR. A. M. MAURIDAU,
Professor of Diseases of Women,
8 th Edition. 18mo. pp 250. Price One Dollar.
50,000 Copies Sold in Six Months!

VOICE of suffering, of physical and mental anguish to woman in all the various ways, and necessary difficulties of the husband might here be spared; thousands now pure would have expired in agonizing thousands now broken in health would have stayed at hundreds now in their graves home still alive, by a timely possession of this work.

It is intended especially for the married, or those contemplating marriage, as it discloses important secrets which should be known to them particularly.

Truly, knowledge is power. It is health, happiness & pleasure.

The rural items contained in the pamphlet viewed a blessing to thousands, as the innumerable letters received by the author will testify.

Ours, also, every female—the wife, the mother, the sister—the maiden—the young woman—or the one in the decline of years to whom certain contingencies or imperfect changes can discover the causes, symptoms and the most efficient remedies, and most certain mode of cure, in every complaint to which the sex is subject.

IT'S IMPORTANCE TO THE MARRIED

may be gathered from the fact, that *Travelling Agents* make from *THREE TO FIVE DOLLARS A DAY!* from its sale. Hundreds of active, enterprising agents are now employing a little leisure time from their regular occupations, and the demand for it. Orders are required to be accompanied with payment. Country merchants are most free to engage as to the commission.

Over twenty thousand copies have been sent by mail within three months with perfect safety and certainty.

On the receipt of $1, the "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" will be sent *Carefully free* to any part of the United States. All letters and applications from those desiring to become agents must be post-paid (except those containing a remittance) and addressed to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, Box 1324, New-York City. Publishing Office, 124 Ellsworth, New-York.

The "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" is sold by Booksellers throughout the United States. 3m58

A Plan for a Jail Wanted.

$$$ Will be paid for the best plan for a Jail and Sheriff's residence, by the Commissioners of Allen County. Jail to be thirty by forty feet, two stories high, and the first story eight feet in the clear, second story seven feet in the clear. Sheriff's residence to be eighteen by forty feet, two stories high—a good substantial dwelling. The materials of the outside of both to be either brick or stone. The above amount will be paid for a plan which the Commissioners may adopt, according with the above, embracing full specifications and estimates. Plans to be submitted to the Commissioners at their adjourned session, on Saturday, March 31st 1849. By order of the Board,

H. W. JONES, Auditor.

March 17, 1849. 3w37.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the seventh day of April, A. D 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The east half of the south west quarter of section seven, in township thirty, north of range twelve, east, containing eighty acres. The east part of the south east quarter of section one, in township thirty, north of range twelve, east. Section twenty-seven, in township thirty, north of range thirteen, east. The north half of section twenty-two, in township thirty one, north of range twelve, east.—West part of the south west quarter of section twenty six, in township thirty, north of range twelve, east. The west half of the south west quarter, and east half of the south west quarter of section twenty-seven, in township thirty, north of range eleven, east. The south east quarter, and south half of the south west quarter of section five, in township thirty-one, north of range fourteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Abel Naylor, at the suit of Jacob C. Bowser.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.

Fort Wayne, March 10, 1849 [$1 84] 3w36

To Country Merchants.

I offer at wholesale
2 doz. E. & J. Wilbur's handled Cast Steel Hoes.
2 " superior quality Hoes Scythes.
1 " assorted qualities Scythe Snaths.
1 " Sythe Stones.

The above will be sold to the trade at manufacturer's prices, the same as they are sold at the places where they are made.

Merchants making out their orders for the east will do well first to examine these goods and their prices.

PETER P. BAILEY,
Hard Ware Store.

March 3, 1849.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following assessment has been ordered by the Directors of the Fort Wayne & Lima Turnpike Company: There shall be a sub shares of stock assessed in money, payable to C. W. Jeffries, Treasurer of said Company, at his office in Fort Wayne, on or before the first day of May next.

SAM'L. HANNA, Pres't.

O. W. JEFFRIES, Clerk.
March 3, 1849.

10 lbs. ROSIN for sale cheap.
H. B. REED

Co-partnership Notice.

THE undersigned having this day taken into co-partnership his brother, ABRAM B. MILLER, the business in future will be conducted in the name and firm of A. B. MILLER & Co.

A. B. MILLER.

Fort Wayne, March 7, 1849.

Dissolution.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of WALKER & Co. was, on the 4th of August, 1848 dissolved by mutual consent.

JAMES WALKER
JAMES B. HANNA.

The business of said firm will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, at the old stand in Zanesville, Wells Co. In. JAS. WALKER.

March 10, 1849. pd—3w36.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between James B. Hanna & Calvin Potter, under the firm of J. B. Hanna & Co., was on the 7th day of February, 1849, dissolved by mutual consent.

J. B. HANNA,
CALVIN POTTER.

Quarter Town, March 12, 1849.

Having purchased the entire interest of Mr Potter, in the firm of J. B. Hanna & Co., I will commence the business at the old stand, where I will be happy to see my old customers.

March 12, '49. J. B. HANNA.

To my Fort Wayne Customers.

PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to me by note or book account, will please call on J. B. Dubois, Esq., and settle immediately.

J. B. HANNA.

Fort Wayne, March 14, 1849.

Township Election.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Election will be held on Monday, the 2d of April 1849, at the usual place of holding elections in Wayne Township, Allen Co. In. for the purpose of electing Trustees, one Township Clerk, one Township Treasurer, and one Supervisor for each road district in said Town ship, to serve for 1 year. There will also at the same time be a vote taken for or against the sale of the School land belonging to Wayne Township being Congressional Township No. 29 Range 12 East.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

CHAS. F. COLERICK,
March 10 1849 Township Clerk.

Allen Circuit Court.
Malachi Sibley vs. George Dobson.
In Chancery.

COMES now the complainant, and it appearing by the affidavit of a disinterested person that the said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Indiana: It is ordered that notice of the pendency of this suit be given to said defendant by publication in three of our three weeks success ively, in the Fort Wayne Sentinel, a public newspaper of general circulation, printed in Fort Wayne, in said County, notifying said defendant of the pendency of this suit; and that unless he shall answer or demur to the same on or before the first day of the second term of this court, to be held at the court house in the city of Fort Wayne, on the second Monday of July next, the said bill of complaint will be taken as confessed against him.

B. F. FLEMING, Clerk.

H. JENKINSON, S'Pc.
March 10, 1849. [$2 20] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The east half of the south west quarter of section ten, town thirty-one, range twelve, east; and the west half of the south east quarter of section ten, town thirty-one, range twelve, east, containing eighty acres. Taken as the property of William C. Ewing at the suit of Thomas W. Sweeney.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.

March 10, 1849. [$1 80] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: twenty feet of in lot No. sixty-one, (61) on the original plat of the town of Fort Wayne, commencing at a point on the North line of said lot twenty feet west of the North East corner thereof, thence running West along the said line twenty feet, thence South at right angles with the line bounding the said lot on the north to the alley, thence East along the South line of said lot twenty feet, thence north to the place of beginning; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Edward Stapleford at the suit of Lysander Williams.

S. S. MORSS, Sheriff A. C.

March 16, 1849. [$2 30] 3w37.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Vendition Exponas to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will, expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The south half of the south west quarter of section eighteen, town thirty, range fourteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Philip G. Jones, at the suit of Anthony Lutz.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.

March 10, 1849 [$4 60] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The north half of the south east quarter of section one, in township thirty, north of range twelve, east, containing eighty acres. Also, the west half of the south west quarter of section six, in township thirty, north of range thirteen, east, containing eighty acres. Also, the south half of the north east quarter of section thirty-six, in township thirty-one, north of range thirteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of William C. Ewing at the suit of Thomas W. Sweeney.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.

March 10, 1849. [$1 80] 3w36.

Sheriff's sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: twenty feet of in lot No. sixty-one, (61) on the original plat of the town of Fort Wayne, commencing at a point on the North line of said lot twenty feet west of the North East corner thereof, thence running West along the said line twenty feet, thence South at right angles with the line bounding the said lot on the north to the alley, thence East along the South line of said lot twenty feet, thence north to the place of beginning; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Edward Stapleford at the suit of Lysander Williams.

S. S. MORSS, Sheriff A. C.

March 16, 1849. [$2 30] 3w37.

Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.

THE subscriber offers for sale at his Nursery one mile south of Fort Wayne, (formerly occupied by Matthew Geiger) a variety of the finest FRUIT TREES of the most approved sorts cultivated; together with SHRUBBERY, VINES, &c. The list includes

Pears.	Cherries.
Bergamot.	Large Red.
Bell	Black Heart.
Large Butter.	Transcendent.
Pigeon.	Rare Ripe.
Arcadia.	Large Yellow.
Rambo.	Long Stalked.
Bell Flower.	Large Red Cling.
Yellow Harvest.	Supernatant.
Bezon.	Isbler.
Parsons.	Stone Fall.
Large Blue.	Blue Purple Bearer.
Yellow Round.	White Flowering Almond.
	Large Red double Flower.

QUINCES.—*Several kinds.* SIBERIAN CRABS; 200 *Early Grape vines.*

Together with a variety of other SHRUBBERY and ROOTS too numerous to mention.

March 1, 1849. F. D. LASSELLE.

State of Indiana, } Noble Circuit Court,
Noble County, ss. } April Term, 1849.
Chancery.

Reuben D. Turner, vs. George T. Ulmer, Justus Ulmer et al.

WHERE it has been made satisfactorily to appear to the court that the said George T. Ulmer is not a resident of the State of Indiana: It is ordered by the court that the said George T. Ulmer be notified of the pendency of said bill, by publication in the Fort Wayne Sentinel, and unless he plead, answer, or demur to said bill, on or before the next calling of the cause, the same will be taken as confessed against him, and a decree entered for an account ably WM. F. ENGEL, Cle'k.

John B. Hoon, Sol'r. for Compt.
March 3, 1849. [$1 80] 3w35.

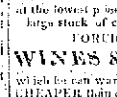
BOOK BINDERY.

THE subscriber having procured the services of a good binder, is now prepared to bind and rebind all kinds of books in the neatest and most substantial manner. Call at WALKER'S Book Store.

CASH paid for HIDES.
S. & W. S. EBSALL.

MITTS & GLOVES.—Silk Elastic, Kid Wrist Kid & Cotton, just received and for sale cheap at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

Wholesale Liquor Store
AND
Rectifying Establishment,
Columbia street, 2 doors east of Clinton, FORT WAYNE, In.



BEAL informs Tavern and Grocery Keepers, dealers in Liquors, and the public in general, that he continues to manufacture, and is now prepared to furnish any quantity of superior

DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKEY

at the lowest prices. He has also just received large stock of choice

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
WINES & LIQUORS, &c.,

which he can warrant to be superior and FAR CHEAPER than can be purchased short of the Eastern Cities. A call and inspection of his stock and prices will convince all good judges that they will both

Save Money and gratify the taste of their Customers

by laying in their supply at this establishment.

He has now on hand choice articles of pure old *French Cognac & Brandies, Port Wine, Rum, Gin, &c.*, for Medicinal use, warranted genuine and pure as imported, which he offers lower than has been sold in the city for the unadulterated article, and will be sold in this market

His stock includes

Pure old A. Seignette Brandy	Pure Juice Port Wine
" " Eastern Cherry "	Durand's "
" " A. Seignette "	Otard Dupuy "
J. J. Dupuy "	Sweet Malaga "
Several big Demijohn "	Madeira "
Old Cherry "	Sherry "
Jamaica Rum "	Superior Rectified Whiskey
St. Croix "	Old Rye "
Old Holland's Gin	Real Italian Bitters
Rose "	Shanghai "
Wheeler's "	
American "	

A vy, *Decanters, Tumblers, Bottles, Loaf Sugar, &c.* All Brandies, Wines, and Glass will be sold from

20 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than has ever been sold in this market.

Persons wishing any quantity from a quart to a barrel—of Wines or Liquors will do well to call, as they may depend on every article being exactly what it is represented, and at the lowest rates at all times.

Dec. 9, 1848 y—33.

ARRIVAL OF THE
Mammoth Stock of Goods At A. B. Miller's.

NIAGARA STORE,
November 10, 1848

A. B. MILLER has just received at this establishment a very large and well selected stock of Staple Goods, &c., &c., which, together with his former large supply he is determined to dispose of during the fall and winter at the very lowest rates.

The attention of the community is particularly called to his large stock of

DRY GOODS!
Groceries, Hardware,

which will be found to comprise nearly every article so much by the people. The assortment of *Glassware, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Woodenware, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs,*

will be found in all respects equal, if not superior to any other stock in this city. A supply of IRON, NAILS, SALT, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE, &c., is generally kept on hand.—Also, TANNER'S OIL of extra quality, by the barrel or single gallon.

The public in order to accommodate themselves, to prove the truth of this statement, as well as to save money, will please call at

A. B. MILLER'S NIAGARA STORE.

WANTED, in exchange for the above goods or for cash, Black Salts, Ashes, Searchings, Tallow, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Barley, Butter, Eggs, Beaver, &c., &c.

NEW RAISINS.—A few boxes this year's crop of Raisins received and for sale by A. B. MILLER.

GLASS WARE.—A splendid assortment of Glass Ware, including Covey &c &c., large Preserve dishes on foot, Castors and Bottles, Molasses Cans with little tin lids and fingers, together with Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Jars, the best assortment in the city, just received and for sale low by

Dec. 9, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

STONE, EARTHERN, AND IRON WARE.—A large supply always on hand and for sale at the lowest rates at A. B. Miller's

Dec. 9, 1848. NIAGARA STORE.

Confectionary.

A. COLERI has just received his Winter Stock, consisting in part, of an extensive variety of Fancy and other Confectionary.

Raisins,	Round Nuts,	Lump Citron,
Prunes,	Pea Nuts,	Half Spanish,
Dates, Figs,	Pickles,	Scissel Chewing &
Currants,	Syrups,	Smoking Tobacco,
Citron,	Sauces,	Macaboy Snuff,
Cream Nuts,	Salt Sprigil,	Chewing Tobacco,
Soft Shell Almonds,	Chocolate Cracker,	Toilet "
Paper "	Ginger Nuts,	Scented Soap,
Filberts,	Pumpkin Cakes,	Sweet "
Chestnuts,	Raisins,	Poland Starch, &c.

Java and Rio Coffee, Chocolate, Young Hyson, Gunpowder and Imperial Tea, Loaf, Crushed, Havana, Muscovado and N. O. Sugar, Spices, Saur, and Mould Candles, &c., &c.

Country Merchants who purchase Confection ary, &c., for retail, would do well to call.

J. A. C.

Lost!

ABOUT the first of February, a BRACELET, with three Mosaic Settings.—The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at No. 3 Jones' Block.

Not for California!!

CHARLES FINK,
Undertaker & Cabinetmaker,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends & the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, on the Canal, that he has removed, and has taken a shop on Columbia st. where he will continue to manufacture and keep constantly on hand, and for sale to order, all kinds of CABINET WARE kept constantly on hand and made to order. All kinds of CHAIRS will be made to order and kept on hand.

Furniture repaired at the shortest notice and in the best style. Also,

Prompt attention will be paid to the

Undertaking Business

Coffins kept constantly on hand and made to order in the best style. *Hearses and Carriages* furnished on all occasions if required.

From long experience and strict attention to the Undertaking and Cabinet business, he feels assured he can render full satisfaction to all those who may favor him with their custom.

Shop on Calhoun Street, opposite Mr. Kiser's.

Feb. 17, 1849. 3m35.

Another Arrival of New Goods.

MRS. DYKES has just received a splendid assortment of Leather, Mohairs, Alpacas, Lasting Cloths, Gramdinas, Fo de Soies, &c., &c. Also, a few pieces of beautiful ENGLISH CALICOES, from 16 cents a yard.—*American Do. from 5 cents!* White and Colored Flannels, Linseys, &c.

Sept. 30, 1848.

OLD HICKS, Image of his Father, and Mary Graves: also The Three Guardsmen, for sale at WALKER'S.

NEW BOOKS
At Walker's Book Store.
No. 2 Hanna's Block.

THE subscriber is now receiving his winter supply of *BOOKS AND STATIONERY*, consisting of a full and complete assortment of *Fancy, Miscellaneous and School Books, Paints and Fancy Stationery of all kinds*, being the largest assortment ever brought to this place. Come and Come all! examine our assortment when you wish to purchase or not.

CHAS. R. WALKER.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 13 1848. 20

Fort Wayne Female College.

OUR patrons and friends are hereby informed that the Fall Term of our institution will close on the 14th of December next, and the WINTER TERM commences the next day.

Prices of Tuition.

In the Primary Department,	$2,00	per quarter.
" Academic "	3,00	" "
" Collegiate "	5,00	" "
Music on the Piano, extra	7,00	" "

Each student will be charged thirty-one and a half cents per quarter for *Incidental Expenses*

☞ Tuition bills must be paid in advance.

G. H. DUNN.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 25, 1848.

JAMES' NOVELS.—The works of G. P. R. James in cheap form, for sale at

Dec. 9, 1848. WALKER'S

Excelsior.

Upward and onward is the Motto of the Great West.

W. SMITH & Co. No. 3 Jones' Block, Fort Wayne, Ind., are still at the head, and lead the GREAT REVOLUTION IN PRICES.

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware, Boots & Shoes, Queensware, &c.

Their tremendous heavy stock of Goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Their Cotton Goods were purchased at the GREAT COTTON RAM ESTABLISHMENT, and will be sold less prices than most merchants pay for them in New York City. As an evidence call and see that

Real Dewey Yard-Wide Cotton Cloth sixteen Yards for one Dollar!!

Such as is usually sold for 10 cents and never less than 8 cents per yard by any one else. They also stick to their old motto of ☞ *No Shaving on Orders, Due Bills or Barter Trades,* ☜ but an even up cash price strictly adhered to in all cases. Call, see, try, and you will not deny the truth of the above.

WANTED: All kinds of PRODUCE, & BLACK SALTS.

S. T. E. R. ITIS AT WHOLESALE.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 21 1848. 1y.

Wines and Liquors.

Brandy.	Wines.
J. J. Dupuy	Pure Juice Port.
Joel Wolf.	South Side Madeira.
Channel.	Golden Sherry.
A. Seignette.	Mountain Malaga.
St. Croix Rum.	
D. Band Gin.	
Irish Whiskey.	

all of which are warranted pure for sale by

Dec. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

Blank Deeds & Mortgages

neatly printed on
Beautiful Script Types
For sale at this Office.

Copartnership.

H. B. REED having associated with him in business Watson Wall, the firm now will hereafter be conducted under the style of H. B. Reed & Co.

HUGH B. REED,
January 1st, 1849. WATSON WALL.

New Year's Call!

A CALL FOR BIDS, AND A CALL FOR HIDES

THE subscriber will pay CASH for Bark and any thing the people will take.

Call at the Old Red Tannery of Mr. P. H. Taylor without delay.

R. M. LYON.

January 1, 1849. 2mo.

1500 lbs. PARIS GREEN Gild in Oil, 6 lb. cases also, 500 lbs. dry, a superior article for blinds.

H. B. REED.

200 Bbls. TANNER'S OIL, warranted of the very best quality, for sale at the very lowest rate.

H. B. REED.

UNITED STATES
WHOLESALE
Clothing Warehouse!!

LEWIS & HANFORD,
Nos. 252 & 256 PEARL STREET,
(Between Fulton street and Burlington)
NEW YORK.

HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
CLOTHING
IN THE
UNITED STATES,
Adapted to the Southern and South Western Market!!

In the article of
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
We keep an endless variety.
Also the most extensive manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHING
AND
COVERED HATS
In the World.

Plain and Fashionable Clothing, of all kinds.

LEWIS & HANFORD,
w31 Nos. 252 & 256 Pearl St.

Dr. Woodworth

HAS removed his office to his house, two doors East of the Palo Alto Hotel, Wayne st.

Oct. 28, 1848.

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a co-partnership under the firm and style of Hough & Turner, under the same will continue a general Land Agency and Collecting business at the office on the Columbia Land Agency.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Feb. 1, 1849. RYGHEN D. TURNER.

Fifteen Lots for Sale,

At the Indiana Land and Tax Agency.

THE subscribers offer the following lots for sale, situate in Fort Wayne as follows:

HANNA'S ADDITION—Lots numbered 106, 37, 38, 39, 40, 536, 258, and 272.

COUNTY'S ADDITION AND OLD PLAT, —7, 69, 6, 43, 72, and c. 1-3 of 75, part 59.

EWINGS' ADDITION.—Lot 3, Block 27; Lot 7, Block 3; lot 4, block 27; lot 8, block 4; lot 1, block 26; lot 9, block 5; lot 7, block 25; lot 1, block 6.

BARNES'S ADDITION—Lots numbered 2, 29, and 30.

They will be sold low for cash or on a credit.

HOUGH & TURNER.

Feb. 3, 1849. y31.

INDIANA LAND AND TAX AGENCY.

THE subscribers, proprietors of the above Agency, will continue the business of a

"GENERAL LAND AGENCY"

in all its various branches, and tender their services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investments of Trust Funds, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a systematic and General Land Agency Business. They are provided with numerous and accurate Maps of all the counties in the State, and personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana, and have numerous and careful correspondents, and are therefore prepared to furnish information and advice relative to the location of warrants and investment of funds, which will be disposed of to advantage to all who desire such information.

In regard to the sale of lands, they offer for sale large bodies of valuable land, well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County "	18,786	Noble County "	6817
DeKalb "	7,021	Whitley "	8,698
Steuben "	2,486	Huntington "	9,260
Lagrange "	1852	Wabash "	5,747
Kosciusko "	1,160	Miami "	2497
Elkhart "	2,774	Carroll "	850
Jay "	676	Cass "	1,040
Wells "	2,420	Fulton "	1,060
Adams "	960	Marshall "	227
Elkhart "	761	White "	1,047
Wabash "	1,280	Montgomery "	220
Putnam "	297	Clinton "	897
Parke "	545	Madison "	230

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a reasonable credit. Title rendered indisputable.

They also offer for sale

Several Valuable Improved Farms.

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE and WABASH and a large number of

Town Lots

in the towns of Fort Wayne, Huntington, Lagro, Wabash, Peru and Marion. Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring information.

Office on the corner of the "PEDLAR'S ELEPHANT" on Calhoun Street.

HOUGH & TURNER.

Fort Wayne, February 3, 1849. y31.

NAILS, Spikes, and Glass, for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

SHAWLS.—Plaid Long, Basket Braid, Robe Roy, Stantilla, Cashmere, and Delain, the greatest assortment ever brought to this market at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

CAPS.—Fine Cloth, Fur Trimmed, Fur, Seal, and Sealskin, very cheap at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

LOG & Trace Chains, at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

STATIONERY.—Blank & Memorandum Books, 1st 2d & 3d, and 4th Readers, Spelling Books, Foolscap Letter, Paper, &c., at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Sept. 23.

Deeds and Mortgages

FOR sale by the dozen or single, at the book store of C. R. WALKER.

ALMANACS for 1849, for sale by the Dozen or Groce at WALKER'S.

Dec 9, 1848. No. 2, Hanna's Block.

FRENCH PAPERHANGINGS.—A most beautiful article, cheap as the best, for sale at WALKER'S.

Dec. 9, 1848.

TOBACCO.—Twenty boxes Tobacco for close consignment, for sale at Commission prices by H. B. REED.

BRANDY & WINE.—A pure article of Brandy and Wine for Medicine use can be found at WALKER'S Depot.

Bbls. CAMPHOR for sale very low by
H. B. REED.

DR. Hart's Vegetable Extract for Fits, also Dr. McKenzies Elixir of Opium just received and for sale by H. B. REED.

BRUSHES.—A very large assortment of White Wash, Shoe, Marking, Graining, Flesh, Paint, Dusting, &c., for sale very cheap.

Oct. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

IRON! IRON!! Just received from Cincinnati, a complete assortment of Iron, which we offer for sale at the lowest price.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

STEEL.—Cast, German, Swedes & American Blister Steel, at the FARMER'S DEPOT.

NAILS.—100 Kegs just received and for sale by ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

GLASS.—500 feet of 8 by 10 10 by 12, 10 by 14, and all other sizes generally in use, at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

COFFEE.—50 Sacks best Rio Coffee, just received and for sale at the FARMER'S DEPOT.

TEA.—10 Chests Young and Old Hyson Teas also Imperial and Gunpowder Teas, which is offered for sale very cheap at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

SUGAR, 60 bbls. N. O. Sugar of the best kind at the FARMER'S DEPOT.

MOLASSES.—Sugar House and N. O. Molasses just at the west for Family use, at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S

PRINTS.—100 pieces Prints of the latest and best quality just received and for sale low by ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

WORKED COLLARS.—The nicest article ever offered in this market at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

FRENCH REVOLUTION, by Carlyle, Two Volumes, for sale by WALKER.

DENTAL SURGERY.

DR. MEACH M. CRAIG having been in the practice of Dentistry for 15 years, and the last 8 years in Fort Wayne, and having devoted his whole time to the operations of the mouth, such as filling, extracting, plugging, inserting, transplanting &c., and also attending to the operations of the gums, diseased sockets and antrum. Caries is known by the gums bleeding easily, being spongy, by feeling the necks of the teeth sore, and first by the teeth become loose and drop out. The scurvy Dr. M. can effectually take out. Tartar, Epsom, Exposed nerve easily destroyed and the tooth rendered useful for life. Decayed teeth filled so as to prevent further decay. Teeth inserted and soldered. Dr. M. can effectually cure the most inveterate case of Tic Douloureux. He has about 30 different instruments for extracting, which enables him to take out teeth with less pain and more safety than the usual method. Price of extracting, 25 to 50 cents for each tooth or separate root. Office over J. H. Shoaff's Drug Store, and under the Odd Fellow's Hall, on Calhoun street. Persons of the operations made known before operating, when desired. Work warranted.

November 4, 1848. m11

SEASONED Flooring for sale by
A. B. MILLER

OAK SPOKES, by Jas Fenimore Cooper, for sale at WALKER'S.

RIDING BRIDLES, Martingals, Surcingles, &c., &c., for sale low at
A. B. MILLER'S NIAGARA STORE.
Fort Wayne, December 2, 1848. 22.

FOR Sale—Cheap.

A good second hand LOG LUMBER WAGON with an excellent rubber, well, mobile carriage house, box, and set of ladder fenders. It will be sold at a bargain
Inquire of LUAS A. FINK.
Feb. 3, 1849. 3w34.

PERCUSSION NOTES, just printed *Cards* at this Office.
Fort Wayne February 10, 1849.

AXES, AXES.—Hunt's and Collins' Front & Bit Red and Axes, for sale at
22 A. B. MILLER'S Niagara Store.

TOBACCO.—A few Kegs and Boxes to sell at Wholesale on Commission, over the canal, for cash only at
EDWARDS.

CAMBRIC Dresses, Lawns, Silk, and Cotton Edgings, Laces and Cotton Bobbins, and Corsetian Cord, for sale at
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

VEILS.—Black & Green Silk and Green Gauze, for sale very low at the
Sept. 23. FARMERS' DEPOT.

CIGARS! CIGARS!!

JUST receiving 30,000 of the choicest brands in La nation. La Conseta, La Antig nedad La Flora.
H. B. REED.

INDIA RUBBER.—A new and novel article at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

BRINGES & GIMPS.—A splendid assortment. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

CAMINA SACRAS, The Psalms; David's Harp; Howe's Instrument at Music; Boston Glee Book and others just received at Walker's, No. 2 Hanna's Block.

Edsall's Goods have arrived!

THE stock is large and includes every thing in the line of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware,
QUEENSWARE, &c. &c.,

that the wants of the country require. Then will be all unprecedentedly CHEAP for Cash or Produce. Purchasers may depend on finding anything they need, and will get better bargains than in any other store in the state.

Fort Wayne, September 9, 1848.

THE very popular Steel Engravings, the Sons of Adam, or Ten Years Later, by Alexander Dumas, for sale by C. R. WALKER.
December, 23, 1848.

GLASS POWDER HORNS.—Something entirely new and beautiful. Call and see them at A. B. Miller's NIAGARA STORE.

UNION Cultivators and Clealy LIQUORICE in store and for sale cheap.
Dec. 9 1848. H. B. REED.

BONNET Velvet and Satins, various shades and qualities, for sale by
Nov. 13. E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

ORLEANS, Alpacas, Cashmeres, Delaines, and Paramettas very cheap
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Fresh Drugs.

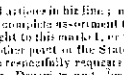
HE REED has just returned from the east ern cities, and is now receiving his

Fall and Winter Supply

of Medicines in his line; making the largest and most complete assortment that he has ever before brought to this market, or that can be found among any other point on the State.

He respectfully requests the attention of Physicians, Druggists and dealers generally, to his stock, as he is enabled to offer greater inducements than ever.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 4, 1848. 18



A. B. MILLER. A. M. ORBISON. H. B. REED.

HILL, ORBISON, & CO.,
(Successors to Mendell & Hanghout.)
Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.
FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:
E. Haskell & Co. }
Smith, Holmnden & Co. } *Toledo*
Collins, Brown, & Co. }
Peckham & Scott. }
Field & King, }
Reed & Lawson, *Fiqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Tunis, } *New York,*
Kent, Pong, & Co. }
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo.*
C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati,*
John Rauch, *Dayton,*
H. S. Mann, *Troy, Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

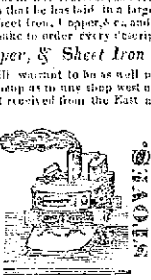
New Arrival of Stoves At the Old Tin Shop.

H. SUTHERLAND returns his thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal encouragement he has received, and respectfully informs them that he has laid in a large stock of Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Copper, &c. and will keep on hand or make to order every description of

Tin, Copper, & Sheet Iron Ware,

which he will warrant to be as well made, and will sell as cheap as any shop west of Buffalo.

He has just received from the East a superior lot of


COOK

Here Are New Goods.

THE Public — especially those who like to get good Bargains,— are invited to make the most of their money—or to buy in a place where they can depend on getting the best articles at the lowest prices—are invited to call and examine the newly arrived stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

which having been selected with especial care, and purchased on favorable terms, will be found well adapted to the wants of the country, and will compare with the same in respect to cheapness. In the Dry Goods will be found a fine and extensive assortment of Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Linseys, Flannels and plaid, Flannels, white and colored, Gingham Plaids, Alpaccas, De Laines, Cashmeres, Merinoes, &c. Calicoes, of the latest and most beautiful styles, from 6 cents per yard. Hosiery and shirtings much lower than usual. Also, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons, Trimmings, Fancy Articles in abundance, Wedding, Batting, &c., &c.

Boots & Shoes, Ready Made Clothing, Cloth, Fur, Plush, and Glazed Caps, &c.

A full and choice assortment of

Fresh Groceries,

including Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Tobacco, Cigars, Raisins by the quarter box,—Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon; Dye Stuffs, Madder, Copperas, Annatto, Indigo, Alum, &c.

HARDWARE,—a pretty general assortment, Shovel & Cut, Hand, and Buck saws; Files,—Table Knives, Butcher Do. Table Cutlery, Drawing Knives, Butts, Screws, Latches and Door Locks, Screw and Log Chains, &c.

Also a general assortment of

Crockery and Glassware;

Spanish Sole Leather, Nails and Glass, Stone and Red Ware, &c.

We hope our individual friends will continue their favorings to the new firm, and no pains shall be spared to give general satisfaction to our customers. Our stock is large, and having been purchased on favorable terms, we will sell to Country Merchants at WHOLESALE on such terms as will make it an object to them to purchase.

There are so many puffy advertisements published now, that some may not be willing to believe that all we have here said is true, and that the Farmer's Depot is the real place to get BARGAINS.

To all such we have only to say, give us a call, let your scepticism shall vanish; all we ask is, that you call and satisfy yourselves.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN,

Sept. 25, 1848. 11y

LATEST ARRIVAL.

At T. E. Brackenridge & Co's.

OUR long looked for stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS have come to hand, and we are now prepared to offer to all who may favorize us with a call. Our stock is of the latest and finest styles, having been carefully selected and intended for this market alone, and consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Muffs, Hoods, Bonnets, Robes, &c., Nails, Glass, Leather, Salt, Iron, &c., Hollow Ware, Wicking, Wadding, Batts, Cotton Yarn, &c. &c.

In our stock of DRY GOODS will be found, French and English Cloths of all colors and a variety of pieceny and fancy Cassimeres; Super Blue and Gray Cassinetts; Vestings of the newest patterns; a full stock of Satinetts of all colors and grades, from three shillings to one dollar and twenty-five cents; also Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, and Cords; a full and fine stock of

CALICOES from Sixpence to two Shillings;

Blue, Black and Orange for one shilling; a first rate article of full and wide *Muslin for sixpence per yard*, the 8 cent article; five handkerchiefs for one shilling, extra fine for one dollar. Big robes for from 6 cents to two shillings.

For the LADIES, we would say that our stock of

Dress Goods and Trimmings

is complete, consisting of Plaids, Satins, Striped, and plain Merinoes; Alpaca Reps; Blue and Gray de Reines; Lustres; Plaid, Plain, and Striped Alpacoas; Muslin, Black, Plaid, and Striped Silk Warp de Laines; Bombazines and the Lustres. Also, a new and fashionable DRESS GOODS lately brought into the market, and known by the name of the "great French Republican Lustrine." In the stock of TRIMMINGS will be found, Gimps, Fringes, Laces, Buttons, &c. Give us a call at least, Ladies, and examine our goods.

Our assortment of GROCERIES is large and fine. Java, Rio, and Laguira Coffee from 6 to 11 pounds to the dollar; Crushed, Powdered and Loaf Sugars; Tea of the finest kinds; Spices, ground and in the grain; Mustard, Chocolate, Tobacco—Macaboy—Cavendish, Common, Fine Cut, Pressed, and Fine Cut.

Our stock of QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE is large, consisting of Flowing Blue, by the set or piece; Liverpool China, Gilt and Common and extra Tumblers; Peppers, Mustard Preserves, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES—A fine selection. Strong Boots, from one dollar to $3.50 per pair; Kip and Calf do.; Youths' do.; Misses' do., Strong, Kip, and Calf Shoes; Youths' and Boys' do.; Ladies' and Misses' Morocco Lace Boots, Buskins, Walking Shoes, Slips, and Gaiters; Children and Infants' do. Ladies' Gum and Misses' Gum Elastic Over Shoes, French, English, Strap, and Manufactured.

Ladies' Muffs, a few first rate African Lynx, Jenet, &c. Misses' and Boys' do. Coats fashionable Silk and Fur HATS; Black, Drab, Oil Silk, Fur, and Seal CAPS from two shillings to two dollars.

Cash paid for WHEAT, and all kinds of Produce. Corn, Flour, Meal, Beeswax, Ginseng, Butter, Eggs, &c., taken in exchange for Goods and the highest price paid for the same at the Cheapest Store, Corner of Main & Calhoun Streets, opposite Cable Tontemann's.

October 26, 1848. v17.

CASH FOR WHEAT.

THE Farmers are respectfully requested to call at A. B. Miller before selling their wheat, as he designs buying for CASH, and will pay the high price as the eastern market will justify.

July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

Abdominal Supporters.

FEW in Genesee at the other end of the street but what would not get into a passion about an article which is handsome, a good article can be found at H. H. Reed's for half the money; also Shoulder Braces. Call and see.

500 Boxes GLASS WARE just received from the Pittsburgh manufactories also, 200 Boxes Window Glass, all sizes and of the best brands, for sale at a very small advance by

B. B. REED.

50 Bbls Best Sp. Fl. INDIGO, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

LAMP OIL.—Three bbls. Purified Lamp Oil, for sale low. H. B. REED.

20 Bbls. Spts. TERPENTINE for sale by H. B. REED.

Co Partnership Notice.

THE subscribers have formed a co-partnership with A. M. ORBISON as Dealers in Goods, Wares, and Merchandise at their old stand, under the name of Hill, Wilson, & Co. Also to conduct a general business of Storage, Forwarding, and Commission, and Dealers in Produce, under the name of Hill, Orbison, & Co., in the Warehouse recently occupied by Nichols and Hoagland.

J. E. HILL,
G. WILSON,
A. M. ORBISON,

September 16, 1848.

THE highest market price in cash will be paid for FURS by

Nov. 25, 1848. C. R. WALKER.

PRINTS from the express to two Shillings for sale by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

POWDER, Lead, Shot, and percussion caps—water proof and common. For sale very low by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

NAILS & GLASS of all kinds, for sale cheap by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

HATS & CAPS.—The largest, cheapest, and best assortment ever seen here. Cap from 75c to $3 00. E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

RIBBONS Artificials, Trimmings, Laces, Edgings, and every thing new or tasty in the Fancy line—a large and splendid assortment. The ladies are invited to call & examine. at E. D. BARTLETT & Co's.

Queensware by the Package.

5 PACKAGES assorted Ware, with a large assortment of Common, Liverpool, Granite, and China Ware at retail by

Oct. 14, 1847 HILL, WILSON & Co.

P. P. Bailey

HAS opened his NEW WARE HOUSE on the north side of the Canal, opposite his *Hard Ware Store*, and adjoining Hamilton & Williams' Mill where he is ready TO PAY CASH

For Flour, Wheat, Pork and Corn,

OR TAKE THE SAME ON STORAGE.

Country Merchants and Farmers, who wish to store for the winter instead of selling, can do so at a low rate of Storage, and have the same insured against loss by fire. It is the proprietor becomes the purchaser while the produce is in Store, in that case there will be no charge for Storage. Cash Advances made when required on Produce in store to go forward in Spring.

References,

Messrs. Hamilton & Williams, *Fort Wayne, Ind.*
" Samuel Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, Cashier of Bank of "
" Peckham & Bradley, Cashiers, Ohio. "
" Collins, Brown, & Co., "
" Brownell & Co., "
" G. W. Hazard, *Buffalo, N. Y.*
" W. S. Hazard, "
" Col. James H. Hooker, *Buffalo, Troy and New York, and Boston.*

N. B. HARDWARE BUSINESS continued as usual at the old stand, sign of Padlock.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 7, 1847 23.

GROCERIES.

A Full assortment of choice Family Groceries just received. S. & W. S. EDSALL.

New Books.

COURT of Monte Christo, by Dumas.
Shakespeare's Novels, "
Life in London, by Reynolds, "
Black Prophet, by Carleton, "
Manoeuvering Mother, by Catlett. "
Christopher Tadpole, by Smith. "
Cruise of the Midge, "
And hosts of others, for sale at

May 13, 1848 WALKER'S

CIDER VINEGAR.—Cider Vinegar of superior quality and warranted pure, for sale by the barrel or gallon at the Niagara Store.

July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

On Hand,

SALERATUS of superior quality—Manufactured and for sale at the lowest market price, near door to Nichols & Hoagland's.

Jan. 1, '48. 23 tf. F. B. TYLER.

Dress Goods.

50 Pcs ALPACAS, Black and Colored all wades, *from 2 to 10 shillings* per yard. *Cashmere De Laines, Ginghams*, Black and Colored SILKS &c., at HILL, WILSON & Co's.

HUMPHREY & BROWN
Stone Cutters and Stone Masons.

DEALERS in Stone, Lime, Marble, Monuments, Tomb Stones, Table Tops of the quality, American & Italian Marble, Cut Stone for building, and all Jobs in the Stone Line done to order. Shop and Lime Kilns on the Canal, west of Ewings Warehouse and Boat Yard.

JAMES HUMPHREY. J. B. BROWN.

August 4th, 1848.

Stoves. Stoves. Stoves!

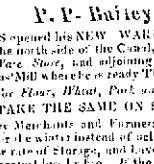
MORE of the latest styles and most improved patterns in the way of HOT AIR COOKING STOVES, are now arriving at the Old Stand.

SIGN OF THE PAD LOCK.

From the following descriptions it will be seen that exertion in the proprietor of this establishment is constantly making to supply the public with the latest improvements in the line of his business.

He now offers for sale the splendid 4 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking STOVE.



Warranted to economise fifty per cent in the amount of fuel it uses, and the time it takes to boil or bake, over any other stove in use in this or any other country.

The next is the same man's patent of 3 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking Stove,

which takes in nearly three feet wood, with all the advantages of the other. (See plate above.

These Stoves took the first premium at a recent fair of the Erie County agricultural society, New York.

Next come the good old EMPIRE HOT AIR COOKING STOVE, which is so well known in this country, *with two ovens*, one being portable. Also, the

Hathaway Hot Air Cooking Stove,

which is now having a great run in the East, and no doubt will run quite as fast out West, as soon as its keen and its qualities understood.

Then come the Premium Cooking Stoves will sizes;

The Nonconducting Hot Air Parlor Stoves;
The Ten and Seven Plate Stoves;

All of them are made of the best and heaviest Castings, and are

Warranted to stand fire.

without breaking.

After these comes the *Russia Sheet Iron Parlor Office Stoves*, made to order, any size that may be wanted.

TIN WARE manufactured and sold wholesale at Eastern prices. Country merchants will find it to their advantage to call here for their supplies of this article.

Tin Plate, Sheet Copper, Sheet Iron and *Block Tin* kept constantly on hand and for sale to dealers, at the New York Hardware Store, sign of the Pad Lock.

P. P. BAILEY.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 10, 1847.

Annals for 1849.

TABLETS OF MEMORY, Book of Pearls, The Snow Flake, The Ruby, Women of the Bible, and many others may be found at

20 WALKER'S Book Store.

NOTE PAPER and Envelopes—a most splendid article for sale at

20 WALKER'S Book Store.

MENS SADDLES.—A fine article for sale low. Men's and Ladies' Saddles of every description. Call and see them. Also, 2 setts Fancy Buggy Harness. 22.

Bounty Land Warrants

BOUGHT AND SOLD BY

THOMAS PRITCHARD.

THE subscriber is prepared to pay CASH and the Highest Price for any quantity of Land Warrants that may be offered. He also sells the same on favorable terms, giving favorable chance for any person seeking a location in a new country to buy land at an expense of not more than 75 cents per acre.

He also offers about 2000 acres of first rate WILD LAND in Adams, Wells, and Allen counties, which will be sold at from $2,00 to $2,50 per acre. Persons wishing to buy land would find it to their advantage to give him a call. THOMAS PRITCHARD.

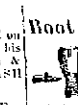
Fort Wayne, Nov. 18, 1848. 20.

TCH'S *Lectures on the Lungs.*—Fifty copies of the above popular work just received and for sale at the Book Store of

Dec. 9, 1849. J. R. WALKER.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.



S. & W. S. EDSALL inform the public that they have taken and now occupy the manufactory of BOOTS & SHOES on main street, under the immediate superintendence of Mr. W. Turner, whose long experience and unremitting attention in the business warrant them in saying that all Boots and Shoes made at this establishment will be of the best quality.

Custom Work, custom work made of the best Spanish Sole Leather, warranted, offered by the case at greatly reduced prices.

Fine custom Kip and Calf Do., inspection solicited.

They have now on hand and intend keeping a full assortment of all kinds of Boots & Shoes, such as

Ladies' Calf & Kip Boots; Gentlemens' do. " " "
Misses' " " "
Misses' Coarse and fine Brogans.
" Fine and coarse Boots, Shoes, &c.

&c.— They offer to the trade, at the lowest prices Spanish Sole, Upper LEATHER, Kip Calf, Lasting and Buckram Stiffening, a large assortment of SHOE FINDINGS; PIECE of all sizes, &c. &c. 23y.

NOW IS THE TIME To buy yourselves Rich!

T. B. BARTLETT & CO. respectfully inform their friends and the public in general that they have just received a large and well assorted stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

adapted to this market, which they are prepared to sell on more favorable terms than were ever before offered in Fort Wayne.

The Stock includes every variety of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Broad Cloths, Satinetts, Cassimeres, Linseys, Jeans, Flannels, Blankets, &c. Calicoes, Sterlings, Sheetings, Ginghams; Alpaccas, Merinos, Delaines, Cashmeres, &c. Also, a beautiful assortment of greatly reduced prices.

Bonny Doons and Shirred Satin and Lophen BONNETS of the latest fashions. Satins and Velvets, Ribbons, Artificials, and Trimmings in great variety. Gloves—all kinds, —Ladies', Misses', and Children's Shoes and Gaiters, &c.

Hats, Caps, Bonnets; Boots & Shoes of all qualities from the finest Morocco to the coarsest Stogies.

They do not feel disposed to brag or make so much fuss in the papers as some of their neighbors do, but they will just remark in a few words that they have a large and well assorted stock of Goods, and are determined to buy at this establishment. For instance, they are selling

Twenty Yards beautiful CALICOE for One Dollar!

Good Heavy Sheeting a 6d. a Yard!

GINGHAMS at Eighteen Cents!!

Alpacas from twenty Cents!!

Every thing else in proportion. Call in, and be satisfied that if you can ever want a chance to buy yourselves rich, now is the time, and Bartlett's the place.

QUEENSWARE.—The stock is quite large, of the latest and most beautiful patterns, and bought and will be sold very cheap.

GROCERIES they defy competition, and invite all who are judges of such articles to test their quality.

They have also a good assortment of HARDWARE, such as Locks, Bolts, Latches, Irons and Screws, Cutlery, Mill and Cut Saws, Draw Knives, Axes, Shovels, Pitchforks, Nails, &c.

In short, the stock is complete—the goods all of the best quality and newest styles—and as they have been bought cheap and must be sold before spring, they are offered at such prices as will ensure bargains to purchasers.

Fort Wayne, October 13, 1848.

The Holydays are at hand.

COME and look at the splendid GIFT BOOKS now open at WALKER'S Book Store, the best assortment ever offered in this Sate.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. S. S. THOMPSON, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and vicinity. All who favor him with a call may rely on prompt attention.

Office on Calhoun street, one door east of the building formerly occupied by Drs. Thompson & Sturgis, where he may at all times be found when not absent on professional business. y30.

DR. B. KISER would respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country that he has commenced the practice of Medicine in Fort Wayne, and all who favor him with their custom may rely on prompt attention.

Office on Columbia street, next door to Thompson and Ritchea.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 21, 1848. 18.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, next door to the Mayor's Office, Clinton Street, (between Main and Columbia streets,) *Fort Wayne*. y5 August 12, 1848.

DR. JAMES W. DAILY, *Fort Wayne, Indiana*, Offers his Professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity.—Office and residence on Main street, between Clinton & Stapleford's Store, South-west corner of Main and Calhoun Streets.

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office, next door to Ind. Union & Co's store. Residence, one door south of the Spencer House.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Columbia street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.

Fort Wayne, August 8th, 1848. y3

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

J. L. WHEELER. E. A. MCMAHON

WHEELER & MCMAHON, *Attorneys at Law* have formed a co-partnership in the practice of law, and will transact business together in the United District Court of Indiana. Office continued in the second store of Evans' new brick store house, on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets.

January 1, 1848. 22

JOHN G. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind., will attend to all business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.

Office on Calhoun Street, over R. Smith's store. Sept. 30, 1848. y33.

G. IN STICE, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will transact business in the Courts of the 18th Judicial Circuit, and will attend to all business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. E. Brackenridge's Store; corner Main and Calhoun-st. 1y17.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. Office on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Rockrick's Brick Store.

R. BEARDSLEY, Jun. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in the State of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne.*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kerman, "
" Jos Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE near the Bank, north of the Treasurer's Office

EDWARD F. COLERICK, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in North Indiana. OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.

Nov. 17—y.

W. SMITH & Co.

No. 3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IA.

DEALERS IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods

GROCERIES,

Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c.*

Also, the best in Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

FT. WAYNE OIL MILL.

THE subscribers have completed their Oil Mill, and are now engaged in the manufacture of LINSEED OIL, and will constantly keep the article on hand, to sell by wholesale or retail. They also have OIL CAKE to sell—an excellent article to feed stock.

The highest price paid in Cash or Oil for Flax Seed, Farmers who will bring Flax Seed for the purpose of raising seed can be supplied on liberal terms.

RUDISILL & WOLKE.

March 14, 1846. y37

Ft. Wayne Woollen Factory.

RUDISILL & WOLKE having procured New Machinery for the MANUFACTURING of WOOL, inform their customers and the public in general that they will Manufacture Wool into

Sttinets on Full Cloth

of all kinds, on the most liberal terms, on shares or for pay. Those wanting their Wool manufactured must bring it in the fleece well washed.

May 6, 1848. y41

SHOES, GAITERS, &c.—Ladies' and Misses Gaiters, Walking Shoes, & Slippers—ever variety—just received at Mrs. DYKES' Fancy Store

SAWS, Mill, Cut, Hand, and Buck, of the best kind and cheapest Prices.

Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company

THE subscriber has been appointed an Agent of the *Protection Insurance Company*, of Hartford, Conn., at Fort Wayne Indiana, and is authorized to

Insure Dwelling Houses, Stores, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, Stables,

and the contents of each, together with every other similar species of property

Against loss or damage by Fire.

These facilities are also authorized to issue Policies on the most favorable terms

Against loss or damage on the cargoes of Steam, Keel, Canal, and Flat Boats, while navigating the Western Rivers, Lakes, and Canals.

On account of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to said Company, they have been enabled greatly to reduce their rates of Insurance, so that now every man has an opportunity, for a trifling sum, to protect himself against the ravages of these destructive elements.

For terms of Insurance, apply to the subscribers, at the office of John Rough, Jun., corner of Calhoun & Columbia Streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

R. B. TURNER.
Dec. 1, 1848. At the Indiana Land Agency

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company,

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed an agent for said company, is authorized to make every kind and nature of insurance appertaining to Life Risks, for a certain number of years or for life, grant annuities, and confer endowments.

The provisions of the charter of said company are peculiarly favorable to the assured—containing many important privileges, which experience has proved may be safely granted, and which are deemed superior to any heretofore offered in this country.

Married women may insure the lives of their husbands, secure from the demands of creditors.

Creditors may insure their debtors, or debtors themselves, for the benefit of creditors.

The assured after a term of years, may at any time surrender the policy and receive its equitable value in cash.

The subject of Life Insurance is attracting much attention in the Eastern States, and commends itself to the favorable consideration of all, as by this means a comfortable support may be left to the wife and children when a husband comes upon them, and the husband and father is taken from their embrace by the cold hand of death.

Pamphlets explanatory of the uses and benefits arising from Life Insurances, will be furnished those wishing to be insured.

The undersigned is also agent for the HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

F. P. RANDALL.
4tf

May 5, 1847.

Valuable Lands FOR SALE.

3500 ACRES of the best land in Northern Indiana, situated in Allen County, fifteen miles west of Fort Wayne, immediately ON THE WABASH & ERIE CANAL, well watered and timbered—is offered for sale by the subscriber on very liberal terms and prices.

Also 150 acres situated in Marion Township, nine miles south of Fort Wayne, immediately on the Piqua road.

Also the west half of the south east quarter of section 17, town 32, north of range 13 east, in Springfield township, Allen county.

And a number of other tracts in this and the adjoining counties—all of which lands are well adapted to farming purposes, are here offered on the most liberal terms. For further information call on me at the Recorders office in this city.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.

Fort Wayne, May 20, 1847. tf

A. M. ORBISON

D. C. HILL. G. WILSON

HILL, WILSON, & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, &C.

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

County & City Orders.

WANTED for which the highest price will be paid in cash or goods as cheap as they can be obtained in the State of Indiana, by

Oct. 28, 1848. BARNETT & NELSON.

There is no real occasion for sickness!

Dr. Ralph's Pills,

FOUNDED on the only principle on which a UNIVERSAL MEDICINE can safely and conscientiously be recommended to the world. They are fast superceding every other remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Acidity, Heartburn, Costiveness, all Impurities of the blood, Biliousness, Liver Diseases, Fever & Ague, the diseases of Western Climate, &c. The reason is obvious—they act in

PERFECT ACCORDANCE WITH NATURE.

Their operation is exceedingly mild and pleasant, and if taken in accordance with the directions, which are remarkably plain and clear,

THEY CANNOT FAIL TO CURE

and to perfectly prevent disease as every kind (see explanation of the new theory in the 'Ralphian' an invaluable paper which may be had gratis of the agents.) Their unexampled success in all the complaints of FEMALES, and those also attending pregnancy, is acknowledged by thousands.

NO FEMALE SHOULD BE WITHOUT THEM.

Testimonials of cures, of every disease the human system is liable to, often after all other means had failed, are constantly being received at the Central Office, N. Y. City.

Price 25 cents a box, with full directions, and Family packages at $1, (in which is much saving.)

J. B. Hanna, Fort Wayne, having been appointed general agent, will supply this celebrated medicine, wholesale and retail, on the same terms as at the Central Office.

June 13, 1848. y9

Read the following testimony from W. W. Stevens, principal of the Classical & Commercial Academy, Fort Wayne, Ind.:

"Having had repeated opportunities for the last fourteen years of witnessing the great benefits various persons have derived from the use of Doctor Ralph's Pills, and knowing Doctor I. Ralph to be a graduate of the University of Edinburg, a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, and of the Medical College of the State of New York; also a Physician of *Long Extensive and successful Practice*, I cordially recommend said Pills to all who may be afflicted with diseases for which the Pills are recommended, believing they will perform all that is promised for them if the directions for using them be strictly followed.

W. W. STEVENS.

Fort Wayne, July, 1848.

"DEAR SIR: In compliance with your request I would state that I have used Doctor Ralph's Pills in my family for something like ten years, and am satisfied that they are an excellent family Medicine. I have no doubt but that the use of them has at different times saved myself and family much sickness and expense.

HUGH MILLER."

To J. B. HANNA.

The above Pills can be had at wholesale of J. B. HANNA, General Agent at Fort Wayne.

They are also sold at retail by A. B. Miller, Edgington's E. D. Bartlett & Co., La Grange Centre; C. R. Walker, Fort Wayne; DeFrees, Wolf Lake; Peter Hetler Eel River; Robert Dykes, Ontario; J. N. Alderman, May's Mills; L. S. Bayless, Bayless's Mills.

WANTED, 10,000 Bushels Wheat, 10,000 Flax Seed, an fancy kind of merchantable produce. We will buy, and pay the highest price in CASH. HILL, WILSON & Co

DRESS GOODS.—A magnificent assortment of rich and beautiful DRESS SILKS, &c. every shade. B. MASON.

Notice to Farmers and PRODUCE DEALERS.

THE undersigned having leased the well known CITY MILLS, in Fort Wayne, in co-partnership by *Hamilton & Williams*, take this method of saying to all interested that they are prepared and ready to Flour promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find no one more Ready to attend to it than for the purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* on all times for sale.

CASH Paid for WHEAT at the Highest Rates.

HOAGLAND, COMSTECK, & CO.

Ft. Wayne, Aug. 23d, 1847. 1y8

Just Received.

THIS day a fresh lot of Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture. Those who have used this medicine can testify to its qualities better than we can by advertising two or three columns of nonsense. For sale by

A. B. MILLER,
Sole agent for Fort Wayne.

April 29, 1848.

THE First and Second Book of History for Children and Youth, for sale by

April 29th, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

PURE LIQUORS.

A Fresh supply of Pure Liquors for Medical use, consisting of Brandy, Gin, Port, Madeira, and Tenerifee WINES, for sale at

WALKER'S Drug Store.

CASH FOR WHEAT AT NEW HAVEN.

A. B. MILLER will pay the highest Wayne price for WHEAT delivered at his warehouse at New Haven Allen Co. Indiana

JUST received, a splendid lot of CONFECTIONARY. Also, Fruits, Nuts, &c.

June 3. J. A. COLERICK.

CITRON, a fine article, just received by

June 3 J. A. COLERICK.

TAMARINDS just received.

J. A. COLERICK.

SALAD OIL, pure and fresh.

J. A. COLERICK.

STATIONERY.

200 Reams Cap Paper; 10,000 Quills 100 Letter " also a large stock of note and Fancy paper for sale by

C. R. WALKER.

THE latest spring Styles of PRINTS and DRESS GOODS, for sale at low prices by

C. R. WALKER.

WOODEN WARE, Willow Waggons, & Widow Cradles—splendid articles for sale by A. B. MILLER.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.—The largest and best variety in town, for sale by

May 27, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

PRINCIPE, Havanna, and Lump CIGARS for sale by J. A. COLERICK.

COD FISH & HERRING—Wholesale or Retail. J. A. COLERICK.

PURE SPERM OIL, for Lamps, one dollar per gallon. J. A. COLERICK.

NO 1, 2, and 3 Mackerel, an excellent article by the barrel or retail.

March 15, 1848. J. A. COLERICK.

DOUBLE REFINED LOAF SUGAR—For sale by the quantity or retail.

March 15, 1848. J. A. COLERICK.

WRAPPING PAPER from Hamin, Yandes & Williams' Paper Mill, Lafayette,—all sizes—in store and for sale at Manufacturer's prices by J. B. HANNA.

200 Lbs. Sp. Fl. INDIGO for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

800 Lbs. Tartavic Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale by H. B. REED.

300 Lbs. CLOVES. Also 100 lbs. CASSIA, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

FISH OIL, Tanners Oil, and Neat's Foot Oil, by the Bbl. or gallon.

H. B. REED.

SPELLING BOOKS—Webster's and McGuffey's Elementary, for sale wholesale and retail at WALKER'S

May 13, 1848. New Book Store.

FRENCH PERFUMERY—A fresh supply just received at WALKER'S.

1847. 1848.

JOS. J. & D. F. COMPARET,

Storage, Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

At the foot of Columbia and Lafayette streets,

FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

Refer to

Suydam Sage & Co., New York.
Collins Brown & Co., Toledo, O.
Brownlee Brown & Co., " "
G. S. Hazard, Buffalo, N. Y.
H. McCulloch, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Henry R. Colerick, " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
15f Allen Hamilton, " "

WINDOW GLASS.—Received per Canal Boat Erie 100 Boxes Window Glass of all sizes and of the best Brands at a very small advance of the manufacturers prices

B. B. REED

HIGHLY IMPORTANT—Gent's White Kid and Silk Gloves—an indispensable article on certain *interesting occasions*. Just rec'd. by

Sept. 8. MRS. DYKES.

Storage and Forwarding.

THE Subscribers having a large and commodious WAREHOUSE, are ready at all times, to attend to business in that line, on reasonable terms.

E. D. BARTLETT.

NEW Fashions FOR Fall and Winter.

MISS WELLS has just received from New York her NEW FASHIONS, BONNETS, and GOODS, and is now prepared to

Cut and Make Dresses and Cloaks

in the latest style for the season. All kinds of BONNETS made to order, and Tuscan and Straw Hats *Cleaned* and *Repaired* in the best manner. She flatters herself from past experience, and the liberal patronage received, that he can continue to give good satisfaction. All kinds of Bonnets kept on hand, such as Velvet, Plush, Satin and every kind of Silk; Straw and Leghorn Hats, very cheap. Also a great variety of *Plumes, Winter and Field Flowers, Ribands, Laces, Gloves, Head Dresses, Caps, Collars, and many other Fancy Articles;*

besides a great variety of *rich and cheap SILKS for Dresses.* The Ladies will please call and see for themselves.

Shop on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller.

Fort Wayne, November 4, 1848.

MENS & BOYS' CAPS—A splendid assortment of Men's and Boys' Caps will be sold low prices at A. B. MILLER'S.

HATS! HATS!!—A few fashionable white Hats will be sold as low as the can be got in New York at retail; call at A. B. Miller, Niagara Store, and see for yourselves

CALICOES a rich and fashionable assortment from 6d. to 25c., for sale by

Nov. 13. E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

COTTON YARNS.—Long skein of all numbers, for sale by

Oct. 23. BARNETT & NELSON.

MUSLINS.—Good and wide Muslin for 6½ cts. per yard at B. MASON'S.

SHAWLS.—A splendid lot of White Crape, Silk, Barage, and other fashionable Shawls just received, and offered very cheap

May 6 B. MASON.

LADIES' and Children's SHOES, Gaiters, and Slippers—all sorts and sizes—just received by B. MASON.

BONNET TRIMMINGS.—Just received a superb and fashionable assortment of Ribbons, Artificials, and other Trimmings.

May 6. B. MASON.

TANNERS OIL.—A large supply of Tanner's Oil can always be found at the Niagara Store, where it will be sold on the lowest figure. A. B. MILLER.

HEMLOCK TANNED, Spanish Sole Leather, &c. constantly on hand at the Niagara Store, and sold at the lowest market rates, by A. B. MILLER.

Seasoned Lumber.

A. B. Miller is receiving a choice lot of Seasoned Poplar or White Wood Lumber from his Mills in Noble County, and has now on hand a few thousand feet of Siding.

Persons desiring such lumber will please call on the Niagara Store.

A. B. MILLER.

Fort Wayne, June 12, 1848.

Fire Engine and Carding Machine FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having become appointed agent for an extensive manufactory of Fire Engines, Carding Machines &c. is prepared to fill all orders that may be given him. The engines and machines are warranted, and will be affixed of any size and power. He sells on a liberal credit, or at a discount for cash. Inquire at the "Indiana Land and Tax Agency," Calhoun st.

June 1 (48) JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

EXPRESS.

Leo Woolen Factory.

HAVING erected and furnished a large WOOLEN FACTORY at HAMILTON'S MILLS, on *the little St. Joseph river*, in Cedar Creek Township, Allen County, Indiana and fitted the same with a superior new double

Carding Machine

of the most approved kind, I am prepared to card all the wool that is brought to me in a good and proper manner, and warrant all the work to be well done.

Wool can be left in Fort Wayne at the store of JAMES M. HAMILTON, and the rolls will be returned there promptly in good order and proper condition without any charge.

Wool and all kinds of Country Produce taken in pay for carding, not refusing the *dimes* when convenient.

People coming from a distance can have their wool carded immediately.

Fulling, Dyeing, & Cloth Dressing

done in the best workmanlike manner. All work done by me is warranted to be done in a proper workmanlike manner.

JAMES ENSEY.

May 13, 1848. 1146,

FRESH GROCERIES.

MRS. DYKES has just received a stock of fine fresh Family Groceries—Teas, Coffee, Sugar, Crushed, and Now Orleans Sugar, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, &c. Candies, Oranges, Figs, &c. Children's Toys, Marbles, &c. All of which will be sold at reduced prices.

May 6, 1848

WHITE CRAPE LISSE,—Just the article for Veils. Call in and get before it is all gone. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Have You Heard the News? HILL, WILSON & CO'S

GOODS HAVE ARRIVED!!!!

COMPRISING a large and complete assortment well adapted to the wants of the country, consisting in part of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Bonnets, &c.

We can *Without Boasting*, say that our Stock is as large and well assorted as any in town, and we will sell as low as can be purchased elsewhere. We may be outdone in bragging, but cannot be *undersold*.

Country Merchants wishing to purchase are requested to look at our stock before making their purchases as we feel confident we can make it an inducement for them to call.

HILL, WILSON, & CO.

Sept. 30, 1848.

Fancy Bread, Biscuit and Cake BAKERY.

B. SAUNDERS returns thanks to his friends for the liberal patronage bestowed on him, and respectfully informs the public that he has entered into a partnership with J. F. COOMBES, an experienced *Fancy Baker and Pastry Cook*, and that in addition to the sale of Groceries, they will hereafter carry on the

Fancy Baking, Pastry Cook, and Confectionary Business.

and will keep on hand a general stock of French Twists, Cottage Loaves, Gingerbread, Chelsea Buns, Fancy, American, Union, and Lemon Biscuits; Queen's Drops; Brighton Rocks, Sea Biscuit, Buns, Crackers, &c. &c.

Or